

WEATHER FORECAST.
Fair tonight and Thursday.
Colder tonight.

ESTABLISHED 1878

BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1923

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

HOLLAND PROTESTS COAL SEIZURES

BOTH HOUSES COMPLETE "OWN BILLS" GRIND

GET IN UNDER WIRE IN DRIVE IN LAST DAYS

Senate Disposes of All Senate Bills; and House of All House Bills

GRAIN BILL IS LOST

Senate and House Take Opposition Stands on Pool Hall Inspection Law

MILL BILL PASSED

The senate this morning passed a bill providing for a board of managers for the Grand Forks mill and elevator by a vote of 26 to 21. Since this bill does not amend an initiated law as did a previous bill creating a board of managers, but amends the mill and elevator law, it is claimed a two-thirds vote is not required. The vote for passage was 26 to 21. The senate passed S. B. 260, which gave the North Dakota Wheat Growers Association, drawn to prohibit stored grain from being shipped out of elevators but amended so as not to cause congestion in country elevators and so it applies more particularly to the Grand Forks terminal elevator.

The senate passed S. B. 45 amended to provide that state highways building for the next two years shall be confined to projects already contracted but stating the act should not be construed as a declaration of federal aid.

The senate reconsidered and amended S. B. 263 to provide that women may be employed more than eight hours a day in case of emergency, such as a nurse being on a case at hotel or restaurant banquets, during legislative session, and court cases providing the employment should not be more than forty-eight hours in one week.

Both houses of the state legislature today finished under the wire in time to come under the "own bills" rule which requires each house to dispose of bills originating there by the fifth legislative day. The time limit expired at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

For the last ten days the house will devote itself to senate bills and the senate to house bills. The number of bills passed in either house indicates a mass of legislation will result from the present session.

The senate, in a night session last night to clean up important business, failed to enact the administration bill changing the judicial system and to correct provisions which were thought to be unconstitutional. The bill received a vote of 26 to 21, the division being on party lines, it failing because a two-thirds vote was required.

House and senate divided on the pool hall inspection law. The senate last night, by a vote of 30 to 18, voted for an out and out repeal of the law. The house, which had defeated a bill to this end, passed house bill No. 206, which retains the law, provides for enforcement officers under the attorney-general and provides 70 percent of the funds collected shall be returned to cities and villages.

The Good Roads Association program was boosted in the senate, which passed the bill for submission to voters. People are anxious to have a good road law for a system of roads, built and maintained by the state. It also passed senate bill No. 44 providing for an appointive highway commission of three members. The bill providing all motor vehicle funds shall go to the state was expected to be defeated.

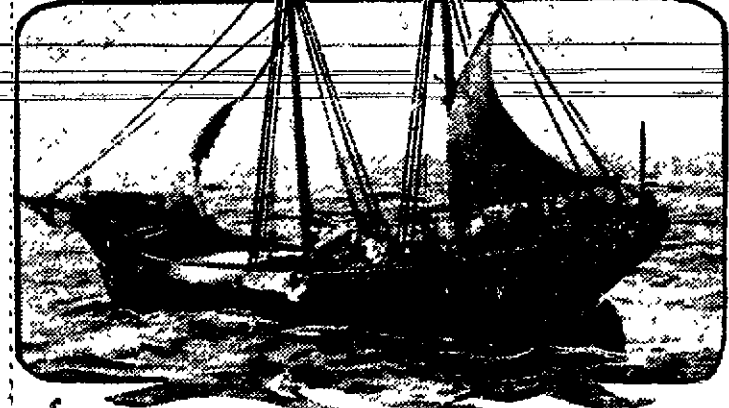
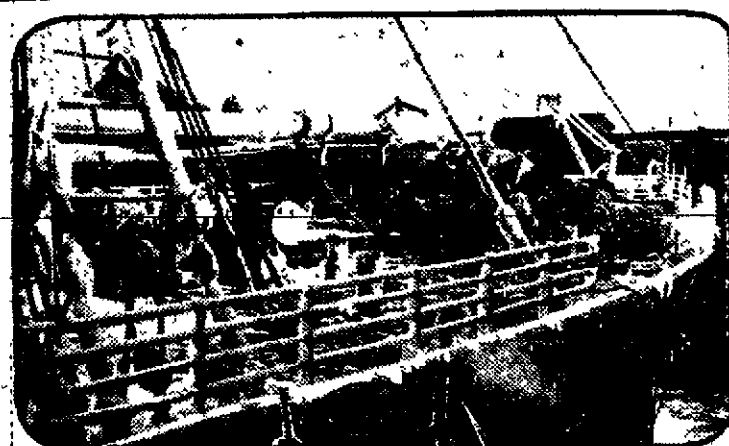
The house had passed several bridge bills, including appropriation of \$100,000 to help build a bridge across the Red River at Fargo, \$86,500 to help build a bridge across the Missouri river near Williston a \$65,000 to help pay for a bridge across the Red River in Walsh county. A bill to help build a bridge across Des Lacs Lake. These bills would eat up the \$200,000 allowed to be used from motor vehicle funds for bridge aid.

The senate passed a bill restoring the duty of inspecting weights and measures to the sheriffs. The house passed the important tax limitation law and companion tax measures.

Passed H. B. 312 the reapportionment bill which changes several legislative districts, passed by a vote of 56 to 55 with discussion confined to an explanation by Rep. Johnson of Trail county, that the reapportionment would

(Continued on Page Three)

OH, FOR A LIFE AT SEA!



Danger! Mystery! Thrill! It's all in the day's work for the men who ply the seas. Above the ice-covered S. S. Mongolia slowly making her way into port after a stormy trip across the Atlantic. Center: "mystery ship" of the bootleg fleet partly dismantled after a storm off Sandy Hook. Its crew was saved from death by the timely passing of the liner "Vasar." Below: the S. S. Sagua, which caught fire at her pier in Hoboken, N. J., is shown tearing from her mooring and drifting down the North river.

DEFENDANTS IN CASSELTON CASE GUILTY

Jury Out For Several Hours in Assault and Battery Trial

Fargo, Feb. 21.—Sentence of George and Ed, Nesemier, brothers, of Casselton, who were found guilty by a jury in district court late last night on charges of assault in connection with mistreatment of Walter Corcoran on the night of Jan. 4 will be pronounced Saturday afternoon.

The jury retired for deliberation at 3:45 o'clock yesterday and brought its verdict at 1 a. m. George Nesemier was found guilty of assault and battery and Ed Nesemier of assault.

Both men were arrested after Corcoran had complained that he had been severely beaten by three men who rode up on horses and dragged him from a sleigh in which he was riding with a girl companion.

Defendants denied that they had mistreated Corcoran. The incident is alleged to have happened near the Roy Johnson farm where the girl lived. During the testimony it was shown that the defendants showed that they objected to Corcoran staying at the Johnson home while the Johnsons were away. When Johnsons were away a sister of the girl stayed at the Johnson home. Mention of the Ku Klux Klan was made during the trial several times. But all defendants denied any connection with it.

A second case against Joe Erdmeir is pending.

SEEK GIRL FOR MURDER

Los Angeles, Feb. 21.—"His Quaker girl," as Earle Remington electrical engineer, was said to have termed her was sought today by police detectives trying to find the person of persons who shot him down in his doorway last Thursday night.

IMMIGRATION WILL BE OPEN FORUM TOPIC

Association of Commerce To Give Second Event, Tuesday, Feb. 27

PROMINENT SPEAKERS

Affair to be Held in Conjunction with Local Realtors and Land Men

Immigration and agricultural

needs of Burleigh county will form the topics of discussion of the second and open forum of the Association of Commerce. Arrangements have been made for a banquet at the Grand Pacific hotel, Tuesday, Feb. 27 at 7:30 P. M., in conjunction with the Bismarck Immigration Association composed largely of Burleigh county realtors and land men.

Every member of the Association is urged to attend and make this forum as truly representative of the membership as possible. This forum will serve also to introduce to the membership Mr. Bradley, the new secretary, who has many problems before him and is seeking the earnest cooperation of every member of the new association. He has met many of the members to date but is anxious to make the attendance next Tuesday evening as nearly 100 percent as is humanly possible.

Acceptances to attend the forum have been received from all the members of the Immigration Association as well as from H. W. Byerly, general immigration agent of the Northern Pacific and H. S. Fungsten, immigration agent of the Soo. These men are experts in their line and will discuss the best methods to be used in getting settlers on Burleigh county acres as well as on land adjoining and part of the trade territory of Bismarck.

It is conceded that one of the greatest projects in the program of the Association of Commerce is attracting settlers to his section. Burleigh county has room for hundreds of more families and some of the finest land that can be found anywhere for dairying, raising of poultry and stock generally is available. The new Association of Commerce plans to give the greatest cooperation possible by working through state and federal departments, as well as in conjunction with the railroads, North Dakota and federal agencies. Ways and means doubtless will be discussed to get greater publicity for the advantages of this section whose main business is agriculture and whose prosperity rests primarily upon that venture.

In view of better business conditions throughout the Northwest, now is believed the logical time to go after more settlers. Inquiries are being received by the local real estate men and they predict an active year.

States adjoining North Dakota are engaged in intensive campaigns twelve months in the year to get new settlers and the Missouri Slope, it is urged, is more vitally interested in such a movement than any other section as it has much idle land at low prices for the thrifty farmer who may be renting back east and seeks here to build for himself independence and a good income.

Diversification is being preached by all agencies engaged in promoting the immigration movement. This subject will be emphasized at the forum next Tuesday.

MOHALL PLANS TO REBUILD

Minot, Feb. 21.—Undaunted by the \$50,000 fire which swept away a large portion of the business section of Mohall, citizens of that city already are making plans for replacing the destroyed structures with buildings which will make for a better city, according to Milton Jensen of Mohall, county agent of Renville county, who is in Minot today attending to business matters. Only four buildings remain in the business block which was destroyed Friday by a blaze which nearly got beyond control of the fire fighters, due to the strong wind which was blowing from the northwest.

"The future looks good, if expressions by Mohall business men can be taken as an indication," asserted the Renville county agent today.

CONVICTED OF ASSAULT.

Williston, N. D., Feb. 21.—A jury in district court here found Jake Gorden, guilty of assault with a dangerous weapon, with intent to rob. The crime was alleged to have been committed against A. Yager of Culbertson, Mont., who was hit over the head with a billiard ball concealed

Portugese Pretender Dies in America

New York, Feb. 21.—Prince Miguel De Braganza, eldest son of Don Miguel De Branza, pretender to the throne of Portugal died here today of double pneumonia.

His marriage to a Miss Stewart was solemnized in Dublin in 1909 after the late Emperor Joseph of Austria had raised the bride to the title of princess.

The prince, who was 45 years old came to this country to make a living by selling insurance for a firm controlled by relative of his wife, who was Miss Anita Stewart of New York.

At the time of the wedding it was generally reported that the bride received a gift of \$2,000,000 from her mother, Mrs. James Henry, Smith who was divorced from Wm. Rhineland Stewart. Three children were born to them, Princess Elizabeth, 11, Princess Jean, 10, and Prince Miguel, age 7.

The Prince was born at Reichenau, Austria, and carried the title of Duke Viseu, which was given him by his father who is still alive.

STIFF LIMIT LAW ON TAXES PASSES HOUSE

Tax Committee Redrafts Law to Hold Down Counties, Cities, Schools

MUST VOTE FOR MONEY

Tax Limit Can Be Increased in This Manner—Claim Schools Are Hit

PASS LIMITATION BILL.
H. B. 131, the tax limitation law, was passed by the house this morning, 63 to 45, with five absent. The bill affects all tax levies except irrigation or drainage taxes, special assessments, levies applying to bonded indebtedness, grasshopper and gopher pest levies. The house also passed H. B. 129, providing for making of short-time loans by taxing districts and putting them on a cash basis, 58 to 19, with six absent. The house killed H. B. 246, raising weights, scales and measures 100 per cent.

A re-written tax limitation law, stiffer than the original house bill No. 131, was presented to the house of representatives by J. A. Jardine, chairman of the tax committee, the report of that committee accepted with but one amendable amendment and the bill sent to the calendar for final passage without going through general orders.

Protest made by Rep. Stark and Rep. Maddock that the limitation bill would cripple many school districts were met by denials of the statements and declarations on the part of supporters that if officials can't keep their taxing districts within the limitation law, to let them go to the people for a vote.

The limitation of tax levies as provided in the bill follow:
Villages limited to 10 mills on dollar on net taxable valuation after all exemptions are deducted.
Cities limited to 14 mills.
Townships to five mills.

School districts to 12 mills, except where two years high school work is given, 14 mills; four years high school work, 16 mills; four years high school work and night school, 18 mills; consolidated school districts, 14 mills.

Park districts, 2 mills.
Counties, 21-2 mills provided in unorganized townships county commissioners may levy 3 mills for road purposes.

May Exceed on Vote.
Any county, village or school district may exceed these limits, on a majority vote at an election which may be held at the time of any primary or school election, or the governing boards may call special elections, but such elections must be called prior to September 1 each year in which the levies are to be made. The question shall be submitted in substantially the following form: "shall this district exceed the tax limitation law by so much."

The tax committee has provided a 60 per cent vote was necessary to carry an election exceeding the debt limit, but this was reduced to a majority vote by the house. The bill provides that if the auditor makes levies in excess of the limitations he shall forfeit not more than \$1,000, and if the violation be wilful he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and also forfeit his office.

Reports from both the tax commissioner's office and the office of the state superintendent were read in

(Continued on Page Three)

BANK DEPOSITS INCREASED BY TEN MILLION

State Institutions and Trust Companies Reflect Healthy Condition

RESERVES ARE DOUBLED

Total Deposits December 29 Amount to More Than 95 Millions

State banks and trust companies in

North Dakota during the past calendar year increased their total deposits over \$10,000,000; deposits subject to check over \$7,000,000 and in the same period almost doubled their reserve, the latter increase being more than \$5,000,000, according to a report of conditions of these institutions made public by the state banking department.

In addition the bank built up reserve of more than \$6,000,000, loans and discounts increased by a trifle over \$1,000,000. Total deposits on December 29, 1922, date of report, was \$95,499,221.41. Reserves amounted to \$14,152,649.94 on the same date.

Deposits in North Dakota State banks on Dec. 29, 1922 were ten million dollars higher than on a similar date a year previous.

The increase is shown in the abstract of statements of state banks and trust companies for the call of Dec. 29, 1922, issued today from the office of Gilbert Semington, state examiner.

The statement shows that deposits on Dec. 31, 1921 were \$85,488,657.37; on Sept. 15, 1922 were \$92,638,725.19 and on Dec. 29, 1922 had grown to \$95,499,221.41.

There also is shown a big increase in the reserve of banks. Total reserve on Dec. 29 was \$14,152,649.94. Reserve required was \$7,729,477.35, so that the surplus reserve is shown to be \$6,423,172.59. The reserve increased almost three million dollars between last September 15 and last December 29.

Compared with the statement of Sept. 15, 1922, the statement of Dec. 29, 1922, shows the following increases or decreases in resources:

Increases—Warrants, stocks, bonds etc., \$632,871.12; government issues \$201,208.51; other real estate \$565,699.47; due from approved reserve agents \$2,633,070.14; due from other banks \$240,975.30; cash items \$131,096.82.

Decreases—Loans and discounts, \$4,768,494.82; overdrafts, \$172,691.09; banking house fixtures \$30,418.90; current expenses, \$1,067,001.14; cash on hand \$54,744.15.

The statement is one of the best issued for state banks as a whole in a considerable period.

FILIBUSTER ON SHIPPING BILL IS CONTINUED

Senate Prepares For Long Session to Block Administration Measure

Washington, Feb. 21.—Presenting unbroken ranks and armed with more material for continuing their campaign of talk and more talk the senate opponents of the administration shipping bill resumed today their filibuster with no end in sight.

Senator Reed, Democrat, of Missouri started the filibuster off for the day, resuming delivery of his address in support of his resolution to direct the president to enter into negotiations with Great Britain and France to purchase certain of their Caribbean possessions.

He had hauled forth the two maps with which with pointer in hand in schoolmaster style he had been illustrating his speech.

Sen. Johnson, Republican, of Washington, in charge of the shipping bill met the resumption of the filibuster with the statement that he would carry on the fight; that he would insist on another night session lasting as long as possible and that all kinds of strategy would be employed to meet this filibuster.

Recess taken last night at 11 o'clock after a twelve and a half hour session allowed the senators to get a fair night of sleep and the one who answered to quorum call seemed refreshed, including Sen. Shepard Democrat, of Texas, who yielded the floor at 6 o'clock last evening after having spoken continuously for more than six hours and in all but 11 hours.

Minot Term to Follow Bismarck

Fargo, Feb. 21.—United States Judge Andrew Miller has called terms of federal courts for Bismarck and Minot. The Bismarck term will begin on March 6 and the Minot term, an adjourned one, on March 30.

Jack Knight, held in the Cass county jail on indictment charging him with violating the Prohibition act, will be tried at the Minot term, it was announced.

Judge Miller will remain in Fargo for several days to hear several minor cases which will be considered in chambers.

RURAL CREDIT ASSOCIATION IS ADVOCATED

President Coulter of A. C. Suggests Building Loan Companies For Farmers

LUMBER IS DISCUSSED

More Than 100 Delegates in Session at Fargo Today

Fargo, Feb. 21.—Building and Loan associations established in the rural districts to supply farmers with credit with which to buy lumber and building material was suggested here today by Dr. John Lee Coulter, President of the State Agricultural College, before the annual meeting of the North Dakota State Lumbermen in session here.

This plan, according to Dr. Coulter, would permit the farmer to pay cash for his lumber and building supplies and at the same time extend his obligations over a period of years while relieving the lumber dealer of any embarrassment caused by lending credit.

Dr. Coulter said the lumber man must plan an important part in the promotion of orderly marketing and of diversified farming in North Dakota, since both programs call for the building of granaries, new barns and sheds for dairy and other purposes.

The Agricultural College, he declared, hoped next year to employ a man prepared to discuss with farmers and lumber men the best type of lumber for farm buildings.

The college president made a plea for diversified farming and pointed out how many of its obstacles be overcome.

More than 100 retail lumber men are in attendance at the convention, which closes today.

FIREMAN IS THROWN FROM MOVING TRAIN

Escapes With Serious Injuries in Unusual Railroad Accident

Carrington, N. D., Feb. 21.—Vernie Seibert, fireman on Soo train No. 107, was blown from his platform out onto the right of way 25 feet while the train was making 45 miles an hour four miles southeast of Carrington Monday night. The crown sheet over the fire box—the heavy steel plate secured by stay bolts—was ripped by a four-foot gash and steam and water from the boiler rushed with such a force into the fire box that Seibert was blown off the engine. He escaped with a bruised back and face and a cut in the lip that took two stitches to bring together.

Hearing a crash like a cannon roar, Engineer Roy Vance instinctively closed the throttle and put on the emergency air brakes, bringing the heavy train to a stop in one car length less than the train length. When he applied the air brakes he did not know what had happened but figured either the boiler had given way or the trucks under the engine had crumbled. Before the train had come to a stop but after doing all in his power to stop the swiftly travelling train, he started to go out the cab through the front window, expecting to leap for his life if the trucks were gone. He soon found that the engine was going smoothly on the rails and returned into the cab.

As soon as the train was stopped, search was started for Seibert and he was found almost unconscious 25 feet to the side of the train and about even with the rear coach, his place determining how quickly the train had been brought to a stop.

Seibert, when blown from the engine through the air, struck the ground very close to a big stone. He landed on the heavily crusted snow and plowed a furrow through it some distance.

Seibert, when blown from the engine through the air, struck the ground very close to a big stone. He landed on the heavily crusted snow and plowed a furrow through it some distance.

Seibert, when blown from the engine through the air, struck the ground very close to a big stone. He landed on the heavily crusted snow and plowed a furrow through it some distance.

GERMANS IN STRONG NOTE TO BRITISH

Protest Against French Plan of Expulsion of Government Officials

THE STRIKES CONTINUE

Berlin Authorities Seek to Bring About Understanding With Invaders

Paris, Feb. 21.—A protest from Holland against the interruption of coal deliveries from the Ruhr district is of some before the reparations commission next Wednesday.

The Dutch had contracts which the Germans failed to fulfill or failed to fill regularly after the occupation of the Ruhr by the French and Belgians and it is said in some cases shipments for Holland were seized by Germans and diverted to the interior of Germany.

UTTERS STRONG PROTEST

Berlin, Feb. 21.—In its latest note to the British, French and Belgian governments and the Rhineland commission at Coblenz the German government utters a strong protest against the expulsion of President Schulz of the Rhine provinces, who as his right and sacred duty objected to orders of the inter-allied Rhineland commission and which were not based on the Rhine agreement.

The note also protests against expulsion of German officials from the occupied area.

The expulsions are characterized as brutal. The note says the officials were arrested and immediately sent away. Members of their families also were expelled "which denotes special cruelty as in view of the well known housing shortage the expelled families will be unable for years again to conduct their households in their own homes."

"In many instances," the note continues, "their furniture has been taken over by the occupied forces."

STRIKE IS WEAPON

Duesseldorf, Feb. 21.—The conclusion of the French occupation finds the French resorting to almost exclusively to expulsions in their efforts to impress upon the Germans that the orders of General Doyotte must be obeyed.

The Germans in turn have adopted the protest strike as the most effective way of expressing their indignation.

The expulsion of Burgomaster Cotting of Duesseldorf following closely upon the removal of Dr. Gruetznar caused a sensation and resulted in the walkout of most of the workers in this city.

Only the street railway men and the employees of power plants were on duty last evening. At Mayence the arrest of the director of the post and telegraph was followed promptly by a walkout of employees in the service and troops took over the building.

Several railway officials in the Mayence area have received jail sentences of from 10 to 60 days for encouraging strikes and for disobeying the orders of the occupation authorities.

Advices from Essen assert that General Fournier intends to police the Ruhr and municipal forces and has ordered the dissolution of the police.

The French have expelled the mayor of Dortmund for refusing to carry out orders.

URGENT DIPLOMACY

Paris, Feb. 21.—The French government has learned that Berlin authorities have instructed German officials in Rhineland to adopt a prudent course and endeavor to come to an understanding with the French authorities it was said today in official circles. Instructions are interpreted as an indication that the German government is discovering that the expulsion of German functionaries on the west bank of the Rhine has affected its own prestige and that it is afraid of the effect it might have in provoking the separatist movement. It is understood that instructions were given especially to officials in the Rhineland and do not apply to those in the Ruhr. This action following the speech made by Former Chancellor Wirth in which he declared resistance in the Ruhr was not advisable and asked for favorable negotiations.

MILTON EDITOR DEAD.

Milton N. D., Feb. 21.—W. L. Botton, 62 editor of the Milton Globe died at his home here of Bright's disease. After several years in the newspaper business in Iowa, he moved to New Rockford, N. D. From there he moved to Milton in 1916. He was a Mason and member of M. W. A. Funeral services were held at New Rockford. His widow and a daughter survive.

HOLLAND PROTESTS COALS SEIZURES

BOTH HOUSES COMPLETE "OWN BILLS" GRIND

GET IN UNDER WIRE IN DRIVE IN LAST DAYS

Senate Disposes of All Senate Bills; and House of All House Bills

GRAIN BILL IS LOST

Senate and House Take Opposition Stands on Pool Hall Inspection Law

MILL BILL PASSED.
The senate this morning passed S. B. 261, providing for a board of managers for the Grand Forks mill and elevator by a vote of 26 to 21. Since this bill does not amend an initiated law and a previous bill creating a board of managers, but amends the mill and elevator law, it is claimed a two-thirds vote is not required. The vote for passage was 26 to 21. The senate passed S. B. 260, sought by the North Dakota Wheat Growers Association, drawn to prohibit stored grain from being shipped out of elevators but amended so as not to cause congestion in country elevators and so it applies more particularly to the Grand Forks terminal elevator.
The senate passed S. B. 45 amended to provide that state highways building for the next two years shall be confined to projects already contracted but stating the act should not be construed as a declaration of federal aid.
The senate reconsidered and amended S. B. 363 to provide that women may be employed more than eight hours a day in case of emergency such as a nurse being on a case, at hotel or restaurant banquets, during legislative session, and court cases providing the employment should not be more than forty-eight hours in one week.

Both houses of the state legislature today finished under the wire in time to come under the "own bills" rule which requires each house to dispose of bills originating there by the fifth legislative day. The time limit expired at 2 o'clock this afternoon.
For the last ten days the house will devote itself to senate bills and the senate to house bills. The number of bills passed in either house indicates a mass of legislation will result from the present session.

The senate, in a night session last night to clean up important business, failed to enact the administration bill changing the initiated grain grading law to correct provisions which were thought to be unconstitutional. The bill received a vote of 26 to 21, the division being on party lines, it failing because a two-thirds vote was required.

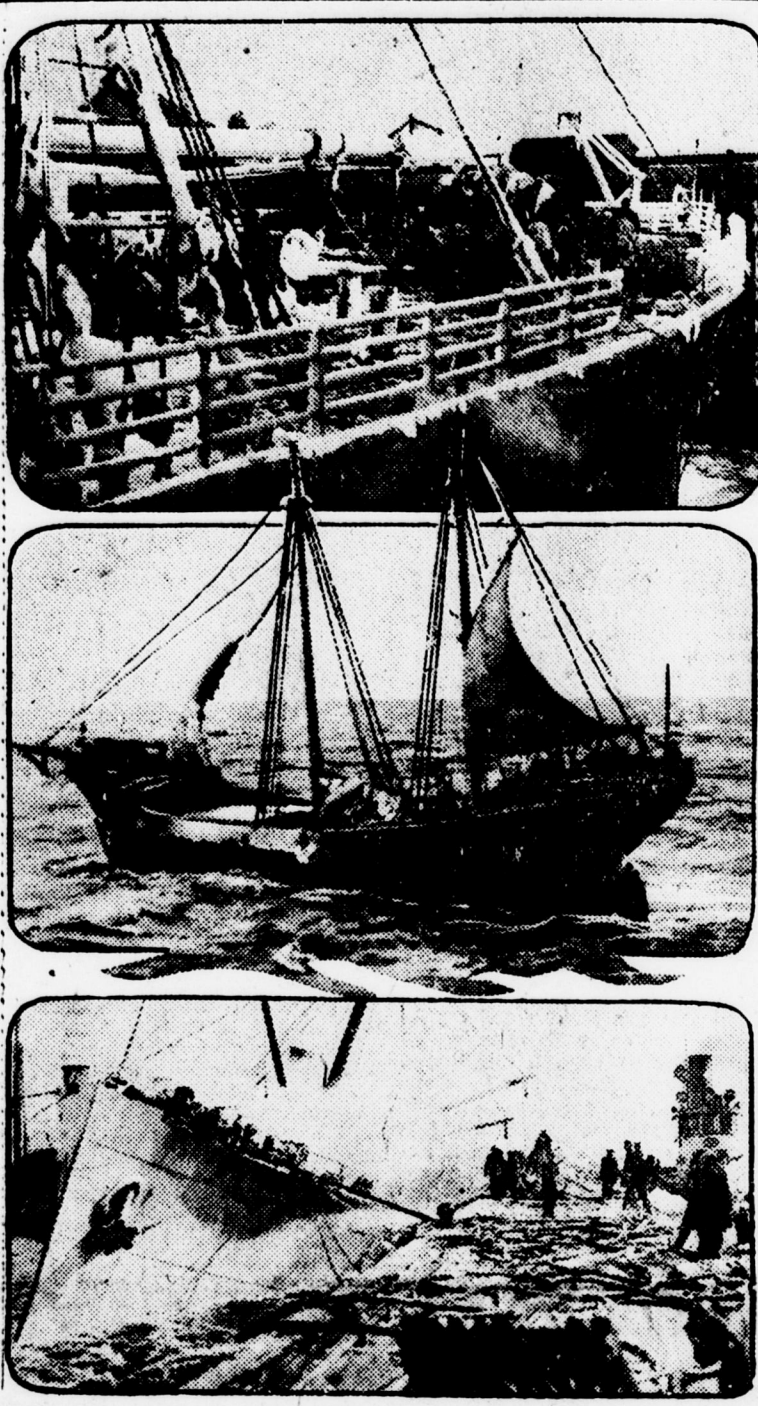
House and senate divided on the pool hall inspection law. The senate last night, by a vote of 30 to 18, voted for an out and out repeal of the law. The house, which had defeated a bill to this end, passed house bill No. 206, which retains the law, provides for enforcement officers under the attorney-general and provides 70 percent of the funds collected shall be returned to cities and villages.

Road Bills Noted
The Good Roads Association program was boosted in the senate, which passed the bill for submission to vote of the people a constitutional amendment providing for a system of roads, built and maintained by the state. It also passed senate bill No. 44 providing for an appointive highway commission of three members. The bill providing all motor vehicle funds shall go to the state was expected to be defeated.

The house had passed several bridge bills, including appropriation of \$100,000 to help build a bridge across the Red River at Fargo, \$85,500 to help build a bridge across the Missouri river near Williston a \$3,500 to help pay for a bridge across the Red River in Walsh county a bill to help build a bridge across Des Lacs Lake. The house passed the important tax limitation law and companion tax measures.

Passed H. B. 312, the reapportionment bill which changes several legislative districts, passed by a vote of 58 to 55 with discussion confined to an explanation by Rep. Johnson of Trail county, that the reapportionment would
(Continued on Page Three)

OH, FOR A LIFE AT SEA!



Danger! Mystery! Thrill! It's all in the day's work for the men who ply the seas. Above: the ice-covered S. S. Mongolia slowly making her way into port after a stormy trip across the Atlantic. Center: "mystery ship" of the bootleg fleet partly dismantled after a storm off Sandy Hook. It's crew was saved from death by the timely passing of the liner "Vesuvius." Below: the S. S. Sagua, which caught fire at her pier in Hoboken, N. J., is shown tearing from her mooring and drifting down the North river.

DEFENDANTS IN CASSELTON CASE GUILTY

Jury Out For Several Hours in Assault and Battery Trial

Fargo, Feb. 21.—Sentence of George and Ed. Nesemier, brothers of Casselton, who were found guilty by a jury in district court late last night on charges of assault in connection with mistreatment of Walter Corcoran on the night of Jan. 4 will be pronounced Saturday afternoon.
The jury retired for deliberation at 3:45 o'clock yesterday and brought in its verdict at 1 a. m. George Nesemier was found guilty of assault and battery and Ed. Nesemier of assault.
Both men were arrested after Corcoran had complained that he had been severely beaten by three men who rode up on horses and dragged him from a sleigh in which he was riding with a girl companion.
Defendants denied that they had mistreated Corcoran. The incident is alleged to have happened near the Roy Johnson farm where the girl lived. During the testimony it was shown that the defendants showed that they objected to Corcoran staying at the Johnson home while the Johnsons were away. When Johnson's away was a sister of the girl staying at the Johnson home. Mention of the Ku Klux Klan was made during the trial several times. But all defendants denied any connection with it.
A second case against Joe Erdmeir is pending.

SEEK GIRL FOR MURDER

Los Angeles, Feb. 21.—"His Quaker girl," as Earle Remington electrical engineer, was said to have termed her, was sought today by police detectives trying to find the person of persons who shot him down in his doorway last Thursday night.

SUPREME COURT TERM DATE SET

The regular March term of the supreme court will open March 13 instead of March 6, it is announced by Chief Justice Bronson.

TOWN CRIERS TO JOIN A. OF C.

Will Enlist Whole-Heartedly in Activities of Bigger Organization

Members of the Town Criers club, in meeting last night, decided more good could be accomplished if the membership went into a division of the Association of Commerce to continue the community boosting efforts for which the organization was formed. The attitude of the majority of the members was that practically all of the club members are members of the Association of Commerce, the purposes of the Town Criers club is virtually the same as that of the Association of Commerce, and that members could accomplish their purpose and be of service to the Association of Commerce by devoting themselves to their activities within the Association.

Massey Murder Trial Put Over

Dickinson, N. D., Feb. 21.—Because of the serious illness of Atty. T. F. Murtha, counsel for the defense, the case of Joseph Massey of Richardson, charged with first degree murder in connection with the shooting of his son-in-law, Fones Dooliver on June 17, 1922, will not be called for trial, as scheduled, at the term of Stark county district court opening here today.
It now appears probable that this case will not be tried until the November, 1923 term.
The calendar includes 18 criminal cases and about 72 civil actions. Judge Thomas H. Pugh will preside. The jury list includes six women.

IMMIGRATION WILL BE OPEN FORUM TOPIC

Association of Commerce To Give Second Event, Tuesday, Feb. 27

PROMINENT SPEAKERS

Affair to be Held in Conjunction with Local Realtors and Land Men

Immigration and agricultural needs of Burleigh county will form the topics of discussion of the second open forum of the Association of Commerce. Arrangements have been made for a banquet at the Grand Pacific hotel, Tuesday, Feb. 27 at 7:30 P. M., in conjunction with the Bismarck Immigration Association composed largely of Burleigh county realtors and land men.
Every member of the Association is urged to attend and make this forum as truly representative of the membership as possible. This forum will serve also to introduce to the membership Mr. Bradley, the new secretary, who has many problems before him and is seeking the earnest cooperation of every member of the new association. He has met many of the members to date but is anxious to make the attendance next Tuesday evening as nearly 100 percent as is humanly possible.

Acceptances to attend the forum have been received from all the members of the Immigration Association as well as from H. W. Byrly, general immigration agent of the Northern Pacific and H. S. Funtun, immigration agent of the Soo. These men are experts in their line and will discuss the best methods to be used in getting settlers on Burleigh county acres as well as on land adjoining and part of the trade territory of Bismarck.

It is considered that one of the greatest projects in the program of the Association of Commerce is attracting settlers to his section. Burleigh county has room for hundreds of more families and some of the finest land that can be found anywhere for dairying, raising of poultry and stock generally is available. The new Association of Commerce plans to give the greatest cooperation possible by working through state and federal departments as well as in conjunction with the railroads, North Dakota and federal agencies. Ways and means doubtless will be discussed to get greater publicity for the advantages of this section whose main business is agriculture and whose prosperity rests primarily upon that venture.
In view of better business conditions throughout the Northwest, now is believed the logical time to go after more settlers. Inquiries are being received by the local real estate men and they predict an active year.

States adjoining North Dakota are engaged in intensive campaigns to attract new settlers to their sections. It is urged, is more vitally interested in such a movement than any other section as it has much virgin land at low prices for the thrifty farmer who may be renting back land and seeks here to build for himself independence and a good income.
Diversification is being preached by all agencies engaged in promoting the immigration movement. This subject will be emphasized at the forum next Tuesday.

MOHALL PLAN S TO REBUILD

Minot, Feb. 21.—Undaunted by the \$50,000 fire which swept away a large portion of the business section of Mohall, citizens of that city already are making plans for rebuilding the destroyed structures with buildings which will make for a better city, according to Milton Jensen of Mohall, county agent of Renville county, who is in Minot today attending to business matters. Only four buildings remain in the business block which was destroyed Friday by a blaze which nearly got beyond control of the fire fighters, due to the strong wind which was blowing from the northwest.
The future looks good, if expressions by Mohall business men can be taken as an indication," asserted the Renville county agent today.

CONVICTED OF ASSAULT.
Williston, N. D., Feb. 21.—A jury in district court here found Jake Gordon, guilty of assault with a dangerous weapon, with intent to rob. The crime was alleged to have been committed against A. Yager of Culbertson, Mont., who was hit over the head with a billiard ball concealed

Portuguese Pretender Dies in America

New York, Feb. 21.—Prince Miguel De Braganza, eldest son of Don Miguel De Branza, pretender to the throne of Portugal died here today of double pneumonia.
His marriage to a Miss Stewart was solemnized in Dublin in 1909 after the late Emperor Joseph of Austria had raised the bride to the title of princess.
The prince, who was 45 years old came to this country to make a living by selling insurance for a firm controlled by relatives of his wife, who was Miss Anita Stewart of New York.
At the time of the wedding it was generally reported that the bride received a gift of \$2,000,000 from her mother, Mrs. James Henry, Smith who was divorced from Wm. Rhineland Stewart. Three children were born to them, Princess Elizabeth, 11, Princess Jean, 10, and Prince Miguel, age 7.
The prince was born at Reichenau, Austria, and carried the title of Duke Viset which was given him by his father who is still alive.

STIFF LIMIT LAW ON TAXES PASSES HOUSE

Tax Committee Redrafts Law to Hold Down Counties, Cities, Schools

MUST VOTE FOR MONEY

Tax Limit Can Be Increased in This Manner—Claim Schools Are Hit

PASS LIMITATION BILL.
H. B. 131, the tax limitation law, was passed by the house this morning, 63 to 45, with five absent. The bill affects all tax levies except irrigation or drainage taxes, special assessments, levies applying to bonded indebtedness, grasshopper and gopher pest levies. The house also passed H. B. 129, providing for making of short-term loans by taxing districts and putting them on a cash basis, 58 to 49, with six absent. The house killed H. B. 246, raising weights, scales and measures 100 per cent.

A re-written tax limitation law, stiffer than the original house bill No. 131, was presented to the house of representatives by J. A. Jardine, chairman of the tax committee, the report of that committee accepted with but one acceptable amendment and it shall sent to the calendar for final passage without going through general orders.

Protests made by Rep. Stark and Rep. Maddock that the limitation bill would cripple many school districts were met by denials of the statements and declaration on the part of supporters that if officials can't keep their taxing districts within the limitation law, to let them go to the people for a vote.

The limitation of tax levies as provided in the bill follow:
Villages limited to 10 mills on dollar on net taxable valuation after all exemptions are deducted.
Cities limited to 14 mills.
Townships to five mills.
School districts to 12 mills, except where two years high school work is given, 14 mills; four years high school work, 16 mills; four years high school work and night school, 18 mills; consolidated school districts 14 mills.
Park districts, 2 mills.
Counties, 2-1/2 mills provided in unorganized townships county commissioners may levy 3 mills for road purposes.

May Exceed on Vote.
Any county city, village or school district may exceed these limits on majority vote at an election which may be held at the time of any primary or school election, or the governing boards may call special elections, but such elections must be called prior to September 1 each year in which the levies are to be made.

The question shall be submitted in substantially the following form: "shall this district exceed the tax limitation law by so much."
The tax committee had provided a 60 per cent vote was necessary to carry an election exceeding the debt limit, but this was reduced to a majority vote by the house. The bill provides that if the auditor makes levies in excess of the limitations he shall forfeit not more than \$1,000, and if the violation be willful he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and also forfeit his office.
Reports from both the tax commissioner's office and the office of the state superintendent were read in
(Continued on Page Three)

BANK DEPOSITS INCREASED BY TEN MILLION

State Institutions and Trust Companies Reflect Healthy Condition

RESERVES ARE DOUBLED

Total Deposits December 29 Amount to More Than 95 Millions

State banks and trust companies in North Dakota during the past calendar year increased their total deposits over \$10,000,000; deposits subject to check over \$7,000,000 and in the same period almost doubled their reserve, the latter increase being more than \$5,000,000, according to a report of conditions of these institutions made public by the state banking department.
In addition the bank built up reserve of more than \$5,000,000, loans and discounts increased by a trifling amount over \$1,000,000. Total deposits on December 29, 1922, date of report, was \$95,499,221.41. Reserves amounted to \$14,152,649.94 on the same date.

Deposits in North Dakota State banks on Dec. 29, 1922, were ten million dollars higher than on a similar date a year previous.
The increase is shown in the abstract of statements of state banks and trust companies for the call of Dec. 29, 1922, issued today from the office of Gilbert Sempronius, state examiner.

The statement shows that deposits on Dec. 31, 1921 were \$85,488,657.97; on Sept. 15, 1922 were \$92,638,725.10 and on Dec. 29, 1922 had grown to \$95,499,221.41.

There also is shown a big increase in the reserve of banks. Total reserve on Dec. 29 was \$14,152,649.94. Reserve required was \$7,729,377.35, so that the surplus reserve is shown to be \$6,423,272.59. The reserve increased almost three million dollars between last September 15 and last December 29.

Compared with the statement of Dec. 15, 1922, the following increases or decreases in resources:
Increases—Warrants, stocks, bonds, etc., \$632,871.12; government issues \$201,208.51; other real estate \$565,693.47; due from approved reserve agents \$2,693,970.11; due from other banks \$240,975.20; cash items \$131,096.82.
Decreases—Loans and discounts, \$4,768,494.82; overdrafts, \$172,691.09; banking house fixtures \$36,418.00; current expenses, \$1,967,901.14; cash on hand \$54,744.15.

The statement is one of the best issued for state banks as a whole in a considerable period.

FILIBUSTER ON SHIPPING BILL IS CONTINUED

Senate Prepares For Long Session to Block Administration Measure

Washington, Feb. 21.—Presenting unbroken ranks and armed with more material for continuing their campaign of talk and more talk the senate opponents of the administration shipping bill resumed today their filibuster with no end in sight.
Senator Reed, Democrat, of Missouri started the filibuster off for the day, resuming delivery of his address in support of his resolution to direct the president to enter into negotiations with Great Britain and France to purchase certain of their Caribbean possessions.

He had hauled forth the two big maps with which with pointer in hand, in schoolmaster style he had been illustrating his speech.
Sen. Jones, Republican, of Washington, in charge of the shipping bill met the resumption of the filibuster with the statement that he would carry on the fight; that he would insist on another night session lasting as long as possible and that all kinds of strategy would be employed to meet this filibuster.
Recess taken last night at 11 o'clock after a twelve and a half hour session allowed the senators to get a fair night of sleep and the speaker answered to quorum call seemed refreshed, including Sen. Shepard Democrat, of Texas, who yielded the floor at 6 o'clock last evening after having spoken continuously for more than six hours and in all about 11 hours.

Minot Term to Follow Bismarck

Fargo, Feb. 21.—United States Judge Andrew Miller has called terms of federal courts for Bismarck and Minot. The Bismarck term will begin on March 6 and the Minot term, an adjourned one, on March 30.
Jack Knight, held in the Cass county jail on indictments charging him with violating the Dyer act, will be tried at the Minot term, it was announced.
Judge Miller will remain in Fargo for several days to hear several minor cases which will be considered in chambers.

RURAL CREDIT ASSOCIATION IS ADVOCATED

President Coulter of A. C. Suggests Building Loan Companies For Farmers

LUMBER IS DISCUSSED

More Than 100 Delegates in Session at Fargo Today

Fargo, Feb. 21.—Building and loan associations established in the rural districts to supply farmers with credit with which to buy lumber and building material was suggested here today by Dr. John Lee Coulter, President of the State Agricultural College, before the annual meeting of the North Dakota State Lumbermen in session here.
This plan, according to Dr. Coulter, would permit the farmer to pay cash for his lumber and building supplies and at the same time extend his obligations over a period of years while relieving the lumber dealer of any embarrassment caused by lending credit.

Dr. Coulter said the lumber man must plan an important part in the promotion of orderly marketing and of diversified farming in North Dakota, since both programs call for the building of granaries, new barns and sheds for dairy and other purposes. The Agricultural College has been endeavoring for a year to employ a man prepared to discuss with farmers and lumber men the best type of lumber for farm buildings.

The college president made a plea for diversified farming and pointed out how many of its obstacles he overcame in the promotion of orderly marketing and of diversified farming in North Dakota, since both programs call for the building of granaries, new barns and sheds for dairy and other purposes. The Agricultural College has been endeavoring for a year to employ a man prepared to discuss with farmers and lumber men the best type of lumber for farm buildings.

FIREMAN IS THROWN FROM MOVING TRAIN

Escapes With Serious Injuries in Unusual Railroad Accident

Carrington, N. D., Feb. 21.—Verne Seibert, fireman on Soo train No. 107, west, was blown from his platform out onto the right of way 25 feet while the train was making 45 miles an hour four miles southeast of Carrington Monday night. The crowd over the fire box—the heavy steel plate secured by stay bolts—was ripped by a four-foot gash and the steam and water from the boiler fired with such a force into the fire box that Seibert was blown off the engine. He escaped with a bruised back and face and a cut in the lip that took two stitches to bring together.

Hearing a crash like a cannon roar, Engineer Roy Vance instinctively closed the throttle and put on the emergency air brakes, bringing the heavy train to a stop in one car length less than the train length. When he applied the air he did not know what had happened. He figured either the boiler had given way or the trucks under the engine had crumbled. Before the train had come to a stop but after doing all in his power to stop the swiftly travelling train, he started to go out the cab through the front window, expecting to leap for his life if the trucks were gone. He soon found that the engine was going smoothly on the rails and returned into the cab.

As soon as the train was stopped, search was started for Seibert and he was found almost unconscious 25 feet to the side of the train and about even with the rear coach, his place determining how quickly the train had been brought to a stop.
Seibert, when blown from the engine through the air, struck the ground very close to a big stone. He landed on the heavily crusted snow and plowed a furrow through it some distance.

GERMANS IN STRONG NOTE TO BRITISH

Protest Against French Plan of Expulsion of Government Officials

THE STRIKES CONTINUE

Berlin Authorities Seek to Bring About Understanding With Invaders

Paris, Feb. 21.—A protest from Holland against the interruption of coal deliveries from the Ruhr district is at once before the reparations commission next Wednesday.
The Dutch had contracts which the Germans failed to fulfill or failed to fill regularly after the occupation of the Ruhr by the French and Belgians and it is said in some cases shipments for Holland were seized by Germans and diverted to the interior of Germany.

UTTERS STRONG PROTEST

Berlin, Feb. 21.—In its latest note to the British, French and Belgian governments and the Rhineland commission at Coblenz the German government utters a strong protest against the expulsion of President Schurz of the Rhine provinces "who as his right and sacred duty objected to orders of the inter-allied Rhineland commission and which were not based on the Rhine agreement."

The note also protests against expulsions of German officials from the occupied areas.
The expulsions are characterized as brutal. The note says the officials were arrested and immediately sent away. Members of their families also were expelled "which denotes special cruelty as in view of the well known housing shortage the expelled families will be unable for years again to conduct their households in their own homes."
"In many instances," the note continues, "their furniture has been taken over by the occupied forces."

STRIKE IS WEAPON

Duesseldorf, Feb. 21.—The conclusion of the six weeks occupation finds the French resorting almost exclusively to expulsions in their efforts to impress upon the Germans that the orders of General Degoutte must be obeyed.

The Germans in turn have adopted the protest strike as the most effective way of expressing their indignation.
An expulsion of Burgomaster Cotten of Duesseldorf following closely upon the removal of Dr. Gruetner caused a sensation and resulted in the walkout of most of the workers in this city.
Only the street railway men and the employees of power plants were on duty last evening. At Mayence the arrest of the director of posts and telegraph was followed promptly by a walkout of employees in the service and troops took over the building.

Several railway officials in the Mayence area have received jail sentences of from 10 to 60 days for encouraging strikes and for disobeying the orders of the occupation authorities.

Advices from Essen assert that General Fournier intends to police the Ruhr and municipal forces and has ordered the dissolution of the post and telegraph strike.

The French have expelled the mayor of Dortmund for refusing to carry out orders.

URGE DIPLOMACY
Paris, Feb. 21.—The French government has learned that Berlin authorities have instructed German officials in Rhineland to adopt a prudent course and endeavor to come to an understanding with the French authorities it was said today in official circles. Instructions are interpreted as an indication that the German government is discovering that the expulsion of German functionaries on the west bank of the Rhine has affected its own prestige and that it is afraid of the effect it might have in promoting the separatist movement. It is understood the instructions were given especially to officials in the Rhineland and do not apply to those in the Ruhr. This action following the speech made by Former Chancellor Wirth in which he declared resistance in the Ruhr was not advisable and asked for favorable negotiations.

MILTON EDITOR DEAD

Milton N. D., Feb. 21.—W. L. Bolton, 62 editor of the Milton Globe died at his home here of Bright's disease. After several years in the newspaper business in Iowa, he moved to New Rockford, N. D. From there he moved to Milton in 1918. He was a Mason and a member of M. W. A. Funeral services were held at New Rockford. His widow and a daughter survive.

N. D. ENGINEERS HOLD ANNUAL CONVENTION

Meet in Joint Session in Mandan and Bismarck Today and Tomorrow

The North Dakota Society of Engineers and the North Dakota chapter of the American Association of Engineers are holding their annual conventions in joint session at Mandan and Bismarck today and tomorrow.

The session today was held at the Commercial club rooms at Mandan, and tomorrow's session will be held at the Association of Commerce rooms in the First Guaranty bank. The two societies comprise at least eighty per cent of the engineers of the state. The meetings are open to anyone who wishes to attend and a program of interest to all has been arranged. The convention will close with a banquet at the McKenzie hotel on Wednesday evening at which the wives and lady friends of the engineers will be entertained.

During the past few years there have been attending their regular monthly programs have also been invited to the banquet. Following the banquet a dance will be given in Patterson's hall at which all visiting engineers will be the guests of the local Bismarck club. On Wednesday morning a moving picture show will be given at the Capitol theater at which several reels of pictures of interesting engineering projects and feats will be shown as well as a 5-reel comedy. The annual action of officers of both societies took place at Mandan this morning which was followed by the regular annual business meeting.

The North Dakota society is a technical society of engineers, while the American Association of Engineers is non-technical and is devoted to the social and economic welfare of engineers.

WALSH COUNTY BOY WINNER

Takes First Place in State-Wide Essay Contest

Fargo, N. D., Feb. 20.—Charles Abercrombie, 16-year-old farm resident near Ardoch, Walsh county, won first place in the boys' and girls' state-wide essay contest conducted under the auspices of the North Dakota Dairymen's association, according to an announcement made today by the committee of judges consisting of H. E. Rilling and J. R. Dice of the North Dakota Agricultural college and Wm. Page, assistant state dairy commissioner. Others who placed for premium money are Margaret Schieb, Borden, second; Willie Panton, Arg.; third; Norman Ellingson, Valley City; fourth; Charles Boice, La. Moure; seventh; and Dennis Schulze, Casselton, eighth. More than 50 essays were entered in the contest, and cash premiums ranging from \$15 for first to \$1 for eighth place were awarded. In addition, Abercrombie was awarded a special prize of a purebred Jersey bull calf offered by Sam Crubbe of Fargo.

Of the eight winners in the contest, at least four are boys' and girls' club members, according to Mr. Rilling, and have already engaged in raising stock and garden and field crops. They are Charles Abercrombie, Willie Panton, Sidney Panton and Della Gransberg. Miss Gransberg is president of the state boys' and girls' club institute and has been in the club for four years. The prize-winning essay by Charles Abercrombie, was entitled "Care and Management of Dairy Calves."

Taxpayer Unit Favors Cuts To Cut Levies

Minot, N. D., Feb. 19.—At a meeting here of the board of directors of the Ward county unit of the North Dakota Taxpayers' association it was decided to make an immediate effort to fully organize Ward county and enroll at least 1,000 members in the association. It is the plan to maintain the association until taxes of North Dakota have reached a normal level again.

"The unit adopted the following resolution: That this unit firmly and unequivocally favors reduction of taxes and a program of economy in North Dakota."

"That in working toward a general reduction in the tax burden, the state legislature and all local taxing bodies follow a course of rigid economy."

"That it is the sense of the meeting that no action by the state legislature or action by a local tax levying body shall be taken that will

TUBERCULOSIS
Dr. Glass has positive proof that he is able to cure tuberculosis by inhalation. In any climate. Dr. Glass is the originator of this treatment, having discovered it in the year 1888. Beware of imitations. For further information address THE T. F. GLASS INHALANT CO., Mason Bldg., Los Angeles, Calif.

JUDGE PARKER ON HONEYMOON



Judge Alton B. Parker, Democratic candidate for the presidency in 1904 who was married a short time ago in New York, is shown here with his bride on their honeymoon at Palm Beach.

serve to cripple the efficiency of the pupils' schools.

"That this unit particularly endorses the North Dakota State Taxpayers' association tax measure providing for 50 percent valuation and the elimination of all exemptions."

EVIDENCE AGAINST DR. JACOBS IS KEPT SECRET

San Diego, Feb. 20.—Although there was no word today as to the character of the evidence to be produced against Dr. Louis Jacobs, Camp Kearney hospital physician, charged with the murder of Fritz Mann, dancer, it was admitted that the prosecutor and several assistants were busy marshaling facts which they intend to bring before the jury.

FARM WEEK IS OBSERVED

Fargo, N. D., Feb. 20.—Farm Diversification week, Feb. 19 to 24, established by special proclamation of Gov. R. A. Nestos is being observed with special farm meetings in almost every county of the state. The entire force of the extension division of the North Dakota Agricultural college is out this week, assisting the various county agents with a series of meetings and the farm institute force of the state department of agriculture is also putting on special meetings.

LAKE REGION PIONEER DIES

Devils Lake, N. D., Feb. 20.—Charles C. Connolly, 64, Ramsey county pioneer, who came to the lake region in 1883, died at his home here.

For many years he has been identified with civic and state life. He was connected for the last eight years with the state immigration department and founded the North Dakota State Pioneers Association of the Modern Woodmen of America, and for years has been treasurer of that organization.

In April, 1892, he accepted a position in the engineering department of the Northern Pacific railroad, and while surveying for the Jamestown and Northern railroad in 1892, he selected claims on the west shore of Devils Lake. On Feb. 14, 1895, Mr. Connolly staged it from Jamestown to Fort Totten. On March 17 of that year he and three others staked their claims, having been the first white settlers on the west

Stop Falling Hair —This New Way

"A sure, safe way to overcome falling hair and baldness is to remove the infected sebum. We can now supply you a special guarantee with a package of Van Eas, and stop falling hair and scalp itching. For the roots are still alive and out of the scalp. Tests actually proved that Van Eas will grow new hair and quickly stop falling hair."

"Be sure to get Van Eas, the only product we know that will not fall."

"Van Eas Liquid Scalp Massage, with a special instruction which insures success in operation is sold on a positive guarantee, which we will sign for you. Be sure to get started at once—Van Eas will not disappoint you."

Finney's Drug Store
Bismarck, N. D.

BRIDGE BILLS ARE PUSHED

Appropriations Would Eat up State Highway Funds

With house bill No. 233, providing for abolition of the highway commission and discontinuance of federal aid killed, the highways committee of the house reported for passage several bridge bills which have been pending for several weeks. The committee is controlled by opponents of the state highways building.

The total amount of state aid proposed for the bridges would, it was stated by Rep. Twichell, about

HAIR STAYS COMBED, GLOSSY

"Hair-Groom" Keeps Hair Combed—Well-Groomed



Millions Use It—Fine for Hair—Not Sticky, Greasy or Smelly. Get a jar of "Hair-Groom" from any drugstore for a few cents and make even stubborn, unruly or "hampered" hair stay combed all day in any style you like. "Hair-Groom" is a dignified combing cream which gives that natural gloss and well-groomed effect to your hair—that final touch to good dress both in business and on social occasions.

Greaseless, stainless "Hair-Groom" does not show on the hair because it is absorbed by the scalp, therefore your hair remains so soft and pliable and so natural that no one can possibly tell you used it.

AUTO STORAGE
Day - Week - Month
Centrally Located
Steam Heated
Open Day and Night
ROHRER TAXI
LINE
Phone 57 119, 5th St.

use up the fund from which bridge aid is drawn—the states portion of the motor vehicle license fund. The bills recommended for passage which reports the house accepted, included:

H. B. 40 appropriating \$100,000 to aid in building a federal aid bridge across the Red River at Fargo; \$86,500 to aid in building a bridge across the Missouri between Williams and McKenzie counties; \$35,000 to aid in building a bridge across Des Lacs Lake on or near the Burke-Ward county line, and \$3,500 to retire bonds issued on a bridge built over the Red River in Walsh county.

SESSION OF COURT OPENS

Judge Jansonius Holds Special Term in City

The special term of district court called here by Judge Jansonius was in session today, the jury venire reporting.

The first cases to be taken up will be criminal matters from other counties. States Attorney Allen expected to move the trial of Kasimir Schneider, charged with murder, for trial beginning about Feb. 26th.

The criminal calendar probably will not be long, a number of cases having been dismissed because it was contended by attorneys for the defense that since they had not been given a trial at the last term of court—when the grand jury was called and dismissed—new information would have to be made out for their arrest. This was waived by attorneys for Schneider.

Many civil cases are on the calendar.

Warrants were served by the sheriff's office on the proprietors of the Grand Pacific Hotel and the Sweet Shop for alleged violation of the eight hour law for women workers. First arrests for alleged violations were made several days ago, and included four hotel or cafe owners.

City of Hancock Threatened by Fire Loss Is Mounting

Hancock, Mich., Feb. 20.—The business district of Hancock is threatened with fire starting early today and by 10 this morning caused damage of \$300,000. The fire department from Hancock and two other nearby cities are fighting the flames which are not yet under control.

\$2000-A-WEEK STAR HERE



English film producers paid Ruby Miller, shown above, \$2000 a week, according to reports. Now she's in California to enter American movies. (Note: She's red-headed.)

Investigate Record of Uglard Before Surrendering Him

Minneapolis, Feb. 20.—David Uglard, North Dakota banker, today is held in the Minneapolis jail without charge while detectives investigated charges that he passed worthless checks in that city.

"If the evidence is insufficient to connect him with a crime or misdemeanor locally he will be turned over to the North Dakota authorities," the Captain of Detectives said.

BUSINESSMEN OFFER PRIZES
Berthold, N. D., Feb. 20.—Berthold businessmen plan to give

prizes for different stunts to be staged here Feb. 24, in connection with the farmers' institute, and also to put on a special sales day. There will be community singing at the meetings, assisted by a local orchestra at noon, and free lunch will be served.

H. L. Finke of Berthold, is endeavoring to get some motion picture films from the agricultural college.

"40-8" CLUB PLANS PLAY
Wahpeton, N. D., Feb. 20.—Wahpeton "40 and 8" men will present the musical comedy, "Sittin' Pretty," here March 8. It was made popular by the A. E. F. during the World War. Mrs. A. E. F. Bader, high school teacher and wife of a Legion man, will direct it.

CAMPAIGN OF GROWERS OPENS

Membership Drive Made By N. D. Association

Grand Forks, N. D., Feb. 20.—An intensive membership campaign by the North Dakota Wheat Growers association starts today and will continue for one week, during which time it is expected that the membership will be doubled, according to officials.

Recognizing that in unity is strength and that in volume of business lies the greatest power of commodity marketing associations, a nation-wide drive for new members was launched, and a week set aside for this purpose. Governor Nestos, as well as governors from other states, issued proclamations urging support to the plan of the Wheat Growers, and pointing out the need of co-operative marketing if agriculture is again to be placed on a sound financial basis.

The campaign will be essentially a concerted effort on the part of members to interest and enroll their neighbors into the organization, for those within the association realize that success of commodity marketing is dependent on gaining the control of the bulk of the commodity handled, it was pointed out by officials. Competition between growers must cease and the sale centralized, if the greatest good is to result.

Good Clothes are a good introduction.

A man's clothes introduce him, place him, show the world just what he thinks of himself. Be sure your clothes are good; they are if they have our name in them.

Spring Suits

\$27 \$35 \$45

New colorings. New models.

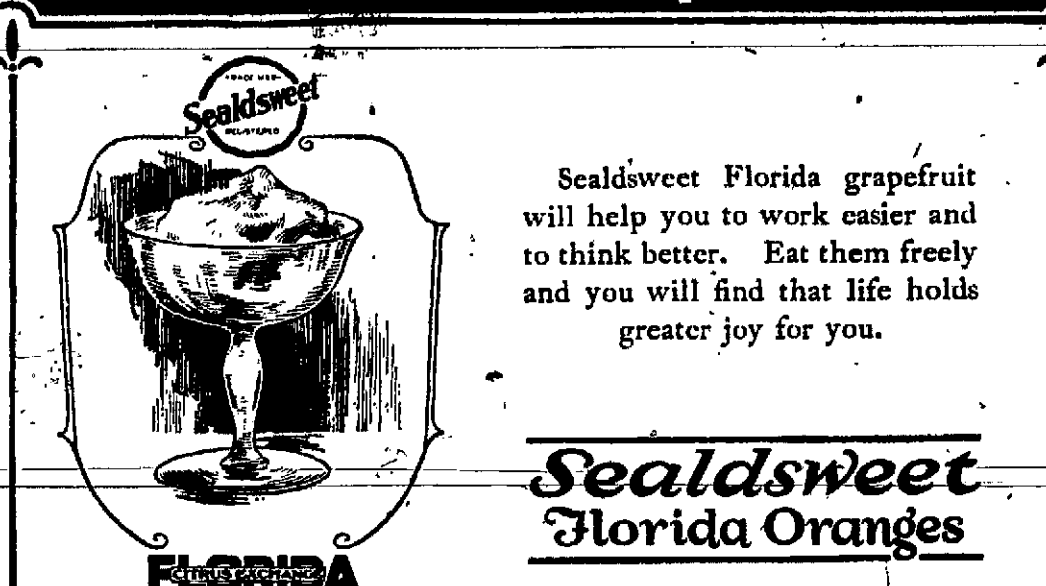
Hand Tailoring

Our tailors will have your suit ready for Easter if you select your material now, \$40 to \$75.

S. E. Bergeson & Son

Tailoring. Clothing.

Sealdsweet Florida Grapefruit

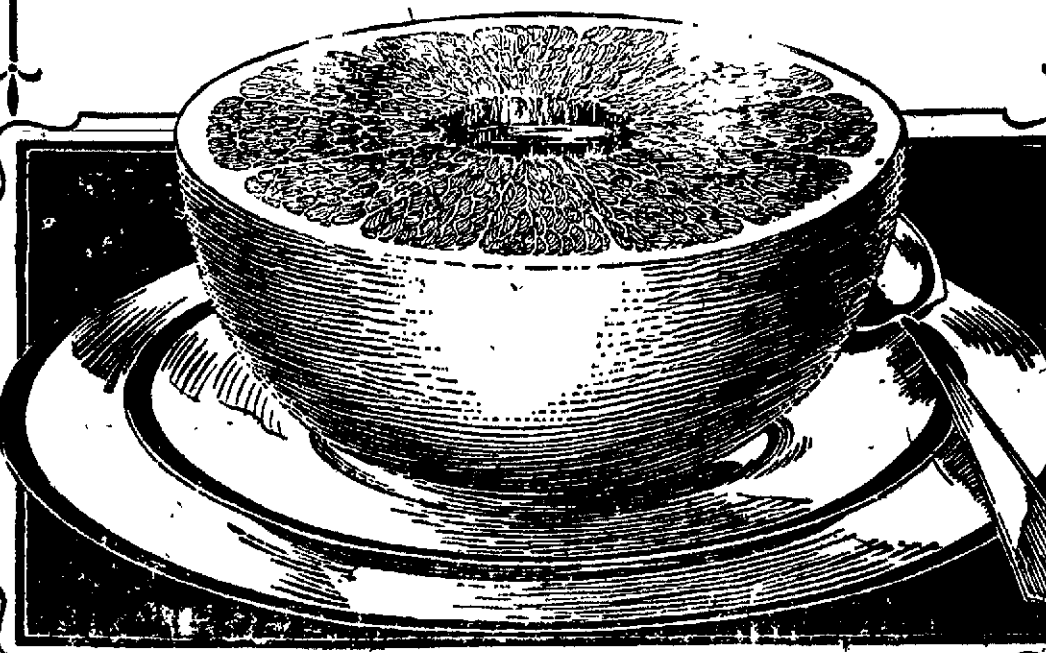


Sealdsweet Florida grapefruit will help you to work easier and to think better. Eat them freely and you will find that life holds greater joy for you.

Sealdsweet Florida Oranges

Sealdsweet Florida oranges are high in food and health values.

Ask your fruit dealer for Sealdsweet Florida oranges and grapefruit. Insist that he supply you with them.



National Wheat Growers' Week

February 19 to 24

Proclamation issued by Governor Nestos.

BOOTLEGGING VS. MERCHANDISING

Big Bend Blue Stem, a soft milling wheat, is the highest priced wheat in the world!

WHY?

The sale of it is controlled by Wheat Growers on the Pacific coast, and certain millers demand that kind of wheat!

DAKOTA DURUM

Mr. Farmer, you are pehalyzed for raising Durum, that beautiful amber colored wheat that makes delicious, cream colored macaroni, spaghetti, noodles, and hundreds of other delectable dishes! Do you know that practically the entire production of Durum wheat comes from North Dakota, and other states can't raise it successfully! Do you realize what will happen when the NORTH DAKOTA WHEAT GROWERS ASSOCIATION gets complete control of the sale of Durum wheat? Think it over!

HARD SPRING WHEAT

Practically all the HARD SPRING WHEAT in this country is raised in the NORTHWEST. Millers must have this wheat to make good flour. Are you getting a fair price for it? The only way to get a just price for this super-wheat is to quit bootlegging it in competition with your neighbor and organize for the control of the marketing. That is what the NORTH DAKOTA WHEAT GROWERS ASSOCIATION is doing!

Do You See The Vision?

Do You See How Easy It Can Be Done?
Are You A Booster In Your Community?

(For further information write)

NORTH DAKOTA WHEAT GROWERS ASSOCIATION.

GRAND FORKS,

NORTH DAKOTA.

BASKET BALL Friday, Feb. 23.

8:15 Admission 50c

MANDAN VS.

BISMARCK

BIG CITY MAN LACKING IN CIVIC PRIDE

Cleveland, O., Feb. 21.—The city man, in a sense, a lost man, Rev. Ralph W. Sockman, of New York city, told the Council of Cities of the Methodist Episcopal Church meeting here today. "No longer content in the soil, he lacks a sense of citizenship," continued Rev. Sockman. "In our extremely large cities he loses his vivid sentiment of civic pride. The denizens of Gopher Prairie and the 'Rabbits' of sixth-sized cities may be inspired by a boosting loyalty to serve the institutions of their home towns. But in New York City, for instance, men feel the place has momentum enough to run itself. 'They will get what they can out of it for themselves. The cutting bees suck their sustenance from the skyscraping petals of our cities and then make their deposits in the suburban honey combs. If he man on Broadway or Michigan boulevard felt the same sense of responsibility as on Main Street, the moral and civic tone of our metropolitan centers would be immeasurably elevated, and the problem of the city church would be almost wholly changed. The individual personality withers in a crowd. 'The lostness of the urban mind shows itself not only in lack of responsibility but in its craving for change. Our cities are places of unrest. The very environment is one of rapid ruin. A passer-by looks at a building twice because it may not be there when he returns next week. We are told to look into the hills whence cometh our strength. The hills suggest the eternal. But these man-made walls of city stone suggest not the eternal, but the temporary. This changeableness of environment is reflected in the interests, the thinking, the loyalties of the urban dwellers. The city mind tends to become morose mind. Our age generally is characterized by fragmentary thinking. Ours is the generation of the short story, the choppy scenario, the sketchy impressionistic novel. In this city trait is accentuated. Here is a real question for the church. The preacher must recognize that the people are not thinking things through. In my opinion the outstanding single need of the city church is for a new theology. The city church must interpret to people their flitting half-thought-out ideas. The lost urban mind must find a guide in the pulpit. 'Social castes separate and confuse the city dwellers. The public school is no longer the meeting place of rich and poor on a plane of comradeship. 'Who shall dissolve these race and class distinctions, if the church does not? The church must be a mill ground for democracy.'"

TO THE LEFT: DR. M. JOSIE ROGERS, MAYOR OF DAYTONA; RIGHT, CITY CLERK LOUISE HUGH; CENTER, EXECUTIVE SECRETARY ANN ORR OF THE DAYTONA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

PETTICOAT GOVERNMENT! HERE'S A TOWN LIKES IT



By NEA Service.

Daytona, Fla., Feb. 21.—Petticoat government! Daytona likes it.

Efficient! Honest! Accommodating! Economical! These are among the adjectives the citizens apply to the present municipal administration. The mayor's a woman. The city clerk likewise. And the executive secretary of the Chamber of Commerce. Strictly speaking, this latter may not classify as a governmental position, but it's always been regarded as more than half political and it's recognized as of highest importance to Daytona's material welfare.

Started With Mayor. It started with the mayorality. Several months ago the city found itself face to face with the task of choosing a new chief magistrate. The electors were split into two irreconcilable factions. Then somebody had the happy thought of a compromise on Dr. M. Josie Rogers. Result—the swish of a skirt in the mayor's office, geraniums on the city hall windows, and peace.

Next the city clerk fell ill and had to quit. The commissioners were considerably unsettled over the selection of his successor—until the suggestion was advanced that a woman mayor had proved such a

success—why not have a woman for clerk, as well? Now Miss Louise Hough presides in the clerk's office, and citizens who call are careful to dust their shoes on the doormat before entering, after which they remain awhile, their business transacted, to chat amiably about the missus' new vacuum cleaner.

Success as Collector. Presently the Chamber of Commerce was called on to employ a new executive secretary. While the directors were thinking the matter over Ann Orr, 22 years old, who had been doing miscellaneous office work three or four years, went out and collected several thousand dollars' worth of bad debts that everybody else had considered hopeless. Thereupon the chamber judiciously elected her to the vacant secretaryship.

This is how Daytona succumbed to petticoat rule.

Easy to Manage "The bigger they are the harder they fall," Bob Fitzsimmons has often been quoted as saying. Paraphrasing his words—"The fiercer they look," remark Mayor Rogers, City Clerk Hough and Executive Secretary Orr, "the easier they are to manage."

What's more, there's a great deal of talk of adding several more women to Daytona's list of city officials.

LEGISLATIVE CALENDAR

Passed by House

H. B. 30.—Appropriating \$100,000 for state share in construction of federal aid bridge over Red River at Fargo-Moorhead. Passed 60-48.

H. B. 259.—Repealing standing appropriations board of pardons, putting annual appropriation up to budget board.

H. B. 254.—Same action as H. B. 259 on livestock sanitary board.

H. B. 258.—Same on standing appropriation cruelty to animals fund.

H. B. 257.—Same on enforcement of beverage and sanitary law fund.

H. B. 263.—Same on sale of public lands funds.

H. B. 74.—Appropriation \$3,500 to retire certain bonds Red River bridge in Walsh county.

H. B. 51.—\$35,000 bridge building state-federal aid project at Des Lacs.

H. B. 297.—Repealing public utilities—pen, capitol, bridge, reform school electric light plant unit—passed by last session. Passed 60-49.

H. B. 105.—\$78,220 for state school science, Wahpeton. 81-25.

H. B. 267.—Repealing standing appropriation board of administration. Passed 93-12.

H. B. 207.—Appropriating \$15,000 to board of auditors. Passed 97 to 8.

H. B. 104.—\$10,000 biennial appropriation Grand Forks Fair. 97 to 37.

H. B. 111.—\$10,000 for two years fairs at Fargo. 63 to 37.

H. B. 114.—\$10,000 biennial aid to Missouri State fair at Mandan. Passed 57 to 42. Clincher applied to all three fair awards.

H. B. 266.—Provides that 70 percent of fees collected by Attorney general's license department shall be returned to the village or city in which collected for regulation of theaters, dance halls, taxi-cab stands, soft drink fountains, dance halls and pool and billiard halls and bowling alleys. Requires, as amended, special deputy sheriffs at all bowery and barn dances, and cuts down salary of chief inspector and assistants. Passed 65 to 43.

H. B. 215.—Amends workmen's compensation act to clarify and strengthen present law relating to penalties for failure to comply with provisions. Passed 83 to 18.

H. B. 222.—Placing inter-city automobile bus services under the supervision of the state railway commission; practically gives the railroad commission carte blanche to devise rules, regulation and rulings governing such automobile livery or bus service in regard to service, rates, responsibility for accidents, etc. Passed by House.

H. B. 270.—Bill which would have repealed standing appropriation of artisan well inspection, regulation, etc., and left appropriation up to budget board.

Passed by Senate

S. B. 256.—Provides that industrial commission may cancel bonds of record and issue new bonds in different denomination. Held necessary to make bonds saleable.

S. B. 289.—Requiring that county commissioners cannot abate irrigation tax assessment unless U. S. Reclamation supervisor gives approval.

S. B. 189.—One of Children's Code Commission bills, regulates employment of children in occupations on the streets—requires paper carriers and sellers under certain ages cannot work, while those between 10 and 16 may work if they have permits. Girls under 18 barred from street trades under any circumstances. Passed 27-20.

S. B. 386.—Re-enacts the present mine inspection act according to agreement reached between opera-

tors association and miners union. Passed 44-3.

S. B. 342.—Clarifies the present inheritance tax law to exclude tax on moneys and credits taxed under other provisions. Passed 43-4.

S. B. 233.—Independent party's election bill calling for non-party column ballots. Senate voted 27 to 21 against indefinite postponement, and voted 27 to 21 to concur in the house amendments. Goes to governor.

S. B. 366.—Calls upon railroad commission to devise new schedule of intra-state freight rates—not higher than effective prior to September 1, 1920. Passed 27 to 18.

S. B. 300.—One of administration taxation laws. Places corporate excess funds upon the assessment list. Passed.

S. B. 253.—Repeals Shapt. 122, S. L. 1921, which limited cities and villages to levy not in excess of average for three years previously.

S. B. 146.—Would remove from tax exempt list property such as residences, plants, warehouses and other buildings outside of corporate limits of villages or cities which are not bona fide farm property. Passed 36-11.

S. B. 285.—Assessing all taxable property in the state upon a seven-fifty percent valuation for taxation purposes. Passed 27 to 19, but emergency lost.

S. B. 346.—Prohibits any state official or department from incurring a deficit in operation of his office or department, prescribing a penalty. Passed 36 to 16.

S. B. 108.—Makes appropriation for enforcement of feeding, adulterated, fertilizer, beverage and sanitary inspection laws. Cuts award from \$56,600 for the biennium to \$40,000. Passed 36 to 6.

S. B. 357.—Makes an appropriation of \$1,500 for use by a special unpaid commission in collecting data concerning lignite coal and publishing a complete report on coal deposits, possibilities, industry, briquetting, etc., as now in possession by Dean E. J. Babcock of the U. N. D. school of mines and other experts. To be printed and given next legislative assembly as guidance in future coal industry legislation. Passed 41 to 0.

S. B. 88.—Appropriation \$292,250 to pay for maintenance of experimental station at Fargo agricultural college.

S. B. 82.—Appropriating \$322,230 for Valley City Normal. Passed 41-0.

S. B. 284.—Cuts the lawyer license annual fee from \$15 to \$5.00. Passed 32 to 0.

S. B. 371.—Re-enacting the drug inspection act, modernizing the state along line suggested and statute prepared by regulatory department. 41-0. Places department under state pure food commission and chemist. Passed 38 to 9.

S. B. 286.—Requires that the state shall return to the state bar board \$5.00 from each lawyer's license fee collected to pay for publication of its proceedings and filing copies with state libraries, courts, etc.

S. B. 372.—Revision and re-writing of the hotel inspection to include restaurants on sanitation, cleanliness and food served. Under pure food commissioner. Passed 37 to 0.

S. B. 272.—Revises methods of levying tax for the care of patients in insane hospital, requiring; counties to make payments quarterly, and providing method of settling disputed claims. Passed 38 to 1.

S. B. 389.—Regulating the reservation of mineral rights as apart from the actual transfer of land, and providing for the transfer of the same. 42 to 1.

S. B. 44.—One of the Good Roads association measures; creating a state highway commission, prescribing powers, etc. Passed, 30 to 18. Emergency lost.

S. B. 330.—Authorizing county commissioners to lay out and construct highways on a state line. Designed to clear up situation in Adams county where Yellowstone trail follows interstate line for several miles. Similar bill passed in South Dakota. Passed, 45 to 0.

S. B. 292.—Providing custodian for biological station of deviation by placing station under control of game and fish board and requiring that organization furnish caretaker. Passed 45 to 2.

S. B. 390.—Prohibiting the employment of a married woman in any public office in state whose husband is able-bodied and able to earn a living wage. Provide penalty. Passed, 35 to 22, by the bare constitutional majority.

S. B. 332.—Repealing statutes by which officials may be removed by the governor. Bill introduced by Ingerson (N.), Burke, amended in many ways before accepted for passage, 35 to 10.

S. B. 297.—Aimed to prevent outside insurance companies from writing hail insurance in the state. Lost 24-22, failed one of required 25 majority.

S. B. 307.—Defining criminal syndicalism and providing penalties for

Stage Lures Member of Nobility



The Hon. Sylvia Gough, wife of Captain Wilfred Gough and daughter of General Sir Hugh Sutley-Gough, has started London society with the announcement that she is about to go on the stage and will begin as a chorus girl.

CHARGES BRIBE



Declaring she was offered a \$25,000 bribe to go to Washington as lobbyist for "a certain bill," Mrs. T. G. Winter, president of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, has stated she will produce a letter offering the bribe "when it becomes necessary."

violations. Lost on a roll call vote. Senators Sperry, Lynch and McCoy, independents joining the solid league. Vote 23 to 25.

S. B. 365.—Calling for repeal of the Guaranty Fund Commission act effective July 1, 1924. Killed by vote of 36 to 12.

S. B. 271.—Granting to the Guaranty Fund commission power to reject applications for bank charters unless conditions in members opinion in district warranted.

FRANCHISE TAX IS \$4,909

Grand Forks, N. D., Feb. 21.—Grand Forks county has received a

"Cascarets" 10c

Best Bowel Laxative When Bilious, Constipated

To clean out your bowels without cramping or overacting, take Cascarets. Sick headache, biliousness, gases, indigestion, sour, upset stomach, and all such distress gone by morning. Nicest physic on earth for grown-ups and children. 10c a box. Taste like candy.—Adv.



economy

that is easy to see

—almost three pints of deliciously-flavored, tender stringless beans from this 3-oz. carton.

Surprising, isn't it? Enough for eight or ten generous portions at a cost of only 25c. Economy indeed, for you can prepare just what you need at one time—the rest will keep in the carton.

And a bigger surprise awaits you when you taste these beans of wonderful springtime flavor and tenderness—beans that almost melt in one's mouth.

KING'S

Dehydrated

Stringless BEANS

are stemmed—nothing to do but cook and serve them, in any of your favorite ways.

Economical — Healthful — Convenient

Order King's Fruits and Vegetables from your grocer.

Send for FREE Fruit and Vegetable Cook Book. Address Dept. H.

KING'S FOOD PRODUCTS CO.

Originators of Practical Dehydration

PORTLAND, OREGON

check for \$4,909, the tax due on the franchise held in the City of Grand Forks by the Cream of Wheat company of Minneapolis. The assessed valuation of the franchise, according to the assessment books of the county is \$100,000.

The Cream of Wheat company, it is said, does not now own any real property in Grand Forks, and has not for several years. The company originated in

Grand Forks many years ago, the first Cream of Wheat being manufactured in the old Diamond mill here. The company moved its plant to Minneapolis 28 years ago, but still holds the franchise here that was obtained for launching the business.

Several local people now hold stock in the company. The Grand Forks plant was started by George Bull, and his son, Dan Bull, is now treasurer of the company.

Rheumatic pain—relief!
Congestion, inflamed tissues—then persistent pain. Apply Sloan's to break up congestion, draw out inflammation—and stop that pain!

Sloan's Liniment
—kills pain!

For rheumatism, bruises, strains, chest colds!

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

WEBB BROTHERS
Undertakers Embalmers Funeral Directors
Licensed Embalmer in Charge
DAY PHONE 246 NIGHT PHONES 246-887

PERRY UNDERTAKING PARLORS
Licensed Embalmer in Charge
Day Phone 100 Night Phone 100 or 687

BISMARCK FURNITURE COMPANY
220 MAIN STREET
Upholstered Furniture Made to Order.

MANDAN NEWS

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Nichols of Esterville, Ia., are the guests of their daughter, Mrs. Lewis F. Lyman.

Miss Cecelia Lutz, Oshkosh, Wis., former milliner at the Boston Cash store is in Mandan visiting with friends. Miss Lutz is on her way to Livingston, Mont., where she will be employed as a milliner.

A marriage license was issued yesterday by County Judge B. W. Shaw to Miss Mary Anna Mes and John Bender, both of Hebron.

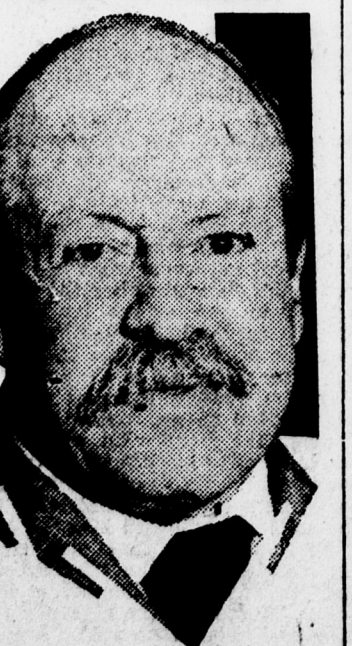
George H. Ilse, county agent, left yesterday for Flasher where he is conducting the first of three public meetings to be held during the week as part of an educational campaign for diversified farming and co-operative marketing.

BAD COLD GONE IN FEW HOURS

"Pape's Cold Compound" Acts Quick, Costs Little, and Never Sickens!

In a few hours your cold is gone, head and nose clear, no feverishness, headache, or stuffed-up feeling. Druggists here guarantee these pleasant tablets to break up a cold or the gripe quicker than nasty quinine. They never make you sick or nervous. Buy a box of "Pape's Cold Compound" for a few cents and get rid of your cold right now.—Adv.

PROF A PEER



Professor Charles E. Pellet, formerly professor of chemistry at Columbia University, has become the sixth Viscount of Exmouth through the death of his father who succeeded to the title last August on the death of a cousin.

DON'T FUSS WITH MUSTARD PLASTERS!

Musterole Works Without the Blister—Easier, Quicker

There's no sense in mixing a mess of mustard, flour and water when you can easily relieve pain, soreness or stiffness with a little clean, white Musterole.

Musterole is made of pure oil of mustard and other helpful ingredients, combined in the form of the present white ointment. It takes the place of mustard plasters, and will not blister.

Musterole usually gives prompt relief from sore throat, bronchitis, tonsillitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, headache, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frosted feet, colds of the chest (it may prevent pneumonia). 35c and 65c, jars and tubes.

Better than a mustard plaster

MUSTEROLE
WILL NOT BLISTER

Golt, Murder, Hatred, Love



With masterly skill, E. Phillips Oppenheim, writer of superlative mystery novels, has woven the most conflicting of human emotions and desires into the greatest detective stories since "Sherlock Holmes."

These are not the ordinary crime narratives. Mr. Oppenheim in his memorable recounting of the

"Exploits of Sir Norman Greyes"

Has departed from all set formulas in development of the story. There are no gruesome crimes described, no nausea over stressed horrors—but instead, Adventure, Romance, Sportsmanship, Flight, Pursuit are subtly played upon to produce stories you should read.

THE SERIES BEGINS TOMORROW, FEB. 22, IN

The Bismarck Daily Tribune

SPORT FACE
NOW RAGE IN
BERLIN CIRCLES

Berlin, Feb. 21.—What is known as the "American sport face" is all the rage these days among the young men of Berlin. As a consequence of the fad, whiskers and even the "Kaiser's mustache," so popular prior to the war, has been pushed off the boards.

Many young Germans wear a kind of nutty "Charley Chaplin" adornment upon their upper lip, and this is known as American too, but the majority of the fashionably dressed young men in the streets and cafes are smooth shaven. Many of them, so the barbers say, shave the first thing in the morning and again late in the day, before starting out for the evening.

Among the workmen and certain old timers still in the army or government service, a modified "Kaiser's mustache" continues to be worn. There was a time here when nearly all of the old rank officers wore upright mustaches with carefully waxed ends which reached nearly to their eyes. But the mustache of the militaristic points, in which the individual took marvelous pride, is entirely out of fashion.

Whiskers, generally, are unpopular excepting in old fashioned circles where some of the aged men continue to wear beards, sip beer daily in their favorite haunts of many years, and smoke the long stemmed "Dutchman's" pipe which years ago was all the go among Germans in the United States.

GREEK KING
POPULAR WITH
HIS SUBJECTS

Athens, Feb. 21.—George, the new king of Greece, has probably become convinced by this time that it depends on him and on him alone to keep his throne, and that he has "nothing to fear from the republican scare. Foreign observers do not consider the Greek people ripe for a republican regime, and argue that the sooner the promoters of the republican idea realize that fact, the better it will be for the country.

George was popular as a prince, and there is no reason why he should not be popular as a king. As for Elizabeth, the Queen, her beautiful and kindly features and her dignified bearing have created an excellent first impression on the people. If the young sovereigns keep aloof from politics, it is felt, nothing will come to mar the happiness of the reign.

An ideal sovereign for Greece was the late George I, observant Greeks declare, and his grandson, George II, cannot do better than follow in his steps. George I never interfered in internal politics any further than he was allowed to by the constitution. Never during his long reign of forty years did he take any active advantage of his royal prerogatives; never did he refuse to sign a decree approved by the cabinet.

In this latter connection it is not uninteresting to chronicle a remark once made by the late King Alexander, the present king's brother, who succeeded Constantine after his first dethronement. Talking to a friend one day about the exercise of his royal duties, Alexander said:

"I never read decrees before signing them. My grandfather never read them, and he reigned for forty years. He would have reigned longer had he not been murdered. My father used to read the decrees, and he lost his throne. I shall do as my grandfather did."

King George had an amusing experience the other day. A retired American engineer, looking for an audience of his majesty, who willingly accorded it. On the day appointed, the admiral went to the palace and was immediately ushered into the king's study. His majesty wore an admiral's uniform for the occasion, and welcomed the American admiral with his usual good-natured affability. So simple was the king in his manner that the admiral, who did not realize that he was in the royal presence; he believed that he was talking to his majesty's naval aid-de-camp. He condescendingly tapped him on the shoulder and congratulated him on having won his admiral's stripes so young.

"And are you now located at the palace?" asked the visitor.

"Yes," said the king.

"How long do you expect to remain here?" was the next question.

"Until I am removed," was the answer.

BANK CASE
HEARING SOON

Jury May be Called in 3 Weeks if Demurrers Are Lost

Motions and demurrers in the indictments resulting from the alleged wrecking of the Scandinavian American Bank of Fargo will be heard at Fargo by District Judge Plank McKenna on March 6, Attorney General George Shaffer announced today.

The attorney general said that his understanding was that Judge McKenna had arranged to call a jury at Lisbon about three weeks after the hearing of the demurrers etc., for the hearing of the cases involved, if the demurrers are not sustained.

H. J. Hagren, formerly president of the Scandinavian American Bank will probably be the first one of the defendants to be tried.

PLACE BAN ON
ENLISTMENT OF MINORS

Washington, Feb. 21.—By a vote of 177 to 134 the house today insisted on its provision in the annual army appropriation bill prohibiting the enlistment of persons of 21 years of age without the written consent of parents or guardian.

ARREST SMOKERS

Salt Lake City, Utah, Feb. 21.—Four prominent Salt Lake citizens will face charges of violation of the Utah Anti-Cigarette law following their arrest yesterday in a local cafe by deputy sheriffs.

The accused are: Ernest Bamberger, last fall republican candidate for Republican senator; Ambrose N. McKay, general manager of the Salt Lake Tribune; and E. Newhouse, an official of the American Melting and Refining Company, and J. C. Lynch local capitalist. All but McKay were arrested as they sat at a table in the dining room. The newspaper publisher was arrested as he was paying his bill. The charge is smoking in a public place prohibited by the Utah Anti-smoking Act.

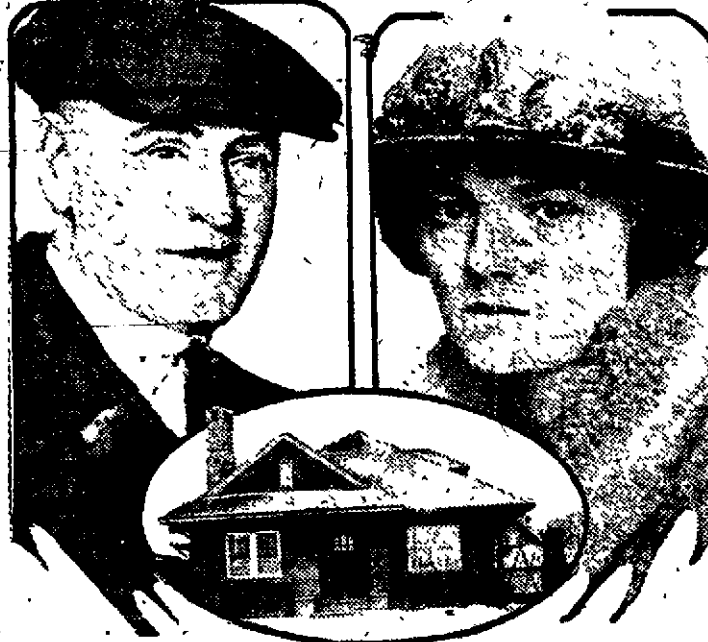
WILL RETURN BANKER

Minneapolis, Feb. 21.—David Ugland, North Dakota banker probably will be returned to North Dakota where he is wanted to serve a term in the state penitentiary, police said today. Sheriff Baxter of Devils Lake in Iowa today, they said, and is expected here to tomorrow to take Ugland into custody.

UNDERTAKERS IN SESSION

Fargo, Feb. 21.—An address scheduled to be given today by Dr. H. K. French of the state board of health, Grand Forks, before the eighth annual convention of the North Dakota

LOVE NEST? THEY SAY NO



Is Major Robert Connor, lumber king and thrice mayor of Marshfield, Wis., also Robert Brown, salesman of Milwaukee? Interest is added to the question by the fact that Connor is married and the father of two children; while Mr. and Mrs. Robert Brown have three children. Connor and Mrs. Brown, formerly Miss Bertha Gerlier, a stenographer of Marshfield, have been arrested charged with illicitly living together. They, as well as Mrs. Connor, deny the charges. Hearing is set for March 5. Pictures show Major Connor, Mrs. Brown and the Browns' home.

EAT DAKOTA DURUM PRODUCTS,
URGES EXPERT AT AG. COLLEGE

Fargo, N. D., Feb. 21.—While the consumption of Durum wheat products such as macaroni, spaghetti, sea shells and egg noodles is only a small part of what it might be, and the food value and palatability of products made from North Dakota's distinctive grain crop are at present only barely appreciated, more knowledge of the delicious dishes which can be prepared from these products in "American kitchens" is destined to stimulate greatly the market for Dakota durum.

This statement made by Miss Alba Bales, head of the School of Economics, North Dakota Agricultural college yesterday was in the nature of comment on the "Use More Dakota Durum Products" campaign, in prospect among North Dakota growers, and constituted by Dr. John Lee Coulter, president of the college during the recent sessions in Fargo of the Tri-State Grain Growers convention.

"Probably more actual food value can be purchased for a dime by buying Durum products than by buying practically any other food product on the market," Miss Bales pointed out.

Macaroni also gives one the feeling of having eaten meat, especially when it is prepared with bits of left-over meat, with meat stock, or with cheese and milk combination which make such deliciously balanced dishes.

"It is of inestimable value to this country and particularly to North Dakota that our people learn to eat more macaroni products and what is even more important to prepare delicious palatable Durum dishes. A large part of our agricultural state is dependent upon the demand for Durum which is the only wheat that will make high grade macaroni paste. Products made of this paste are really unleavened bread and it is a part of the job of North Dakota people to help increase the consumption of these products until they are on the bread basis in our menus.

"The market price of any product is regulated by the law of supply and demand," Miss Bales continued. The price of Durum will be raised proportionately as the consumption of Durum products is increased. Today this country is the largest producer of the wheat desirable for macaroni products in the world and North Dakota has practically a monopoly on its production in America. The Durum products consumed in this country are approximately only six pounds per capita annually, while in some European countries as high as fifty or sixty pounds per capita are consumed each year.

BANK CASE
HEARING SOON

Jury May be Called in 3 Weeks if Demurrers Are Lost

Motions and demurrers in the indictments resulting from the alleged wrecking of the Scandinavian American Bank of Fargo will be heard at Fargo by District Judge Plank McKenna on March 6, Attorney General George Shaffer announced today.

The attorney general said that his understanding was that Judge McKenna had arranged to call a jury at Lisbon about three weeks after the hearing of the demurrers etc., for the hearing of the cases involved, if the demurrers are not sustained.

H. J. Hagren, formerly president of the Scandinavian American Bank will probably be the first one of the defendants to be tried.

PLACE BAN ON
ENLISTMENT OF MINORS

Washington, Feb. 21.—By a vote of 177 to 134 the house today insisted on its provision in the annual army appropriation bill prohibiting the enlistment of persons of 21 years of age without the written consent of parents or guardian.

ARREST SMOKERS

Salt Lake City, Utah, Feb. 21.—Four prominent Salt Lake citizens will face charges of violation of the Utah Anti-Cigarette law following their arrest yesterday in a local cafe by deputy sheriffs.

The accused are: Ernest Bamberger, last fall republican candidate for Republican senator; Ambrose N. McKay, general manager of the Salt Lake Tribune; and E. Newhouse, an official of the American Melting and Refining Company, and J. C. Lynch local capitalist. All but McKay were arrested as they sat at a table in the dining room. The newspaper publisher was arrested as he was paying his bill. The charge is smoking in a public place prohibited by the Utah Anti-smoking Act.

WILL RETURN BANKER

Minneapolis, Feb. 21.—David Ugland, North Dakota banker probably will be returned to North Dakota where he is wanted to serve a term in the state penitentiary, police said today. Sheriff Baxter of Devils Lake in Iowa today, they said, and is expected here to tomorrow to take Ugland into custody.

UNDERTAKERS IN SESSION

Fargo, Feb. 21.—An address scheduled to be given today by Dr. H. K. French of the state board of health, Grand Forks, before the eighth annual convention of the North Dakota

GET IN UNDER
WIRE IN DRIVE
IN LAST DAYS

(Continued from Page One)

cause a more equitable division affording to population based on the last census, and protests by Nonpartisans that it was purely a political move designed to give their opponents control of both houses of the legislature two years from now.

The bill makes the following changes: Makes two legislative districts out of Stutsman county, giving that county two senators; combines Grant and Sioux counties in one legislative district; taking Sioux from Hettinger and Adams makes one district of Sheridan and Kidder; the former being one district at the present and the latter being combined with Emmons; makes Emmons one district, takes one representative from Bottineau county and gives one more to Morton county.

The first bill on which argument arose in the senate was senate bill 44 which creates a three man highway commission in conformity with the federal aid plan. After a number of amendments to the bill had been offered chiefly from Nonpartisan League sources it was passed by a vote of 30 to 18. The vote was not along party lines.

Married Women Bar

The senators indulged in considerable horse play over Senator Martin's bill to bar married women from holding positions with the state and then passed the bill and applied the clincher motion to it. There are grave doubts regarding the constitutionality of the measure, and it will probably find the slitting in the house rough.

The bill taking away from the governor the right to remove public officials was passed practically without opposition.

The same was true of Senator Bonds joint resolution for the amendment to the constitution to permit the issuance of bonds up to seven and a half million dollars to take care of the obligations of the state guaranty fund immediately.

Dirt Farmer Law Stays

It was on Senator Hamilton's bill to amend the initiative law which provided that the Bank of North Dakota might make loans only to farmers actually residing on their farms that the political clash came. Senator Levang, Nonpartisan claimed that the farmers had been deceived voting for the measure. "That is news to me," said Senator Eastgate. "If the farmers could never be mistaken."

The bill was killed 26 to 21 although again the vote was not strictly along party lines.

Work Rapidly

The senate worked rapidly through the day session yesterday, passing 21 bills and killing four more. Senator Frank Plovnar presided during a large part of the session while Lieutenant Governor Hyland was checking up on the condition of the senate calendar.

The administration bill revising the state election law was given final passage by the senate accepting the house amendments. League senators made strenuous fight to have further consideration of the measure postponed but the Independents had on their working clothes and it went through flying with Senator Martin of Morton voting with the Independents.

Two bills dealing with the guaranty fund commission were killed by a number of Independents uniting with the league minority in both cases. They were Senate bill 271, which would have given the guaranty fund commission discretionary power in connection

with the issuance of charters for new banks, and S. B. 365 which called for the repeal of the depositors guaranty law, effective July 1, 1924.

Several senators spoke against the latter bill in some cases claiming that they were opposed to the guaranty fund law but that it would be a mistake to repeal it at this time as it would tend to reduce the volume of deposits in the state banks when they were badly needed and possibly result in the closing of more of these institutions.

The final vote was 36 to 12 in favor of the indefinite postponement of the bill.

Syndicalism Bill Fails

Senator Atkins bill making tighter the laws against criminal syndicalism, and designed to curb the activities of the I. W. W. was killed. Several Independents voted for the indefinite postponement of the measure feeling that it was drawn to take in too much territory.

Several of the important tax program bills went through the senate during the afternoon. Chief of these was Senator Ettestad's bill which repeals all exemptions on private property except those on farm buildings, and Senate bill 255 approved by the majority of the committee on taxes and laws, which provides for the assessment of all taxable property on a basis of 75 per cent of its actual valuation.

Senator Ettestad's bill of course continues the exemption on public property and the property of religious, fraternal and similar organizations.

The senate also passed Senator Van Camp's bill which repealed the limitation on the tax levies of local subdivisions set by the 1919 legislative session. The question of limitations is being taken care of in a house bill which will be before the senate next week.

Oil Tax Bill

In connection with the taxation program the senate also passed Senate Bill 379 which amends the present oil tax bill so as to provide for a flat tax of one cent per gallon on all gasoline and exempts kerosene from taxation.

A fight developed over the passage of Senate Bill 357 which included a provision for the appropriation of \$1,500 for the carrying on a survey of the lignite resources of the state. Senator Ruch of Cass county declared that he was opposed to the bill if the appropriation was to be spent under the direction of Dean Babcock of the state university, declaring that considerable funds had already been appropriated for such purposes and that no report had yet been produced by Dean Babcock.

Senator Eastgate of Grand Forks expressed similar views, but the bill was finally passed, the vote standing 41 to 7.

Appropriation bills passed by the senate during the afternoon included those for the experiment station at the state agricultural college, for the agricultural college itself, and for Valley City normal school.

Senators Hamilton and Martin led a determined fight against the

Funeral Director's association was not given because the speaker was called to Bismarck. The address of H. F. Horner, state's attorney of Cass county went by the board because of absence.

At today's session the following committee chairmen were appointed: T. G. C. Kennedy of Mandan, legislative committee; A. H. Johnson of Mayville, finance committee.

Election of officers will take place tomorrow the final day.

64 Persons Held
In Counterfeit Case

New York, Feb. 21.—Sixty-four persons have been arrested in what secret service men call "the most elaborate counterfeiting plot ever discovered in this country," according to Joseph Palma, chief of a special squad of detectives in the New York district today. Twenty-eight persons were rounded up last night and 36 apprehended in the last two weeks.

Storm Victim
Brought to Hospital

Another victim of the recent blizzard was Miss Vendla Vitka, age 28, a teacher of Britton who sustained badly frozen legs, feet, and nose as a result of attempting first to ride horseback and then to walk to her school Wednesday, the day following the big storm. She was brought to the St. Alex hospital yesterday for treatment.

FROZEN COW STANDING

Jamestown, N. D., Feb. 21.—The Northern Pacific snow plow crew report finding a cow, frozen and standing upright in the middle of the track in a "cut" just west of Chaslev. The animal had evidently walked onto the snow bank in the cut, when wandering in the storm Tuesday, and broke through the crust to be buried by swiftly drifting snow which held her in an upright position.

NAVAJO DESIGN

Navajo designs are found woven in the hems of knitted frocks, or adorning the collars and cuffs of the smartest sweaters. Usually they are in black or in a darker tone than the body of the frock.

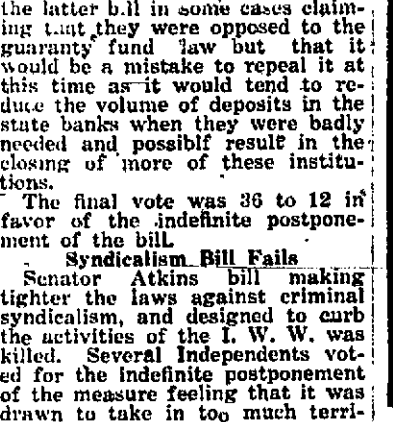
POCKETS ALLOWED

Those who love pockets—and most women do—will be glad to know that many dresses have one or two on the skirt sometimes of contrasting material, and sometimes of lace, embroidery, or brocade fabric. If there is but one pocket, it is always monogrammed.

POLISHING IVORY

You can restore the color to ivory-handled knives and forks when they have become discolored or old by rubbing them with very fine sandpaper or emery.

FATHER-IN-LAW



Here is a father-in-law to royalty. He is the Earl of Strathmore and Kingthorne, whose daughter Elizabeth is about to marry the Duke of York.

passage of Senate Bill 183 one of the measures sponsored by the children's code commission and designed to prevent children from carrying on street trades. They declared that the bill was so drawn as to prevent the children who were in the greatest need from earning an honest living, thus reducing him to the necessity of dishonesty. After a hot argument in which Senators Baird and Baker supported the measure of which they were the introducers it was passed the vote standing 27 to 26.

Senate Bill 297 which would have prevented foreign insurance companies from taking any part in the insurance of growing crops against hail failed of passage because of the lack of a constitutional majority.

STIFF LIMIT
LAW ON TAXES
PASSES HOUSE

(Continued from Page 1)

the debate which followed on the school limitations. Rep. Stark said to his knowledge it would cause the closing of many schools and Rep. Shaddock said he believed a similar situation would result elsewhere.

Rep. Jardine, chairman of the tax committee, said that reports to the tax commissioner showed that the bulk of the cities and school districts were within the limitation law, and that those districts above could go to a vote of the people. He said the tax committee had lowered the limit-

Senator Eastgate of Grand Forks expressed similar views, but the bill was finally passed, the vote standing 41 to 7.

Appropriation bills passed by the senate during the afternoon included those for the experiment station at the state agricultural college, for the agricultural college itself, and for Valley City normal school.

Senators Hamilton and Martin led a determined fight against the

National Wheat
Growers' Week
February 19 to 21

Proclamation issued by Governor Nestos.

A FEW FACTS TO THINK ABOUT

From 1910 until 1918 growers on the Pacific coast received for their wheat only 85 per cent of the price paid Middle West Growers. In 1919 they received 95 per cent and in 1922 they got 102 per cent of the Chicago prices. In other words growers on the coast formerly received less for their wheat than Middle West growers and now they receive more! Why? Because the Northwest Wheat Growers, associated after three years operation, controls the coast market.

Last year the Wheat Growers on the coast received from 10 to 18 cents more per bushel than the average price received by those who did not join the Wheat Growers association.

Over fifty million bushels of the 1922 crop will be marketed co-operatively by ten state associations. Never has the wheat market been more stable than this year, and rarely have such premium prices been offered! This is just a beginning. Last year Montana Wheat Growers marketed 250,000 bushels of pooled wheat. This year the pool has increased to 7,000,000 bushels! The reason is SATISFIED members. If other states increase in proportion, it will not be long before the Wheat Growers will CONTROL the exportable surplus, and then they will be in a position to hang a price tag on every bushel of wheat sold!

The North Dakota Wheat Growers association has a membership of almost 10,000. At least 5,000,000 bushels will be pooled. The cost of selling will be less than ONE CENT per bushel, according to present indications. Not as much as the elevator now pays the commission firms. Why? Volume of business. The North Dakota Wheat Growers association is the BIGGEST BUSINESS IN THE STATE and growing every day. On January 31st the cash footings were \$1,500,000.

The North Dakota Bankers' association has vouched for the financial responsibility of the association and the economic soundness of the methods of doing business. All the officials are bonded with the American Security company, New York.

ARE YOU ONE OF THE FELLOWS LOOKING ON?
OR? ARE YOU ONE OF THE MEN OF VISION?
ARE YOU PLAYING SQUARE WITH YOURSELF
AND YOUR NEIGHBOR?
SIT DOWN AND WRITE FOR A MEMBERSHIP
AGREEMENT. IT WILL BE THE MOST PROFIT-
ABLE STEP YOU HAVE EVER TAKEN.

(For further information write)
NORTH DAKOTA WHEAT GROWERS
ASSOCIATION.
GRAND FORKS, NORTH DAKOTA.

tation in each case by four mills because of the agreement for a 75 per cent valuation on all real property without any exemptions except farm improvements, which would increase the present valuation.

Rep. Twichell declared if the house wanted to put a limitation law high enough so that no districts would be affected it need not pass any law at all.

Statement on Schools

Rep. Stark read a statement from the state superintendent's office saying that 325 school districts were over the 16 mill limit, that a 16 mill limit even with unchanged values "will handicap many high school districts and many consolidated school districts."

Rep. Jackson, replying, asked Rep. Stark, if it were not a fact that the state superintendent's office was opposed to any limitation and "also is this report given for the purpose of information or for propaganda?"

Rep. Ehr, Ward, county, declared that "some of the schools have too many frills and the frills will never be cut out if they have all the money they want."

A vote on Rep. Stark's motion, to restore the former limitation provisions which were in each case 4 mills higher than those offered, failed by a vote of 49 to 50.

The house adopted the conference report on house bill No. 8, the city zoning bill, which, as amended by the senate permits all cities of 6,000 population or over to establish restricted districts with regard to the height, character and location of buildings and classes of buildings.

REPORT COAL SHORTAGE

Fargo, Feb. 21.—The recent blizzard caused a coal shortage in various parts of the state of North Dakota according to reports. Most of

MEASLES
may be followed by serious
and troubles, use nightly—
VICKS
VAPOR
Over 17 Million Jars Used Yearly

To The Honorable Members Of The
Eighteenth Legislative Assembly:

We, the single working girls of Mandan and Bismarck appeal to you from the bottom of our hearts to aid us in obtaining public positions which are now being held by married women whose husbands are able bodied and able to earn a living wage.

Many of us who have worked our way through school in order that we may be able to earn an honest living and live a decent life find it almost impossible to obtain work in public offices for the reason that married women seem to hold the upper hand. In order to keep the wolf from the door, many of us are doing any kind of work we can find to do.

If you have daughters who you are educating so that they may be able to earn a living in the future, they will also be deprived of work some day if married women are to be given preference in public offices.

We appeal to you to protect us and give us a half a chance. (Advertisement.)

Guard Your Health
SANYKIT
Affords Highest Protection
PREVENTIVE FOR MEN
Large Size 50¢ (45¢)
Small Size 25¢ (20¢)
All Druggists or
85 N. Yankton St., New York
Write for Circular

CAPITOL Last Time
TONIGHT
**Quincy Adams
Sawyer**
9 reels of stupendous thrills. Better than
"Way Down East." Greatest cast ever
assembled for one picture.
Adults 35c. Children 20c.

Eltinge TONIGHT
WEDNESDAY
and
THURSDAY
AGNES AYRES
"A Daughter
Of Luxury"
A Paramount Picture
Tom
Gallery
Zasu
Pitts
Clarence
Burton
in the cast
Supposed to be a wealthy
heiress and really flat-
broke and friendless—
that's pretty Agnes
Ayres in this picture. A
lively love story with
plenty of tense, dramatic
moments. The star was
never so lavishly gowned
and vivacious.
A CHRISTIE COMEDY
"Pardon My Glove"

SPORT FACE NOW RAGE IN BERLIN CIRCLES

Berlin, Feb. 21.—What is known as the "American sport face" is all the rage these days among the young men of Berlin. As a consequence of the fad, whiskers and even the "Kaiser mustache," so popular prior to the war, has been pushed off the boards.

Many young Germans wear a kind of natty "Charley Chaplin" adornment upon their upper lip, and this is known as American too, but the majority of the fashionably dressed young men in the streets and cafes are smooth shaven. Many of them, so the barbers say, shave the first thing in the morning and again late in the day, before starting out for the evening.

Among the workmen and certain old timers still in the army or government service, a modified "Kaiser's mustache" continues to be worn. There was a time here when nearly all of the old rank officers wore upright mustaches which reached nearly to their eyes. But the mustache of the militaristic points, in which the individual took marvelous pride, is entirely out of date.

Whiskers, generally speaking, are unpopular excepting in old-fashioned circles where some of the aged men continue to wear beards, sip beer daily in their favorite haunts of many years, and smoke the long stemmed "Dutchman" pipe which years ago was all the go among German in the United States.

GREEK KING POPULAR WITH HIS SUBJECTS

Athens, Feb. 21.—George, the new king of Greece, has probably become convinced by this time that it depends on him and on him alone to keep his throne, and that he has nothing to fear from the republican side. Foreign observers do not consider the Greek people ripe for a republican regime, and argue that the sooner the promoters of the republicanism realize that the better it will be for the country.

George was popular as a prince, and there is no reason why he should not be popular as a king. As for Elizabeth, the Queen, her beautiful and kindly features and her dignified bearing have created an excellent first impression on the people. If the young sovereign keeps aloof from politics, it is felt, nothing will come to mar the happiness of their reign.

An ideal sovereign for Greece was the late George I, observant Greeks declare, and his grandson, George II cannot do better than follow in his steps. George I never interfered in internal politics any further than he was allowed to by the constitution. Never during his long reign of forty years did he take unfair advantage of his royal prerogatives; never did he refuse to sign a decree approved by the cabinet.

In this latter connection it is not uninteresting to chronicle a remark once made by the late King Alexander, the present king's brother, who succeeded Constantine after his first dethronement. Talking to a friend one day about the exercise of his royal duties, Alexander said:

"I never read decrees before signing them. My grandfather never read them, and he reigned for forty years. He would have reigned longer had he not been murdered. My father used to read the decrees, and he lost his throne. I shall do as my grandfather did."

King George had an amusing experience the other day. A retired American Admiral asked for an audience of his majesty, who willingly acceded to it. On the day appointed, the admiral went to the palace and was immediately ushered into the king's study.

The admiral's uniform for the occasion and welcomed the American admiral with his usual good-natured affability. So simple was the king in his manner that the American admiral did not realize that he was in the royal presence; he believed that he was talking to his majesty's naval aide-de-camp. He continued to talk, tapped him on the shoulder and congratulated him on having won his admiral's stripes so young.

"And are you now located at the Palace?" asked the visitor.

"Yes," said the king.

"And how long do you expect to remain here?" was the next question.

"Until I am removed," was the answer.

PLACE BAN ON ENLISTMENT OF MINORS

Washington, Feb. 21.—By a vote of 177 to 134 the house today insisted on its provision in the annual army appropriation bill prohibiting the enlistment of persons of 21 years of age without the written consent of parents or guardian.

ARREST SMOKERS

Salt Lake City, Utah, Feb. 21.—Four prominent Salt Lake citizens will face charges of violation of the Utah Anti-Cigarette law following their arrest yesterday in a local cafe by deputy sheriffs.

The accused are: Ernest Bamberger, last fall republican candidate for Republican senator; Ambrose N. McKay, general manager of the Salt Lake Tribune, and E. Newhouse, an official of the American Melting and Refining Company, and J. C. Lynch local capitalist. All but McKay were arrested as they sat at a table in the dining room. The newspaper publisher was arrested as he was paying his bill. The charge is smoking in a public place prohibited by the Utah Anti-smoking Act.

LOVE NEST? THEY SAY NO



Is Major Robert Connor, lumber king and thrice mayor of Marshfield, Wis., also Robert Brown, salesman of Milwaukee? Interest is added to the question by the fact that Connor is married and the father of two children; while Mr. and Mrs. Robert Brown have three children. Connor and Mrs. Brown, formerly Miss Bertina Gertler, a stenographer of Marshfield, have been arrested charged with illicit living together. They, as well as Mrs. Connor, deny the charges. Hearing is set for March 5. Pictures show Major Connor, Mrs. Brown and the Browns' home.

EAT DAKOTA DURUM PRODUCTS, URGES EXPERT AT AG. COLLEGE

Fargo, N. D., Feb. 21.—While the consumption of Durum wheat products such as macaroni, Vermicelli, sea shells and egg noodles is only a small part of what it might be, and the food value and palatability of products made from North Dakota's distinctive grain crop are at present only barely appreciated, more knowledge of the delicious dishes which can be prepared from these products in American kitchens is destined to stimulate greatly the market for Dakota durum.

This statement made by Miss Alba Bales, head of the School of Economics, North Dakota Agricultural college yesterday was in the nature of comment on the "Use More Dakota Durum Products" campaign, in prospect among North Dakota growers, and stimulated by Dr. John Lee Coulter, president of the college during the recent sessions in Fargo of the Tri-State Grain Growers convention.

"Probably more actual food value can be purchased for a dime by buying Durum products than by buying practically any other food product on the market," Miss Bales pointed out.

Macaroni also gives one the feeling of having eaten meat, especially when it is prepared with bits of left-over meat, with meat stock, or with cheese and milk combination which make such deliciously balanced dishes.

"It is of inestimable value to this country and particularly to North Dakota that our people learn to eat more macaroni products and what is even more important to prepare delicious palatable Durum dishes. A large part of our agricultural state is dependent upon the demand for Durum which is the only wheat that will make high grade macaroni paste. Products made of this paste are really unexcelled bread and it is a part of the job of North Dakota people to help increase the consumption of these products until they are on the bread basis in our menus."

"The market price of any product is regulated by the law of supply and demand," Miss Bales continued. The price of Durum will be raised proportionately as the consumption of Durum products is increased. Today this country is the largest producer of the wheat, desirable for macaroni products in the world and North Dakota has practically a monopoly on its production in America. The Durum products consumed in this country are approximately only six pounds per capita annually, while in some European countries as high as fifty or sixty pounds per capita are consumed each year.

Funeral Director's association was not given because the speaker was called to Bismarck. The address of H. F. Horner, state's attorney of Cass county went by the board because of absence.

At today's session the following committee chairman were appointed: T. G. C. Kennedy of Mandan, legislative committee; A. H. Johnson of Mayville, finance committee.

Election of officers will take place tomorrow the final day.

64 Persons Held In Counterfeit Case

New York, Feb. 21.—Sixty-four persons have been arrested in what secret service men call "the most elaborate counterfeiting plot ever discovered in this country," according to Joseph Palma, chief of a special squad of detectives in the New York district today. Twenty-eight persons were rounded up last night and 36 apprehended in the last two weeks.

Storm Victim Brought to Hospital

Another victim of the recent blizzard was Miss Vendia Vitalis, age 28, a teacher of Britton who sustained badly frozen legs, feet, and nose as a result of attempting first to ride horseback and then to walk to her school Wednesday, the day following the big storm.

She was brought to the St. Alex hospital yesterday for treatment.

FROZEN COW STANDING.

Janestown, N. D., Feb. 21.—The Northern Pacific snow crew report finding a cow frozen and standing upright in the middle of the track in a cut just west of Chasley. The animal had evidently walked onto the snow bank in the cut, when wandering in the storm Tuesday, and broke through the crust to be buried by swiftly drifting snow which held her in an upright position.

NAVAJO DESIGN.

Navajo designs are found woven in the hems of knitted frocks, or adorning the collars and cuffs of the smartest sweaters. Usually they are in black or in a darker tone than the body of the frock.

POCKETS ALLOWED.

Those who love pockets—and most women do—will be glad to know that many dresses have one or two on the skirt, sometimes of contrasting material, and sometimes of lace, embroidery, or brocade fabric. If there is one pocket, it is always monogrammed.

POLISHING IVORY.

You can restore the color to ivory-handled knives and forks when they have become discolored or old by rubbing them with very fine sandpaper or emery.

WILL RETURN BANKER

Minneapolis, Feb. 21.—David Uglund, North Dakota banker probably will be returned to North Dakota where he is wanted to serve a term in the state penitentiary, police said today. Sheriff Rutter of Devils Lake in Iowa today, they said, is expected here to morrow to take Uglund into custody.

UNDERTAKERS IN SESSION.

Fargo, Feb. 21.—An address scheduled to be given today by Dr. H. E. French of the state board of health, Grand Forks, before the eighth annual convention of the North Dakota

GET IN UNDER WIRE IN DRIVE IN LAST DAYS

(Continued from Page One)

cause a more equitable division affording to population based on the last census, and protests by Nonpartisans that it was purely a political move designed to give their opponents control of both houses of the legislature two years from now.

The bill makes the following changes: Makes two legislative districts out of Stutsman county, giving that county two senators; combines Grant and Sioux counties in one legislative district; taking Sioux from Hettinger and Adams; makes one district of Sheridan and Kidder, the former being one district at the present and the latter being combined with Emmons; makes Emmons one district, takes one representative from Bottineau county and gives one more to Morton county.

The first bill on which argument arose in the senate was senate bill 44 which creates a three man high commission in conformity with the federal aid plan. After a number of amendments to the bill had been offered chiefly from Nonpartisan League sources it was passed by a vote of 30 to 18. The vote was not along party lines.

Married Women Bar

The senate was in considerable horse play over Senator Martin's bill to bar married women from holding positions with the state and then passed the bill and applied the clincher motion to it.

There are grave doubts regarding the constitutionality of the measure, and it will probably find the sledding in the house rough.

The bill taking away from the governor the right to remove public officials was passed practically without opposition.

The senate was true of Senator Bonds joint resolution for the submission to the people of a constitutional amendment to permit the issuance of bonds up to seven and a half million dollars to take care of the obligations of the state guaranty fund immediately.

Dir Farm Law Stays

It was on Senator Hamilton's bill to repeal the initiated law which provided that the Bank of North Dakota might make loans only to farmers actually residing on the land, that the political clash came. Senator Levang, Nonpartisan claimed that the farmers had been deceived voting for the measure. "That is news to me," said Senator Eastgate. "I thought the farmers could never be mistaken."

The bill was killed 26 to 21 although again the vote was not strictly along party lines.

Work Rapidly

The senate worked rapidly through the day session yesterday, passing 21 bills and killing four more. Senator Frank Poyhar presided during a large part of the session while Lieutenant Governor Hyland was checking up on the condition of the senate calendar.

The administration bill revising the state election law was given final passage by the senate accepting the house amendments. League senators made strenuous fight to have further consideration of the measure postponed but the Independents had on their working clothes and it went through flying with Senator Martin of Morton voting with the Independents.

Two bills dealing with the guaranty fund commission were killed by a number of Independents uniting with the league minority in both cases. They were Senate bill 271, which would have given the guaranty fund commission discretionary power in connection

with the issuance of charters for new banks, and S. B. 365 which called for the repeal of the depositors guaranty law, effective July 1, 1924.

Several senators spoke against the latter bill in some cases claiming that they were opposed to the guaranty fund law but that it was a mistake to repeal it at this time as it would tend to reduce the volume of deposits in the state banks when they were badly needed and possibly result in the closing of more of these institutions.

The final vote was 36 to 12 in favor of the indefinite postponement of the bill.

Syndicalism Bill Fails

Senator Atkins bill making tighter the laws against criminal syndicalism, and designed to curb the activities of the I. W. W., was killed. Several Independents voted for the indefinite postponement of the measure feeling that it was drawn to take in too much territory.

Several of the important tax program bills went through the senate during the afternoon. Chief of these was Senator Eitstad's bill which repeals all exemptions on private property except those on farm buildings, and Senate bill 255 approved by the majority of the committee on taxes and laws which provides for the assessment of all taxable property on a basis of 75 per cent of its actual value.

Senator Eitstad's bill of course continues the exemption on public property and the property of religious, fraternal and similar organizations.

The senate also passed Senator Van Camp's bill which repealed the limitation on the tax levies of local subdivisions set by the 1919 legislative session. The question of limitations is being taken care of in a house bill which will be before the senate next week.

Oil Tax Bill

In connection with the taxation program the senate also passed Senate Bill 379 which amends the present oil tax bill so as to provide for a flat tax of one cent per gallon on all gasoline and exempts kerosene from taxation.

A fight developed over the passage of Senate Bill 357 which included a provision for the appropriation of \$1,500 for the carrying on a survey of the lignite resources of the state. Senator Rusch of Cass county declared that he was opposed to the bill if the appropriation was to be spent under the direction of Dean Babcock of the state university, declaring that considerable funds had already been appropriated for such purposes and that no report had yet been produced by Dean Babcock.

Senator Eastgate of Grand Forks expressed similar views, but the bill was finally passed, the vote standing 41 to 7.

Appropriation bills passed by the senate during the afternoon included those for the experiment station at the state agricultural college, for the agricultural college itself, and for Valley City normal school.

Senators Hamilton and Martin led a determined fight against the

the issuance of charters for new banks, and S. B. 365 which called for the repeal of the depositors guaranty law, effective July 1, 1924.

Several senators spoke against the latter bill in some cases claiming that they were opposed to the guaranty fund law but that it was a mistake to repeal it at this time as it would tend to reduce the volume of deposits in the state banks when they were badly needed and possibly result in the closing of more of these institutions.

The final vote was 36 to 12 in favor of the indefinite postponement of the bill.

Syndicalism Bill Fails

Senator Atkins bill making tighter the laws against criminal syndicalism, and designed to curb the activities of the I. W. W., was killed. Several Independents voted for the indefinite postponement of the measure feeling that it was drawn to take in too much territory.

Several of the important tax program bills went through the senate during the afternoon. Chief of these was Senator Eitstad's bill which repeals all exemptions on private property except those on farm buildings, and Senate bill 255 approved by the majority of the committee on taxes and laws which provides for the assessment of all taxable property on a basis of 75 per cent of its actual value.

Senator Eitstad's bill of course continues the exemption on public property and the property of religious, fraternal and similar organizations.

The senate also passed Senator Van Camp's bill which repealed the limitation on the tax levies of local subdivisions set by the 1919 legislative session. The question of limitations is being taken care of in a house bill which will be before the senate next week.

Oil Tax Bill

In connection with the taxation program the senate also passed Senate Bill 379 which amends the present oil tax bill so as to provide for a flat tax of one cent per gallon on all gasoline and exempts kerosene from taxation.

A fight developed over the passage of Senate Bill 357 which included a provision for the appropriation of \$1,500 for the carrying on a survey of the lignite resources of the state. Senator Rusch of Cass county declared that he was opposed to the bill if the appropriation was to be spent under the direction of Dean Babcock of the state university, declaring that considerable funds had already been appropriated for such purposes and that no report had yet been produced by Dean Babcock.

Senator Eastgate of Grand Forks expressed similar views, but the bill was finally passed, the vote standing 41 to 7.

Appropriation bills passed by the senate during the afternoon included those for the experiment station at the state agricultural college, for the agricultural college itself, and for Valley City normal school.

Senators Hamilton and Martin led a determined fight against the

the issuance of charters for new banks, and S. B. 365 which called for the repeal of the depositors guaranty law, effective July 1, 1924.

Several senators spoke against the latter bill in some cases claiming that they were opposed to the guaranty fund law but that it was a mistake to repeal it at this time as it would tend to reduce the volume of deposits in the state banks when they were badly needed and possibly result in the closing of more of these institutions.

The final vote was 36 to 12 in favor of the indefinite postponement of the bill.

Syndicalism Bill Fails

Senator Atkins bill making tighter the laws against criminal syndicalism, and designed to curb the activities of the I. W. W., was killed. Several Independents voted for the indefinite postponement of the measure feeling that it was drawn to take in too much territory.

Several of the important tax program bills went through the senate during the afternoon. Chief of these was Senator Eitstad's bill which repeals all exemptions on private property except those on farm buildings, and Senate bill 255 approved by the majority of the committee on taxes and laws which provides for the assessment of all taxable property on a basis of 75 per cent of its actual value.

Senator Eitstad's bill of course continues the exemption on public property and the property of religious, fraternal and similar organizations.

The senate also passed Senator Van Camp's bill which repealed the limitation on the tax levies of local subdivisions set by the 1919 legislative session. The question of limitations is being taken care of in a house bill which will be before the senate next week.

Oil Tax Bill

In connection with the taxation program the senate also passed Senate Bill 379 which amends the present oil tax bill so as to provide for a flat tax of one cent per gallon on all gasoline and exempts kerosene from taxation.

A fight developed over the passage of Senate Bill 357 which included a provision for the appropriation of \$1,500 for the carrying on a survey of the lignite resources of the state. Senator Rusch of Cass county declared that he was opposed to the bill if the appropriation was to be spent under the direction of Dean Babcock of the state university, declaring that considerable funds had already been appropriated for such purposes and that no report had yet been produced by Dean Babcock.

Senator Eastgate of Grand Forks expressed similar views, but the bill was finally passed, the vote standing 41 to 7.

Appropriation bills passed by the senate during the afternoon included those for the experiment station at the state agricultural college, for the agricultural college itself, and for Valley City normal school.

Senators Hamilton and Martin led a determined fight against the

the issuance of charters for new banks, and S. B. 365 which called for the repeal of the depositors guaranty law, effective July 1, 1924.

Several senators spoke against the latter bill in some cases claiming that they were opposed to the guaranty fund law but that it was a mistake to repeal it at this time as it would tend to reduce the volume of deposits in the state banks when they were badly needed and possibly result in the closing of more of these institutions.

The final vote was 36 to 12 in favor of the indefinite postponement of the bill.

Syndicalism Bill Fails

Senator Atkins bill making tighter the laws against criminal syndicalism, and designed to curb the activities of the I. W. W., was killed. Several Independents voted for the indefinite postponement of the measure feeling that it was drawn to take in too much territory.

Several of the important tax program bills went through the senate during the afternoon. Chief of these was Senator Eitstad's bill which repeals all exemptions on private property except those on farm buildings, and Senate bill 255 approved by the majority of the committee on taxes and laws which provides for the assessment of all taxable property on a basis of 75 per cent of its actual value.

Senator Eitstad's bill of course continues the exemption on public property and the property of religious, fraternal and similar organizations.

The senate also passed Senator Van Camp's bill which repealed the limitation on the tax levies of local subdivisions set by the 1919 legislative session. The question of limitations is being taken care of in a house bill which will be before the senate next week.

FATHER-IN-LAW



Here is a father-in-law to royalty. He is the Earl of Strathmore and Kinghorne, whose daughter Elizabeth is about to marry the Duke of York.

passage of Senate Bill 183 one of the measures sponsored by the children's dode commission, and designed to prevent children from carrying on street trades. They declared that the bill was so drawn as to prevent the children who were in the greatest need from earning an honest living, thus reducing him to the necessity of dishonesty. After a hot argument in which Senators Baird and Baker supported the measure of which they were the introducers it was passed the vote standing 27 to 20.

Senate Bill 297 which would have prevented foreign insurance companies from taking any part in the insurance of growing crops against hail failed of passage because of the lack of a constitutional majority.

REPORT COAL SHORTAGE.

Fargo, Feb. 21.—The recent blizzard caused a coal shortage in various parts of the state of North Dakota according to reports. Most of

tation in each case by four mills because of the agreement for a 75 per cent valuation on all real property without any exemptions except farm improvements, which would increase the present valuation.

Rep. Twichell declared if the house wanted to put a limitation law high enough so that no districts would be affected it need not pass any law at all.

Statement on Schools.

Rep. Stark read a statement from the state superintendent's office saying that 325 school districts were over the 16 mill limit, that a 16 mill limit even with unchanged values "will handicap many high school districts and many consolidated school districts."

Rep. Jackson, replying, asked Rep. Stark, if it were not a fact that the state superintendent's office was opposed to any limitation and "also is this report given for the purpose of information or for propaganda?"

Rep. Ehr, Ward, county, declared that "some of the schools have too many frills and the frills will never be cut out if they have all the money they want."

A vote on Rep. Stark's motion, to restore the former limitation provisions which were in each case 4 mills higher than those offered, failed by a vote of 40 to 50.

The house adopted the conference report on house bill No. 8, the city zoning bill, which, as amended by the senate permits all cities of 6,000 population or over to establish restricted districts as regards to the height, character and location of buildings and classes of buildings.

STIFF LIMIT LAW ON TAXES PASSES HOUSE

(Continued from Page 1)

the debate which followed on the school limitations. Rep. Stark said to his knowledge it would cause the closing of many schools and Rep. Maddock said he believed a similar situation would result elsewhere.

Rep. Jardine, chairman of the tax committee, said that reports to the tax commissioner showed that the bulk of the cities and school districts were within the limitation law, and that those districts above could go to a vote of the people. He said the tax committee had lowered the limit.

Senators Hamilton and Martin led a determined fight against the

the issuance of charters for new banks, and S. B. 365 which called for the repeal of the depositors guaranty law, effective July 1, 1924.

Several senators spoke against the latter bill in some cases claiming that they were opposed to the guaranty fund law but that it was a mistake to repeal it at this time as it would tend to reduce the volume of deposits in the state banks when they were badly needed and possibly result in the closing of more of these institutions.

The final vote was 36 to 12 in favor of the indefinite postponement of the bill.

Syndicalism Bill Fails

Senator Atkins bill making tighter the laws against criminal syndicalism, and designed to curb the activities of the I. W. W., was killed. Several Independents voted for the indefinite postponement of the measure feeling that it was drawn to take in too much territory.

Several of the important tax program bills went through the senate during the afternoon. Chief of these was Senator Eitstad's bill which repeals all exemptions on private property except those on farm buildings, and Senate bill 255 approved by the majority of the committee on taxes and laws which provides for the assessment of all taxable property on a basis of 75 per cent of its actual value.

Senator Eitstad's bill of course continues the exemption on public property and the property of religious, fraternal and similar organizations.

The senate also passed Senator Van Camp's bill which repealed the limitation on the tax levies of local subdivisions set by the 1919 legislative session. The question of limitations is being taken care of in a house bill which will be before the senate next week.

Oil Tax Bill

In connection with the taxation program the senate also passed Senate Bill 379 which amends the present oil tax bill so as to provide for a flat tax of one cent per gallon on all gasoline and exempts kerosene from taxation.

A fight developed over the passage of Senate Bill 357 which included a provision for the appropriation of \$1,500 for the carrying on a survey of the lignite resources of the state. Senator Rusch of Cass county declared that he was opposed to the bill if the appropriation was to be spent under the direction of Dean Babcock of the state university, declaring that considerable funds had already been appropriated for such purposes and that no report had yet been produced by Dean Babcock.

Senator Eastgate of Grand Forks expressed similar views, but the bill was finally passed, the vote standing 41 to 7.

the issuance of charters for new banks, and S. B. 365 which called for the repeal of the depositors guaranty law, effective July 1, 1924.

Several senators spoke against the latter bill in some cases claiming that they were opposed to the guaranty fund law but that it was a mistake to repeal it at this time as it would tend to reduce the volume of deposits in the state banks when they were badly needed and possibly result in the closing of more of these institutions.

The final vote was 36 to 12 in favor of the indefinite postponement of the bill.

Syndicalism Bill Fails

Senator Atkins bill making tighter the laws against criminal syndicalism, and designed to curb the activities of the I. W. W., was killed. Several Independents voted for the indefinite postponement of the measure feeling that it was drawn to take in too much territory.

Several of the important tax program bills went through the senate during the afternoon. Chief of these was Senator Eitstad's bill which repeals all exemptions on private property except those on farm buildings, and Senate bill 255 approved by the majority of the committee on taxes and laws which provides for the assessment of all taxable property on a basis of 75 per cent of its actual value.

Senator Eitstad's bill of course continues the exemption on public property and the property of religious, fraternal and similar organizations.

The senate also passed Senator Van Camp's bill which repealed the limitation on the tax levies of local subdivisions set by the 1919 legislative session. The question of limitations is being taken care of in a house bill which will be before the senate next week.

Oil Tax Bill

In connection with the taxation program the senate also passed Senate Bill 379 which amends the present oil tax bill so as to provide for a flat tax of one cent per gallon on all gasoline and exempts kerosene from taxation.

A fight developed over the passage of Senate Bill 357 which included a provision for the appropriation of \$1,500 for the carrying on a survey of the lignite resources of the state. Senator Rusch of Cass county declared that he was opposed to the bill if the appropriation was to be spent under the direction of Dean Babcock of the state university, declaring that considerable funds had already been appropriated for such purposes and that no report had yet been produced by Dean Babcock.

Senator Eastgate of Grand Forks expressed similar views, but the bill was finally passed, the vote standing 41 to 7.

Appropriation bills passed by the senate during the afternoon included those for the experiment station at the state agricultural college, for the agricultural college itself, and for Valley City normal school.

Senators Hamilton and Martin led a determined fight against the

the issuance of charters for new banks, and S. B. 365 which called for the repeal of the depositors guaranty law, effective July 1, 1924.

Several senators spoke against the latter bill in some cases claiming that they were opposed to the guaranty fund law but that it was a mistake to repeal it at this time as it would tend to reduce the volume of deposits in the state banks when they were badly needed and possibly result in the closing of more of these institutions.

The final vote was 36 to 12 in favor of the indefinite postponement of the bill.

BIG CITY MAN LACKING IN CIVIC PRIDE

Cleveland, O., Feb. 21.—The city man, in a sense, a lost man, Rev. Ralph W. Soberman, of New York city, told the Council of Cities of the Methodist Episcopal Church meeting here today. "No longer noted in the city, he lacks a sense of civic pride," continued Rev. Soberman, who has been extremely large in his loss of civic pride. The denizens of Gopher Prairie and the "Rabbits" of sixth-sized cities may be inspired by a boosting loyalty to serve the institutions of their home towns. But in New York City, for instance, men feel the place has something enough to run itself. "They will get what they can out of it for themselves. The counting bees suck their sustenance from the skyscraping petals of our cities and then make their deposits in the suburban money comb. If the man on Broadway or Michigan boulevard felt the same sense of responsibility as on Main Street, the moral and civic tone of our metropolitan centers would be immeasurably elevated, and the problem of the city church would be almost wholly changed. The individual personality wits in a crowd. "The loss of the urban mind shows itself not only in lack of responsibility but in its craving for change. Our cities are places of unrest. The very environment is one rapid run. A passer-by looks at a building twice because it may be taken when he returns next week. We are told to look into the distance, to see the horizon. The hills suggest the eternal. But the man-made walls of city stone suggest not the eternal, but the temporary. This changeability of the environment is the cause of the urban dweller. "The city mind tends to become a mind. Our age generally is characterized by fragmentary thinking. Ours is the generation of the short story, the choppy scenario, the sketchy impressionistic art. In the city, this trait is accentuated. Here is a real question for the church. "The preacher must recognize that the people are not thinking things through. In my opinion the outstanding single need of the city is the church. The church is the only constructive theological teaching which can interpret to the city its fitting half-thought-out past. The lost urban mind must have a guide in the pulpit. "Social castes separate and confuse the city dwellers. The public school is no longer the meeting place of rich and poor on a plane of comradeship. "Who shall dissolve these racial and class distinctions, if the church is not? The church must be a ground for democracy."

Estimate Population At 110 Millions

New York, Feb. 20.—The population of the continental United States on January 1, 1923, was approximately 110,000,000 according to preliminary estimate made by the National Bureau of Economic Research, of this city and given out today. This shows an estimated gain of 4,500,000 since the date of the last government census. "These figures are necessarily preliminary," says the bureau for the final census figures on births and deaths are incomplete after the end of 1920. However, enough data are available to show that since January 1, 1921 the rate of increase in population growth has been accelerated noticeably, the present rate approaching that of pre-war years. "This more rapid action in population, according to the bureau, has been brought about partly by increase in net migration, but has been decidedly reinforced by a reduction in the death rate. At the present rate of growth, the population at the 1930 census will reach 120,000,000."

MANDAN NEWS

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Nichols of Waterville, Ia., are the guests of their daughter, Mrs. Lewis F. Lyman. Miss Cecelia Lutz, Oshkosh, Wis., former milliner at the Boston Cash store is in Mandan visiting with friends. Miss Lutz is on her way to Livingston, Mont., where she will be employed as a milliner. A marriage license was issued yesterday by County Judge E. W. Shaw to Miss Mary Anna Mes and John Bender, both of Hebron. George H. Ilse, county agent, left yesterday for Flasher where he is conducting the first of three public meetings to be held during the week as part of an educational campaign for diversified farming and co-operative marketing.

BAD COLD GONE IN FEW HOURS

"Pape's Cold Compound" Acts Quick, Costs Little, and Never Sickness! In a few hours your cold is gone, head and nose clear, no feverishness, headache, no stuffed-up feeling. Druggists here guarantee these pleasant tablets to break up a cold or the grippe quicker than any other. They never make you sick or uncomfortable. Buy a box of "Pape's Cold Compound" for a few cents and get rid of your cold right now.—Adv.

PETTICOAT GOVERNMENT! HERE'S A TOWN LIKES IT



TO THE LEFT: DR. M. JOSIE ROGERS, MAYOR OF DAYTONA; RIGHT, CITY CLERK LOUISE HOUGH; CENTER, EXECUTIVE SECRETARY ANN ORR OF THE DAYTONA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

By NEA Service. Daytona, Fla., Feb. 21.—Petticoat government! Efficient! Honest! Accommodating! Economical! These are among the adjectives the citizens apply to the present municipal administration. The mayor's a woman. The city clerk likewise. And the executive secretary of the Chamber of Commerce. Strictly speaking, this latter may not classify as a governmental position, but it's always been regarded as more than half political and it's recognized as of highest importance to Daytona's material welfare. Started With Mayor. It started with the majority. Several months ago the city found itself face to face with the task of choosing a new chief magistrate. The electors were split into two irreconcilable factions. Then somebody had the happy thought of a compromise on Dr. M. Josie Rogers. Re-sult—the swish of a skirt in the mayor's office, geraniums on the city hall window sills, and peace. Next the city clerk fell ill and had to quit. The commissioners were considerably unsettled over the selection of his successor—until the suggestion was advanced that a woman mayor had proved such a

tors association and miners union. Passed 44-3. S. B. 342—Clarifies the present inheritance tax law to exclude tax on moneys and credits taxed under other provisions. Passed 43-4. S. B. 333—Independent party's election bill calling for non-party column ballots. Senate voted 27 to 21 against indefinite postponement. S. B. 300—One of administration taxation laws. Places corporate excess funds upon the assessment list. Passed. S. B. 253—Repeals Shapt. 122, S. L. 1921, which limited cities and villages to levy not in excess of average for three years previously. S. B. 146—Would remove from tax exempt list property such as residences, plants, warehouses and other buildings outside of corporate limits of villages or cities which are not bona fide farm property. Passed 36-11. S. B. 285—Assessing all taxable property in the state upon a seventy-five percent valuation for taxation purposes. Passed 27 to 19, but emergency lost. S. B. 346—Prohibits any state official or department from incurring a deficit in operation of his office or department, prescribing a penalty. Passed 36 to 16. S. B. 108—Makes appropriation for enforcement of feeding stuffs, fertilizer, beverage and sanitary inspection laws. Cuts award from \$56,000 for the biennium to \$40,000. Passed 36 to 6. S. B. 357—Makes an appropriation of \$1,500 for use by a special unpaid commission in collecting data concerning lignite coal and publishing a complete report on coal deposits, possibilities, industry, bricking etc. etc. now in possession by Dr. E. J. Babcock of the U. S. D. school of mines and other experts. To be printed and given next legislative assembly as guidance in future coal or coal industry legislation. Passed 41 to 0. S. B. 88—Appropriation \$292,250 to pay for maintenance of experimental station at Fargo agricultural college. S. B. 82—Appropriation \$322,230 for Valley City Normal. Passed 41-0. S. B. 284—Cuts the lawyer license annual fee from \$15 to \$5.00. Passed 32 to 0. S. B. 371—Re-enacting the drug inspection act, modernizing the state along line suggested and statute passed by legislature department, 41-0. Places department under state pure food commission and chemist. S. B. 379—Companion bill to the gasoline oil tax measure, providing for inspection and regulation under the state pure food commissioner and chemist. Passed 38 to 9. S. B. 286—Requires that the state shall return to the state bar board \$5.00 from each lawyer's license collected to pay for publication of its proceedings and filing copies with state libraries, courts, etc. S. B. 372—Revision and re-writing of the hotel inspection to include restaurants on sanitation, cleanliness and food served. Under pure food commissioner. Passed 37 to 0. S. B. 272—Revises methods of levying tax for the care of patients at insane hospital, requiring, and providing method of settling disputed claims. Passed 38 to 0. S. B. 389—Regulating the reservation of mineral rights as apart from the actual transfer of land, and providing for the transfer of the same. 42 to 1. S. B. 44: One of the Good Roads association measures; creating a state highway commission, prescribing powers etc. Passed, 30 to 18. Emergency lost. S. B. 380: Authorizing county commissioners to lay out and construct highways on a state line. Designed to clear up situation in Adams county where Yellowstone trail follows interstate line for several miles. Similar bill passed in South Dakota. Passed, 45 to 0. S. B. 292—Providing custodian for biological station at Devils Lake by placing station under control of game and fish board and requiring that organization furnish caretaker. Passed 45 to 2. S. B. 390: Prohibiting the employment of a married woman in any public office in state whose husband is able-bodied and able to earn a living wage. Provide penalty. Passed, 25 to 22, by the bare constitutional majority. S. B. 332: Repealing statutes by which officials may be removed by the governor. Bill introduced by Ingerson (N.), Burke, amended in many ways before accepted for passage, 25 to 10.

Success as Collector. Presently the Chamber of Commerce was called on to employ a new executive secretary. While the directors were thinking the matter over Ann Orr, 22 years old, who had been doing miscellaneous office work three or four years, went out and collected several thousand dollars' worth of bad debts that everybody else had considered hopeless. Thereupon the chamber judiciously elected her to the vacant secretaryship. This is how Daytona succumbed to petticoat rule. Easy to Manage "The bigger they are the harder they fall," Bob Fitzsimmons has often been quoted as saying. Paraphrasing his words—"The fiercer they look," remark Mayor Rogers, City Clerk Hough and Executive Secretary Orr, "the easier they are to manage." What's more, there's a great deal of talk of adding several more women to Daytona's list of city officials.

LEGISLATIVE CALENDAR

Passed by House H. B. 30—Appropriating \$100,000 for state share in construction of federal aid bridge over Red River at Fargo-Moorhead. Passed 60-48. H. B. 259—Repealing standing appropriation board of pardons, putting annual appropriation up to budget board. H. B. 273—Same action as H. B. 259 on livestock sanitary board. H. B. 258—Same on standing appropriation cruelty to animals fund. H. B. 257—Same on enforcement of beverage and sanitary law fund. H. B. 263—Same on sale of public lands fund. H. B. 74—Appropriation \$3,500 retire certain bonds Red River bridge in Walsh county. H. B. 51—\$85,000 bridge building state-federal aid project at Des Moines. H. B. 297—Repealing public utilities—pen, capitol, bridge, reform school electric light plant unit—passed by last session. Passed 60-49. H. B. 108—\$78,220 for state school science, Wahpeton. 81-25. H. B. 267—Repealing standing appropriation board of administration. Passed 93-12. H. B. 207—Appropriating \$15,000 to board of auditors. Passed 97 to 8. H. B. 104—\$10,000 biennial appropriation Grand Forks Fair, 97 to 37. H. B. 111—\$10,000 for two years fairs at Fargo. 83 to 37. H. B. 114—\$10,000 biennial aid to Missouri Slope fair at Mandan. Passed 57 to 42. Clincher applied to all three fair awards.

PROF A PEER



Professor Charles E. Pellew, formerly professor of chemistry at Columbia University, has become the sixth Viscount of Exmouth through the death of his father who succeeded to the title last August on the death of a cousin.

Stage Lures Member of Nobility



The Hon. Sylvia Gough, wife of Captain Wilfred Gough and daughter of General Sir Hugh Sutley-Gough, has startled London society with the announcement that she is about to go on the stage and will begin as a chorus girl.

S. B. 329: Permits taxpayer to appeal in county court from decision of tax commissioner if action is brought in 60 days. Passed, 46 to 0. S. B. 304: Proposing bond issue of \$7,500,000, through referendum of constitutional amendment. Funds needed to pay taxes of Guaranty Fund Commission, and to be so voted upon. Passed, 30 to 13. Killed by Senate. S. B. 73: Amends law concerning cutting of weeds along highways. Indefinitely postponed. S. B. 225: Administration attempt to correct faults in grain grading law approved by vote of people at last election and parts of which were held unconstitutional. Secured 26 to 21 majority on strict party line vote, but lost through failure to secure two-thirds majority of senate. S. B. 238: Aimed to remove that portion of the Bank of North Dakota act limiting loans to only "dirt farmers." Passed, 26 to 21, with Lynch, McLaughlin Ployhar, Van Camp and Whitman, Independents, voting with league members. Failed to carry because of required two-thirds vote on constitutional amendment referred to people. S. B. 387: Designating various sheriffs as inspectors of weights and measures and repealing the state act limiting loans to only "dirt farmers." Practically restored act in force prior to giving regulation to state agricultural college in 1919. Passed, 26 to 21. H. B. 394: Calls for an act out and out repeal of the present state license department or so-called "pool hall law" with restoration of regulatory and fee collection powers to cities and villages. Similar to H. B. 181 killed by house. Passed, 30 to 18. S. B. 388: Provides for validation of acts of corporations which have allowed charters to lapse. Similar bill to like measure introduced every session. This aimed to benefit certain corporation at Williston. Passed, 45 to 0. S. B. 46: Concurrent resolution creating a system of state highway and establishment of state highway fund. Measure similar to the Babcock law in Minnesota part of N. D. Good Roads association program. Passed, 28 to 19. S. B. 113: Provides an appropriation of \$54,000 to pay remaining principle and accrued interest and deficit in fund contracted for by state to complete North Dakota payment of cost of construction of Mandan-Bismarck bridge over Missouri river. S. B. 297—Aimed to prevent outside insurance companies from writing hail insurance in the state. Lost, 24-22, failed one of required 25 majority. S. B. 307—Defining criminal syndicalism and providing penalties for

Declaring she was offered a \$25,000 bribe to go to Washington as lobbyist for "a certain bill," Mrs. T. G. Winstler, president of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, has stated she will produce a letter offering the bribe "when it becomes necessary."

violations. Lost on a roll call vote. Senators Sperry, Lynch and McCoy, Independents joining the solid league. Vote 26 to 25. S. B. 395—Calling for repeal of the Guaranty Fund Commission act effective July 1, 1924. Killed by vote of 36 to 12. S. B. 271—Granting to the Guaranty Fund commission power to reject applications for bank charters unless conditions in members opinion in district warranted. FRANCHISE TAX IS \$4,900 Grand Forks Co., N. D., Feb. 21.—Grand Forks county has received a

"Cascarets" 10c

Best Bowel Laxative When Bilious, Constipated To clean out your bowels without cramping or overacting, take Cascarets. Sick headache, biliousness, gases, indigestion, sour, upset stomach, and all such distress gone by morning. Most physic on earth for grown-ups and children. 10c a box. Taste like candy.—Adv.



economy that is easy to see —almost three pints of deliciously-flavored, tender stringless beans from this 3-oz. carton.

Surprising, isn't it? Enough for eight or ten generous portions at a cost of only 25c. Economy indeed, for you can prepare just what you need at one time—the rest will keep in the carton. And a bigger surprise awaits you when you taste these beans of wonderful springtime flavor and tenderness—beans that almost melt in one's mouth.

KING'S Dehydrated Stringless BEANS are stemmed—nothing to do but cook and serve them, in any of your favorite ways. Economical—Healthful—Convenient Order King's Fruits and Vegetables from your grocer. For FREE Fruit and Vegetable Cook Book. Address Dept. H. KING'S FOOD PRODUCTS CO. Originators of Practical Dehydration PORTLAND, OREGON

check for \$4,900, the tax due on the franchise held in the City of Grand Forks by the Cream of Wheat company of Minneapolis. The assessed valuation of the franchise, according to the assessment books of the county is \$100,000. The Cream of Wheat company, it is said, does not now own any real property in Grand Forks, and has not for several years. The company originated in

Rheumatic pain-relief! Congestion, inflamed tissues—then persistent pain. Apply Sloan's Liniment to break up congestion, draw out inflammation—and stop that pain! **Sloan's Liniment** —kills pain! For rheumatism, bruises, strains, chest colds.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

WEBB BROTHERS Undertakers Embalmers Funeral Directors Licensed Embalmer in Charge DAY PHONE 246 NIGHT PHONES 246-887 **PERRY UNDERTAKING PARLORS** Licensed Embalmer in Charge. Day Phone 100 Night Phone 100 or 687 **BISMARCK FURNITURE COMPANY** 220 MAIN STREET Upholstered Furniture Made to Order.

Golt, Murder, Hatred, Love



With masterly skill, E. Phillips Oppenheim, writer of superlative mystery novels, has woven the most conflicting of human emotions and desires into the greatest detective stories since "Sherlock Holmes." These are not the ordinary crime narratives. Mr. Oppenheim in his memorable recounting of the

"Exploits of Sir Norman Greyes"

Has departed from all set formulas in development of the story. There are no gruesome crimes described, no nausea over stressed horrors—but instead, Adventure, Romance, Sportsmanship, Flight, Pursuit are subtly played upon to produce stories you should read.

THE SERIES BEGINS TOMORROW, FEB. 22, IN

The Bismarck Daily Tribune

THE BISMARCK TRIBUNE

Entered at the Postoffice, Bismarck, N. D., as Second Class Matter.

BISMARCK TRIBUNE CO. Publishers

Foreign Representatives
G. LOGAN PAYNE COMPANY
CHICAGO Marquette Bldg. DETROIT Kresge Bldg.
NEW YORK PAYNE, BURNS AND SMITH Fifth Ave. Bldg.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use or republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

All rights of republication of special dispatches herein are also reserved.

MEMBER AUDIT BUREAU OF CIRCULATION

SUBSCRIPTION RATES PAYABLE IN ADVANCE
Daily by carrier, per year.....\$7.20
Daily by mail, per year (in Bismarck)..... 7.20
Daily by mail, per year (in state outside Bismarck)..... 5.00
Daily by mail, outside of North Dakota..... 6.00

THE STATE'S OLDEST NEWSPAPER
(Established 1873)

YOUR HEALTH

A fifth of Class I men examined for the American army during the World War were found physically unfit to perform any kind of military service either at home or abroad. This is the most striking fact discovered by Surgeon General Merritt W. Ireland, in his analysis of the examination of more than 4,000,000 selective service registrants.

One out of every five, physically unfit even for home duty! If you are looking for the greatest national peril, there it is. As long as an individual has his health, it doesn't matter much what else happens to him. The same is true of nations.

Our whole civilization depends on the national health as its foundation.

Curiously enough, and contrary to what most of us would expect, defects of the bones and the organs of locomotion, which enable our bodies to move, ranked first among the causes of army rejection.

These defects constituted 17 out of each 100 rejections. Diseases of the heart and blood vessels came second, with 15 per cent of the total. Disease of the eyes ranked third. Then came tuberculosis.

In Wyoming only 13 per cent of the "applicants" were physically unfit. At the other end of the line was Rhode Island, with 42 per cent so physically defective that they were rejected.

Rhode Island's bad showing, according to experts, was due to its being a factory state with a large part of its population drawn from abroad where oppression and overwork for generations had undermined the health. Seems hard to believe, for the average immigrant looks a lot healthier than the highly-strung native American.

Money-mad American thinks too much about its natural resources and industrial products, not enough about our greatest product—the human being and his health.

Foreign trade, factory output, the products of forest and mine and even of the farm—all these are secondary to good health.

Health should come foremost. In many ways the government can help, is helping. But personal health is nine-tenths up to the individual.

Get plenty of wholesome food, sleep, fresh air and outdoor exercise, and, barring the bad luck of incurring germ diseases, health will be fairly good on the average. In particular, the auto driver should lock up his car and go about on foot at least one day a week.

When health is gone, the rest doesn't count for much. Your body is a delicate machine. Take care of it.

TRAPPING CROOKS

In the dead of night, thieves several times broke in and rifled the cash register of J. E. Griffin, photographer in Monroe, La. So Griffin set a trap, rigged up an affair that exploded a flashlight and snapped a camera shutter when the cash register drawer was opened. It worked. He got a good picture of the thief.

Shrewd business men will see in this a suggestion for the office or factory with a safe tempting to burglars. The cost of installation would be small, and the camera could be hidden so the burglars couldn't find it and destroy the film.

In most cases the flashlight alone would do the work—scare away the intruder, under the belief that a burglar alarm had been set off.

Banks and business firms might use a similar device, eliminating the flashlight, for daylight hold-ups. The camera could be worked by the cashier pressing a button, bulb or lever with his foot.

It wouldn't stop a hold-up, but it would provide the police with ample identification of the crook. The frightened victim rarely is able to remember a good description of the thief. Lack of such description is generally the worst handicap the police have.

If you are ever held up, the most important thing is to study the bandit's build, walk and physical peculiarities that will help identify him. Remember that.

One of the foxiest traps ever set for criminals was rigged up by a banker in a small western town. He fixed a trapdoor in front of the paying teller's window. When a hold-up stuck a gun through the wicket and demanded the money, the teller merely touched a lever with his foot, the trapdoor opened and Mr. Bandit dropped like a shot into a nice cage down cellar. Sounds like Charlie Chaplin.

Another unique trap that we recall, consisted of hooking one wire of a powerful electric circuit to the safe and the other wire to a copper plate imbedded in the floor in front of the safe. The safelower made the circuit when he knelt down to twirl the dial. He had a weak heart, so the current electrocuted him.

A great deal of inventive ingenuity is employed by criminals. Arrayed against this is other inventiveness to checkmate the crooks. On the law of averages, the protection keeps well ahead of criminal devices.

This has been illustrated in the perfection of safes and alarms to an almost 100-per-cent-burglar-proof condition. Safe blowing, for this reason, is becoming a lost art. That's why we have so many daylight hold-ups. The yeggmen have turned to the pistol, finding their diamond drills, "screws" and "soup" ineffective.

The odds are always against the law-breaker.

MONEY

Cost of living in Germany increased two and a half times during January. If we had the same situation, it would take \$3.50 to buy what cost only \$1 a month ago. The German wage earner must have his hands full, trying to keep his income increasing apace with prices. That's the real internal situation in Germany.

EDITORIAL REVIEW

Comments reproduced in this column may or may not express the opinion of The Tribune. They are presented here in order that our readers may have both sides of important issues which are discussed in the press of the day.

EUROPE HAS LEAD IN ZONING

It has become rather common for Americans to regard their country and its institutions as vastly superior to those of Europe. Yet a careful consideration of the subject will reveal here and there, that the foreign country has forged ahead and that America must follow. Take zoning, for example, a phase of city development that is receiving attention in practically every municipal center of this country. Zoning, or the dividing of city into certain districts for the protection of property values, is something fairly new in America. It is not new in Europe.

The extent to which zoning has proceeded in Europe is indicated in one of the latest works on municipal development. "The Planning of the Modern City," by Nelson P. Lewis, Mr. Lewis, a member of the American Society of Engineers and of the American City Planning Institute, thinks of zoning as one of those measures "designed to insure to the citizens at large the full enjoyment of all the advantages which a well-organized city should supply, and to prevent such acts of the individual or such use of private property as will in any way militate against such enjoyment." In European cities the rights of the public as they are dealt with by zoning, "are now taken for granted, and the rights of the individual citizen and property owner must be subordinated to them."

In America, and to a certain extent in England the individual was at first inclined either to oppose a process of this kind or to realize its necessity very slowly. In America and Britain the use of the word "restriction" is common in respect to zoning or other forms of property protection in the interest of the larger number. But in European cities, Mr. Lewis points out, the prohibition of such property use as zoning involves would not be regarded as a "restriction" at all.

The difference in attitude toward public and individual rights accounts in a large measure for the difference in attractiveness of many European cities in contrast with American centers. In Paris, Berlin, Cologne and other European cities noted for their beauty and convenience of arrangements, zoning has been not only an accepted fact, but the prevailing order for thirty years or longer. Cities of England later, and rather gradually, came to accept the zoning principle; and finally the idea gained a foothold in this country. But zoning, outside of a few cities, is an American development of the last two or three years.

But if America has been slow to begin in this important undertaking, there is strong evidence that progress will not be equally slow. With New York taking the lead in the adoption of a complete zoning plan less than seven years ago, "the idea spread with extraordinary rapidity and it may safely be stated that there is no aspect of city planning which is now attracting more attention."

In view of this remarkable development, no large city, certainly not Kansas City, can afford to be indifferent or divided in opinion about the progress of zoning. For years there has existed in Europe, and there are now becoming evident in America, far too many evidences of the benefits of this reform to allow serious questions of its adoption.—Kansas City Star.

WOES OF WISCONSIN

"Even if misery does love company, we would hate to see another state get into the position that we are in Wisconsin. You ought to be glad you are doing business in Minnesota."

That is the conclusion of a letter written by a Wisconsin manufacturer to a friend in the same line of business in St. Paul. He sketches the depressed condition of business in that state as the result of the taxation policy of the legislature and his conclusion is that the burden of taxes laid on manufacturing industry is so great that any notion of new oppressions in measures pending at Madison—that competition with similar industries in other states is increasingly impossible and nothing is left but removal from the state.

It is interesting to recall that two years ago, before the radical machine of Wisconsin had so firmly entrenched itself in power, the industrial interests were given a hearing before the legislative committee in charge of taxation matters. Among other things it was shown that one of the largest producers of Milwaukee paid Wisconsin taxes at the rate of \$65 a year for each man employed, while the same concern paid in Ohio \$27 per man. Another manufacturer testified that his Wisconsin taxes were \$20 per man, while he paid in Ohio \$25 and in New York \$37 on the same basis. As the result of the showing at that hearing several of the more oppressive tax laws were defeated, but the burden of taxation was so increased, notwithstanding, that the exodus of industries from Milwaukee, Kenosha, Beloit and other manufacturing points has taken place, as heretofore stated in these columns.

It is important that the effect of such a situation be thoroughly understood. If a state requires a certain revenue and proceeds to drive out large sources of taxation, those sources of taxation which remain must supply the entire revenue. This makes the burden increasingly heavy upon the industries which the state retains and they must advance their prices accordingly, throwing the burden upon the consumer, or else close their factory doors and add to the ranks of the unemployed. This means a loss to all business

TOO MUCH



in proportion to the loss of buying power of the people.

Minnesota industries may "be glad they are doing business in Minnesota" as long as the Wisconsin situation stands as a warning against similar legislation in this state. There is no mistaking the optimism which inspires Minnesota at this time. The evidences of industrial development are abundant and credible. It is inconceivable that a prospect so fair can be blighted by a mistaken policy of heaping up the taxes. All over the country the cry is for tax reductions, not tax increases, and Minnesota should hear and heed it. If Wisconsin does not.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

ADVENTURE OF THE TWINS

By Olive Barton Roberts

Mix-Up Land was full of queer things.

When the Twins left King Even-Seven and started toward the palace of Jack Straw (who had no business to be there), they saw some wonderful sights.

The first was a baker-man who was putting a large baking of bread into a stone oven. To the amazement of the Twins the next thing he did was to pile some large chunks of ice under the oven and close the door.

"I do hope the oven won't get warm today and spoil my bread," he said to the children. "Yesterday the sun came out and the ice started to melt and the bread got sour. One can't have good bread unless he has an ice-cold oven."

"How very strange!" said Nancy. "Where we live the ovens must be hot to bake the bread."

"Ah, then you don't live in Mix-Up Land," said the baker-man. "Everything is changed around here. No doubt you make doughnuts with holes in the middle, also."

"Of course," it was Nick's turn to say. "How do you make them?"

"Why we make the hole first," answered the baker-man, "and after it gets a nice shape, we put the doughnut in the middle."

"And how do you make pies?" asked Nancy curiously.

"Square," answered the baker-man. "As square as dollars."

"But dollars are round," said Nick.

"Not in Mix-Up Land," said the baker. "They're square. All money is square here except paper money and paper money is made of silver, so there isn't any."

"Oh, my!" sighed Nancy. "It's all so hard to understand!"

"Not when you are a Mix-Upper," said the baker-man. "But there! I've talked too much. I forgot to put salt on my sugar-cookies, and the children won't buy them unless they have a thick-layer of salt-icing."

"Then we'll go away and not both you," said Nick. Goodbye!"

(To Be Continued)
(Copyright, 1923, NEA Service)

Fellowship of Prayer

"And he appointed twelve that he might send them forth." Mark 3:14.

Read Mark 3:19-19.

"The Master called men to him, only to send them out."

MEDITATION: Great multitudes followed Jesus. Just twelve were called to the special privilege of his constant companionship, but this was "that he might send them forth" to ministry like his. Christian privileges spell obligation for Christian service.

HYMN: Help me the slow of heart to move. By some clear, winning word of love, Teach me the wayward feet to stay. And guide them in the homeward way.

PRAYER: O God, our Heavenly

Father, we thank thee for the gift of they dear Son, Grant that we who have received him in our hearts may joyfully go forth with him on many errands. Bless those who toil for thee in far off places; comfort them in their loneliness; and unite our work to theirs. Accept our gifts; receive our prayers; and use us for the sake of thy Son Jesus Christ, our Lord. Amen.

chair, at just the height one might wish a map in order to examine in detail, was another map, framed of the Franco-German border and the Ruhr basin.

Maybe, despite what opposition senators say, Harding is studying that situation a lot more than appears on the surface.

Elmer Dover, recently assistant secretary of the treasury, reported as the likely next chairman of the Republican National Committee, qualified as a future financier when, in his teens, he was a newspaper reporter at Portsmouth, N. H.

"I had a string of about a dozen papers," Dover says in recounting his first financial exploit. "Whenever anything happened around Portsmouth I'd query them and send them as much as they wanted."

"One morning I got a tip there had been a murder at Pennville. I queried my papers and 10 of them ordered stories. Then I and the correspondent of a Cincinnati paper hired a lively rig and drove to Pennville for the story."

"It proved to be a suicide instead of a murder, but there was a story in it and I filed to all the papers."

"When I was making up my 'string' at the end of the month, I was confronted by this dilemma. The other newspaperman and I had paid \$2.50 for the lively rig, splitting it \$1.25 each way."

"If I prorated that among the 16 papers to which I sent the story, it would make an item for lively hire at 25 cents each, which on its face would appear absurd. If I entered it at \$2.50 it would be open admission that I had split expenses with some other correspondent. For \$5 I would be recognized as the propable and reasonable lively charge for a drive to Pennville."

"So I added a charge of \$5 for lively hire to my bill to each of the 16 papers. And every one of them paid it!"

Wonder if there was an "inside" significance to something we saw at the White House the other day.

In a small study which opens off the president's office we saw, in the wall, a great map of central Europe. That, of course, didn't suggest anything. Everybody has maps of central Europe on their office walls these days.

But, propped up on the arms of a

EVERETT TRUE

BY CONDO

—AND MR. CHUBB THOUGHT YOU MIGHT BE INTERESTED IN THAT AND SUGGESTED THAT I SEE YOU. IF WE ———



HELLO, CHUBB! THIS GENTLEMAN CAME OVER TO MY OFFICE TO SEE ME AT YOUR SUGGESTION.



YOU WILL ALSO REMEMBER THAT I'M GOING TO PUT A STOP TO THIS SENDING ALL THE BORES YOU WANT TO GET RID OF OVER TO MY OFFICE!!



ARRESTS MAY REVEAL 'DEATH TRUST'

By NEA Service

Clarksburg, W. Va., Feb. 21.—An organized murder band whose tentacles have crushed life from scores of victims is believed by police to have been revealed by the arrest here of 17 men and alleged confessions of some of those arrested.

Revenge as unrelenting as that which has wiped out whole clans in Italian vendettas, murder lists, secret rituals, symbols of blood-red handkerchief and knife gripped between clenched teeth are but some of the dramatic features of the confessions, according to police.

More than 40 murders, dynamite, incendiary fires, and extortion will be charged against some members of the band if the police are able to substantiate clues upon which they are working. Others will be charged with complicity in various of the crimes.

Named in the confessions as the "big boss," Joe Sergi of Fairmont, W. Va., is alleged to have been the autocratic director. His was the brain, according to the confessions, under which the Italian colony here has lived in dread for months, not knowing where next murder would strike.

Killed Woman, Charge
Police claim positive proof that the band committed three murders which until now have been labeled "unsolved."

One of these was the killing near Baltimore of Bella Lemon, notorious woman of the Fairmont underworld. Her one-time master, Rosario Demarzo, shortly afterward was shot down in Chicago and \$15,000 taken from him by orders of the Mafia, the confessions are said to have stated.

Besides the murders, police are working on theories that the burning of a business block in Farmington, and the dynamiting of a store at Grasselli were the work of the band.

The confessions are said to show that bootleg whisky traffic was the cause for the reign of murder and violence. It is believed the gang furnished liquor to various dives, and that enemies of the traffic and members of the rival whisky-selling gang were the victims.

Old Ritual
But interwoven with the most modern of business was a ritual of Old Italy. In the trunk one of the members, arrested here, officers say they found a Mafia ceremony and, among other things, a blood red handkerchief. This, it is believed, was used by the band to swear in new members, the initiate taking the oath with knife upon the handkerchief and hand gripped between teeth.

Other confessions are said by police to have shown that the prisoners had a list of men marked for death. Chief of Police Lark Wolfe of Clarksburg, was to be called on the telephone, declare police and told a still was being operated in a house at Kelley Hill, an Italian settlement near Clarksburg. In this house, instead of a still, was to be a timed charge of nitroglycerine. The Rev. T. E. Gainer of Northview, who preached against bootlegging, was another marked man, as was also Chief of Police L. D. Snider, who cleaned up the East Side in Fairmont, it is alleged. A half dozen Italian merchants, upon whom plans to extort had failed, were to be murdered, according to the statements.

Fear More Killings
Feeling over the arrest of the 17 men now held is so strained, that police fear further killings to avenge the revelations made against the murder gangs.

Special detachments of state police are on guard at the jail, while detectives in the Italian section have doubled their vigilance.

A THOUGHT
He that leadeth into captivity shall go into captivity: he that killeth with the sword must be killed with the sword. Here is the patience and the faith of the saints.—Rev. 13:9.

Nothing is more common than for great thieves to ride in triumph when small ones are punished. But let wickedness escape as it may at the law, it never fails of doing it, self justice; for every guilty person is his own hangman.—Seneca.

CASH HERE!
By Bertel Braley
Rhino, Shekels, Cases, Jack;
Though the poets may attack,
Though the bards inveigh against it,
None the less—you may have sensed it.

In this faulty world of men
It comes handy now and then.

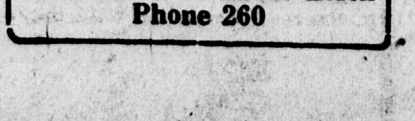
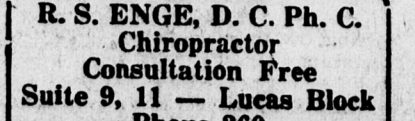
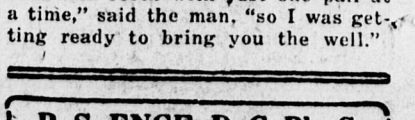
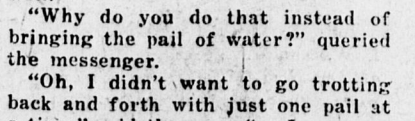
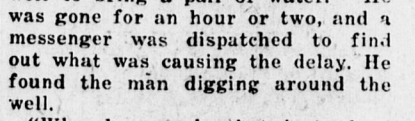
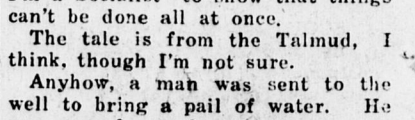
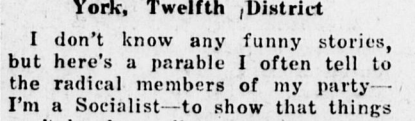
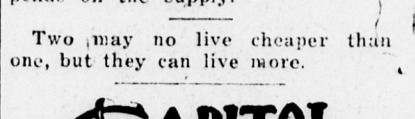
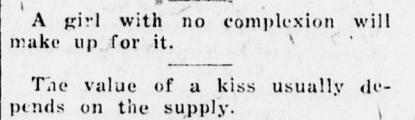
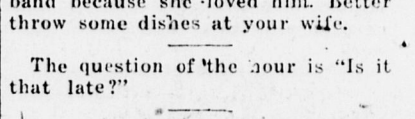
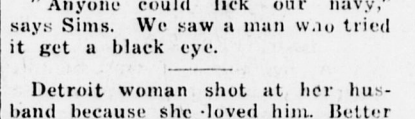
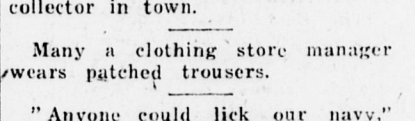
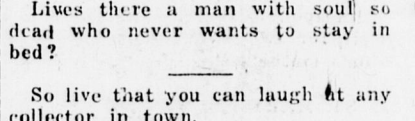
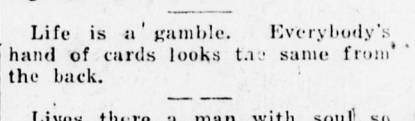
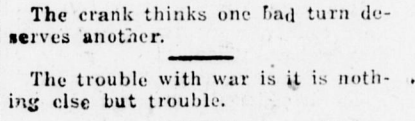
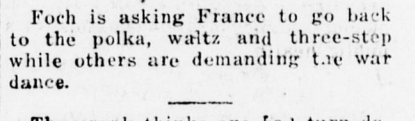
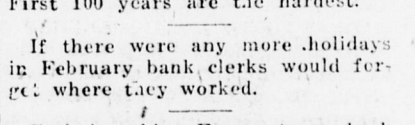
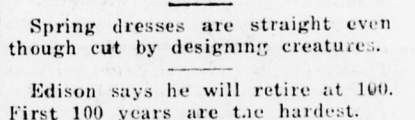
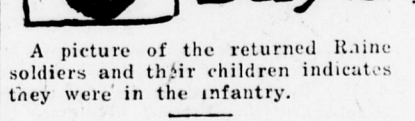
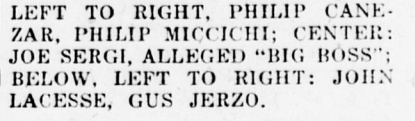
Dough, Mazuma and Sesterces
May at times bring woe and curses;
Cash may make some people mock it;
Still, its jingle in the pocket
Is, I think the fact is clear
Very pleasant to the ear.

Ducats, Dollars, Pounds and Pence
May be dress to certain gents,
As for me I must—ahem!
Say I'm very fond of them.
Though they may be filthy stuff,
Life without them's pretty tough.

BOY, 16, IS FORGER.
Grand Forks, N. D., Feb. 21.—A youth 16, after confessing to Judge A. B. Guppi of Fargo, juvenile court commissioner to forging two checks one for \$4 and another for \$46, was sentenced by Judge C. M. Cooley to the state training school at Mandan until he becomes 21 years of age, or is paroled. He has been more or less incorrigible for sometime.

Another boy of 19 years, who lives in East Grand Forks, was implicated with him in both instances of forgery, but due to his previous record, was placed on probation.

Our language tickles us. After a young lady strings you are unstrung.



Social and Personal

PLAIN IN FORM BUT VIVID IN COLOR SCHEME



Most of the new frocks are trimmed in front and severely plain in the rear. Usually the trimming isn't of the flamboyant sort, but merges into the lines of the frock; it's the color that makes it noticeable.

The models sketched show the pointed front panels and jabot draperies worn and shown everywhere. Paisley and Persian designs remain the favorites for trimmings, as well as being much in demand for gowns.

March 10—Freshmen vs. Wm. Moore. Richholt vs. St. Mary's. March 17—Wm. Moore vs. St. Mary's. Freshmen vs. Richholt. March 24—St. Mary's vs. Freshmen. Wm. Moore vs. Richholt. March 31—Richholt vs. Freshmen.

Bismarck Boys

Over one hundred boys used the gymnasium last Saturday. Young Corners. Ten new recruits were added to the class last Saturday. In the basketball league games, the Rough Riders and the Demons tied neither team scored. The Giants scored 2 and held the Bull Dogs to no tally. In the Wild Cat-Lighting. Five game there was no score.

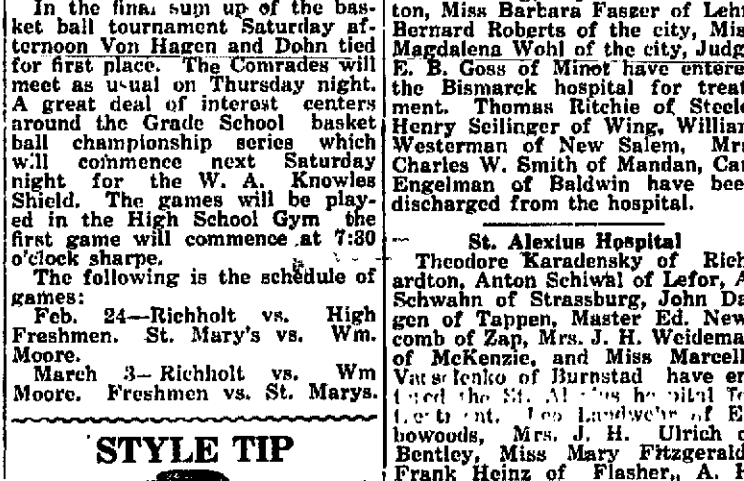
Pioneers. Sid Rigler's team scored six points while the rest of the team scored none. The game between Dick Gallagher's men and Fay Brown's quintette was hand fought all the way. Gallagher finally winning by 5 points to 4.

The Lincoln Pioneers of the Wacker School will hold their regular weekly meeting Wednesday evening.

Comrades. In the final sum up of the basketball tournament Saturday afternoon Von Hagen and Dohn tied for first place. The Comrades will meet as usual on Thursday night. A great deal of interest centers around the Grade School basketball championship series which will commence next Saturday night for the W. A. Knowles Shield. The games will be played in the High School Gym the first game will commence at 7:30 o'clock sharp.

The following is the schedule of games: Feb. 24—Richholt vs. High Freshmen. St. Mary's vs. Wm. Moore. March 3—Richholt vs. Wm. Moore. Freshmen vs. St. Mary's.

STYLE TIP



The Persians will predominate this year not only in bathing suits but also in street wear. Here's an advance showing—Madeline Gayer, New York, wearing a Persian motif bathing suit at Miami, Fla.

March 10—Freshmen vs. Wm. Moore. Richholt vs. St. Mary's. March 17—Wm. Moore vs. St. Mary's. Freshmen vs. Richholt. March 24—St. Mary's vs. Freshmen. Wm. Moore vs. Richholt. March 31—Richholt vs. Freshmen.

CITY NEWS

Sees Deer in City. A. C. Hinkley stated that he saw a deer appear on the streets of Bismarck yesterday afternoon south of the Northern Pacific railroad tracks.

Bismarck Hospital. Mrs. Ludwig of Beilschaper of Tenvik, Mrs. John H. Van Soest of Strassburg, Ray Gates of Hazelton, Miss Barbara Fager of Leht, Bernard Roberts of the city, Miss Magdalena Wohl of the city, Judge E. B. Goss of Minot have entered the Bismarck hospital for treatment. Thomas Ritchie of Steele, Henry Seiling of Wing, William Westernman of New Salem, Mrs. Charles W. Smith of Mandan, Carl Geismann of Baldwin have been discharged from the hospital.

St. Alexius Hospital. Theodore Karadensky of Richardson, Anton Schwal of Lefor, A. Schwann of Strassburg, John Dagen of Tappen, Master Ed. Newcomb of Zap, Mrs. J. H. Weidman of Underwood, Mrs. Benedict Junt of Linton, Miss Katie Unruh of Golden Valley, Miss C. K. Huber of Zap, and Conrad Harnwald of the city have been discharged from the hospital.

CARD OF THANKS

The undersigned representing the Burleigh County Pioneer Association wish to thank all those who so willingly assisted in contribution of time, money and flowers in the last token of respect to our old time friend, J. S. Plants, and to all others who assisted in every way. H. L. READE, Acting President. EMMA B. FALCONER, Secretary.

AT THE MOVIES

THE ELTINGE. Suppose you had been reared in luxury, trained to do nothing and to wear expensive clothing—and then suddenly your fortune melted away like mist before the sun? Suppose you were, in addition, a young and beautiful woman—what would you do?

This is the situation that confronts Agnes Ayres in her role of Mary Fenton in "A Daughter of Luxury," her next Paramount starring vehicle, which will be the feature at the Eltinge theater today and tomorrow, Wednesday and Thursday.

How does she solve the problem? It is solved for her by a set of circumstances which develop from her chance meeting with a man who has married money in the shape of a wealthy "belting vine."

He is thrust by fortuitous circumstances into the home of social climbers who are trying to keep up

the Persians will predominate this year not only in bathing suits but also in street wear. Here's an advance showing—Madeline Gayer, New York, wearing a Persian motif bathing suit at Miami, Fla.

March 10—Freshmen vs. Wm. Moore. Richholt vs. St. Mary's. March 17—Wm. Moore vs. St. Mary's. Freshmen vs. Richholt. March 24—St. Mary's vs. Freshmen. Wm. Moore vs. Richholt. March 31—Richholt vs. Freshmen.

March 10—Freshmen vs. Wm. Moore. Richholt vs. St. Mary's. March 17—Wm. Moore vs. St. Mary's. Freshmen vs. Richholt. March 24—St. Mary's vs. Freshmen. Wm. Moore vs. Richholt. March 31—Richholt vs. Freshmen.

March 10—Freshmen vs. Wm. Moore. Richholt vs. St. Mary's. March 17—Wm. Moore vs. St. Mary's. Freshmen vs. Richholt. March 24—St. Mary's vs. Freshmen. Wm. Moore vs. Richholt. March 31—Richholt vs. Freshmen.

ENGINEERS ELECT OFFICERS AT CONVENTION HERE

At the meeting of the North Dakota association of engineers and the North Dakota society of engineers at the Association of Commerce rooms this afternoon J. N. Roberty was elected president of the former body and H. H. Hermling, city engineer of Jamestown was elected to head the second organization.

Members elected to the executive board of the American Association of engineers included: George H. McMahon of Bismarck, first vice president; J. E. Kaulfuss of Bismarck, second vice president; H. C. Frahn of Minot, third vice president; E. J. Budge of Bismarck, fourth vice president; H. K. Craig of Bismarck, fifth vice president, and E. S. Keene of Fargo, sixth vice president.

Officers elected for the North Dakota Society of Engineers, a technical organization included Ed. White of Bismarck, first vice president; E. S. Keene, dean of the Agricultural college at Fargo, second vice president.

Address of welcome to the engineers was delivered this morning by Mayor A. P. Lenhart in behalf of the city of Bismarck and by A. F. Bradley, secretary of the Association of Commerce. The rooms of the chamber of commerce was thrown open to the visitors who reached a total of close to a hundred.

Wm. Barneck, president of the North Dakota Chapter A. A. E. Bismarck presided at the meeting and addresses were given by the following: Gilbert R. Horton, architect; Jamestown. "The Architect and the Engineer." Prof. E. C. Chandler, university of North Dakota. "History of the North Dakota Society of Engineers." J. N. Roberty, assistant engineer state highway commission, Bismarck. "Pending Legislation of Interest to Engineers." W. F. McGarry, bridge engineer state highway commission. "The American Association of Engineers in North Dakota."

After the business meeting an auto tour of Bismarck was made. The annual banquet and ball given by the engineers will be held this evening at the McKenzies hotel at which time J. E. Kaulfuss will act as toastmaster.

William Corcoran, former Resident, Passes Away. William Corcoran, a former resident of Bismarck, who died at St. Peter Monday morning was brought here yesterday for burial. He was 46 years of age, and survived by two sons, Jack and Kenneth Corcoran, both students in St. Paul, Minn. schools. Mrs. Corcoran passed away two years ago.

Funeral services will be held tomorrow morning at the Pro-Cathedral church at 9 o'clock and interment will take place in St. Mary's cemetery.

Mrs. Cora Wilson Stewart, author of "Moonlight Schools" who spent several days in Bismarck to attend the convention of county superintendents at Fort Yates last July has received word from London, England that the World Association for Adult Education has accepted her book and recommended it to the Czechoslovak government and proposed to recommend it to other governments.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Gassy Stomach

Bloating, Belching, Sour Risings, Heartburn, Eructations, Bile, Sour To Use Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets:

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

Chew one or two after meals or any time and note how the stomach settles down, feels fine, stops gas, acidity, sour risings, belching and such troubles due to indigestion. They neutralize the sour acids, give the stomach an alkaline effect and you need have no fear to eat whatever you like. Get a 60 cent box today of any drugist. No more drowsiness or heavy feeling after a hearty meal. And you get the benefit of your food in more solid flesh. Most people have a tendency to acid, gassy stomach just after eating or drinking coffee, etc. If a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is chewed at this time it neutralizes the acids, your stomach is sweetened, the gas is prevented and you feel good all over. Try it. Remember you can get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets anywhere in U. S. and Canada.—Adv.

THIS GOWN O K NEARLY ANYWHERE



The business woman started it. She wanted a gown sufficiently practical for office hours yet pretty enough to wear to lunch—suitable even to stay downtown and go to the theater in.

She decided, for material, on black satin, which has shared some measure of its popularity with black Canton crepe practically alone.

Here is a variation of this "uniform." Plain lines, a new sleeve and a side panel of Paisley and the modern business woman starts out in the morning attired for almost any situation that may arise.

ceremonies where illiteracy is a big problem, according to a letter received by Mrs. Alfred Zuger of Bismarck.

This book of Mrs. Stewart's is in its second edition and going rapidly.

St. Mary's Defeat H. S. Freshmen

The St. Mary's basketball team defeated the High School Freshmen at the St. Mary's gymnasium last night by a score of 36-8. The game was uninteresting throughout. Neither team displayed much teamwork. The accurate shooting of the St. Mary's team accounted for the victory.

St. Mary's took the lead at the beginning and held it throughout the game. The first half ended 20-4 in favor of St. Mary's school. Substitutes were used by St. Mary's in the last half.

St. Mary's took the lead at the beginning and held it throughout the game. The first half ended 20-4 in favor of St. Mary's school. Substitutes were used by St. Mary's in the last half.

St. Mary's took the lead at the beginning and held it throughout the game. The first half ended 20-4 in favor of St. Mary's school. Substitutes were used by St. Mary's in the last half.

St. Mary's took the lead at the beginning and held it throughout the game. The first half ended 20-4 in favor of St. Mary's school. Substitutes were used by St. Mary's in the last half.

St. Mary's took the lead at the beginning and held it throughout the game. The first half ended 20-4 in favor of St. Mary's school. Substitutes were used by St. Mary's in the last half.

St. Mary's took the lead at the beginning and held it throughout the game. The first half ended 20-4 in favor of St. Mary's school. Substitutes were used by St. Mary's in the last half.

St. Mary's took the lead at the beginning and held it throughout the game. The first half ended 20-4 in favor of St. Mary's school. Substitutes were used by St. Mary's in the last half.

St. Mary's took the lead at the beginning and held it throughout the game. The first half ended 20-4 in favor of St. Mary's school. Substitutes were used by St. Mary's in the last half.

St. Mary's took the lead at the beginning and held it throughout the game. The first half ended 20-4 in favor of St. Mary's school. Substitutes were used by St. Mary's in the

THE BISMARCK TRIBUNE

Entered at the Postoffice, Bismarck, N. D., as Second Class Matter.

BISMARCK TRIBUNE CO. Publishers

Foreign Representatives
G. LOGAN PAYNE COMPANY
CHICAGO: Marquette Bldg.
DETROIT: Kresge Bldg.
NEW YORK: Fifth Ave. Bldg.
PAYNE, BURNS AND SMITH

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use or republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

All rights of republication of special dispatches herein are also reserved.

MEMBER AUDIT BUREAU OF CIRCULATION

SUBSCRIPTION RATES PAYABLE IN ADVANCE
Daily by carrier, per year \$7.20
Daily by mail, per year (in Bismarck) 7.20
Daily by mail, per year (in state outside Bismarck) 5.00
Daily by mail, outside of North Dakota 6.00

THE STATE'S OLDEST NEWSPAPER
(Established 1873)

YOUR HEALTH

A fifth of Class I men examined for the American army during the World War were found physically unfit to perform any kind of military service either at home or abroad.

This is the most striking fact discovered by Surgeon General Merritt W. Ireland, in his analysis of the examination of more than 4,000,000 selective service registrants.

One out of every five, physically unfit even for home duty!

If you are looking for the greatest national peril, there it is. As long as an individual has his health, it doesn't matter much what else happens to him. The same is true of nations.

Our whole civilization depends on the national health as its foundation.

Curiously enough, and contrary to what most of us would expect, defects of the bones and the organs of locomotion, which enable our bodies to move, ranked first among the causes of army rejection.

These defects constituted 17 out of each 100 rejections. Diseases of the heart and blood vessels came second, with 15 per cent of the total. Disease of the eyes ranked third. Then came tuberculosis.

In Wyoming only 13 per cent of the "applicants" were physically unfit. At the other end of the line was Rhode Island, with 42 per cent so physically defective that they were rejected.

Rhode Island's bad showing, according to experts, was due to its being a factory state with a large part of its population drawn from abroad where oppression and overwork for generations had undermined the health. Seems hard to believe, for the average immigrant looks a lot healthier than the highly-strung native American.

Money-mad American thinks too much about its natural resources and industrial products, not enough about our greatest product—the human being and his health.

Foreign trade, factory output, the products of forest and mine and even of the farm—all these are secondary to good health.

Health should come foremost. In many ways the government can help, is helping. But personal health is nine-tenths up to the individual.

Get plenty of wholesome food, sleep, fresh air and outdoor exercise, and, barring the bad luck of incurring germ diseases, health will be fairly good on the average. In particular, the auto driver should lock up his car and go about on foot at least one day a week.

When health is gone, the rest doesn't count for much. Your body is a delicate machine. Take care of it.

TRAPPING CROOKS

In the dead of night, thieves several times broke in and rifled the cash register of J. E. Griffin, photographer in Menroe, La. So Griffin set a trap, rigged up an affair that exploded a flashlight and snapped a camera shutter when the cash register drawer was opened. It worked. He got a good picture of the thief.

Shrewd business men will see in this suggestion for the office or factory with a safe tempting to burglars. The cost of installation would be small, and the camera could be hidden so the burglars couldn't find it and destroy the film.

In most cases the flashlight alone would do the work—scare away the intruder, under the belief that a burglar alarm had been set off.

Banks and business firms might use a similar device, eliminating the flashlight, for daylight hold-ups. The camera could be worked by the cashier pressing a button, bulb or lever with his foot.

It wouldn't stop a hold-up, but it would provide the police with ample identification of the crook. The frightened victim rarely is able to remember a good description of the thief. Lack of such description is generally the worst handicap the police have.

If you are ever held up, the most important thing is to study the bandit's build, walk and physical peculiarities that will help identify him. Remember that.

One of the foxiest traps ever set for criminals was rigged up by a banker in a small western town. He fixed a trapdoor in front of the paying teller's window. When a hold-up stuck a gun through the wicket and demanded the money, the teller merely touched a lever with his foot, the trapdoor opened and Mr. Bandit dropped like a shot into a nice cage down cellar. Sounds like Charlie Chaplin.

Another unique trap that we recall, consisted of hooking one wire of a powerful electric circuit to the safe and the other wire to a copper plate imbedded in the floor in front of the safe. The safeblower made the circuit when he knelt down to twist the dial. He had a weak heart, so the current electrocuted him.

A great deal of inventive ingenuity is employed by criminals. Arrayed against this is other inventiveness to checkmate the crooks. On the law of averages, the protection keeps well ahead of criminal devices.

This has been illustrated in the perfection of safes and alarms to an almost 100-per-cent-burglar-proof condition. Safe blowing, for this reason, is becoming a lost art. That's why he have so many daylight hold-ups. The yeggmen have turned to the pistol, finding their diamond drills, "screws" and "soup" ineffective.

The odds are always against the law-breaker.

MONEY

Cost of living in Germany increased two and a half times during January. If we had the same situation, it would take \$2.50 to buy what cost only \$1 a month ago. The German wage earner must have his hands full, trying to keep his income increasing apace with prices. That's the real internal situation in Germany.

EDITORIAL REVIEW

Comments reproduced in this column may or may not express the opinion of The Tribune. They are presented here in order that our readers may have both sides of important issues which are being discussed in the press of the day.

EUROPE HAS LEAD IN ZONING

It has become rather common for Americans to regard their country and its institutions as vastly superior to those of Europe. Yet a careful consideration of the subject will reveal here and there, that the foreign country has forged ahead and that America must follow. Take zoning, for example, a phase of city development that is receiving attention in practically every municipal center of this country. Zoning, or the dividing of city into certain districts for the protection of property values, is something fairly new in America. It is not new in Europe.

The extent to which zoning has proceeded in Europe is indicated in one of the latest works on municipal development. "The Planning of the Modern City," by Nelson P. Lewis, a member of the American Society of Engineers and of the American City Planning Institute, thinks of zoning as one of those measures "designed to insure to the citizen the full enjoyment of all the advantages which a well-organized city should supply, and to prevent such acts of the individual or such use of private property as will in any way militate against such enjoyment." In Europe cities the rights of the public as they are dealt with by zoning, are more taken for granted, and the rights of the individual citizen and property owner must be subordinated to them.

In America, and to a certain extent in England, the individual was at first inclined either to oppose a process of this kind or to realize its necessity very slowly.

In America and Britain the use of the word "restriction" is common in respect to zoning or other forms of property protection in the interest of the larger number. But in European cities, Mr. Lewis points out, the prohibition of such property use as zoning involves would not be regarded as a "restriction" at all.

The difference in attitude toward public and individual rights accounts in a large way for the difference in attractiveness of many European cities in contrast with American centers. In Paris, Berlin, Cologne and other European cities noted for their beauty and convenience of arrangements, zoning has been not only an accepted fact, but the prevailing one. Cities of England later, and rather gradually, came to accept the zoning principle; and finally the idea gained a foothold in this country. But zoning, outside of a few cities, is an American development of the last two or three years.

But if America has been slow to begin this important undertaking, there is strong evidence that progress will not be equally slow. With New York taking the lead in the adoption of a complete zoning plan less than seven years ago, "the idea spread with extraordinary rapidity and it may safely be stated that there is no aspect of city planning which is now attracting more attention." In view of this remarkable development, no large city, certainly not Kansas City, can afford to be indifferent or divided in opinion about the progress of zoning. For years there have existed in Europe, and there are now becoming evident in America, far too many evidences of the benefits of this reform to allow serious questions of its adoption.—Kansas City Star.

VOES OF WISCONSIN

"Even if misery does love company, we would hate to see another state get into the position that we are here in Wisconsin—You ought to be glad you are doing business in Minnesota."

That is the conclusion of a letter written by a Wisconsin manufacturer to a friend in the same line of business in St. Paul. He sketches the depressed condition of business in that state as the result of the taxation policy of the legislature and the burden of taxes laid on manufacturing industry is so great that say nothing of new oppressions in measures pending at Madison—that competition with similar industries in other states is increasingly impossible and nothing is left but removal from the state.

It is interesting to recall that two years ago, before the radical machine of Wisconsin had so firmly entrenched itself in power, the industrial interests were given a hearing before the legislative committee in charge of taxation matters. Among other things it was shown that one of the largest producers of Milwaukee paid Wisconsin taxes at the rate of \$65 a year for each man employed, while the same concern paid in Ohio \$27 per man. Another manufacturer testified that his Wisconsin taxes were \$60 per man, while he paid in Ohio \$25 and in New York \$37 on the same basis. As the result of the showing at that hearing several of the more oppressive tax laws were defeated, but the burden of taxation was increased, notwithstanding that the exodus of industries from Milwaukee, Kenosha, Beloit and other manufacturing points has taken place, as heretofore stated in these columns.

It is important that the effect of such a situation be thoroughly understood. If a state requires a certain revenue and proceeds to drive out large sources of taxation, those sources of taxation which remain must supply the entire revenue. This makes the burden increasingly heavy upon the industries which the state retains and they must advance their prices accordingly. Throwing the burden upon the consumer, or else closing the factory gates and adding to the ranks of the unemployed. This means a loss to all business.

TOO MUCH



IN PROPORTION TO THE LOSS OF BUYING POWER OF THE PEOPLE.

Minnesota industries may "be glad they are doing business in Minnesota" as long as the Wisconsin situation stands as a warning against similar legislation in this state. There is no mistaking the optimism which inspires Minnesota at this time. The evidences of industrial development are abundant and credible. It is inconceivable that a prospect so fair can be blighted by a mistaken policy of heaping up the taxes. All over the country the cry is for tax reductions, not tax increases, and Minnesota should hear and heed it. Wisconsin does not.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

ADVENTURE OF THE TWINS

By Olive Barton Roberts

Mix-Up Land was full of queer things. When the Twins left King Evening and started toward the palace of Jack Straw (who had no business to be there), they saw some wonderful sights.

The first was a baker-man who was putting a large baking of bread into a stove oven. To the amazement of the Twins the next thing he did was to pile some large chunks of ice under the oven and close the door.

"I do hope the oven won't get warm today and spoil my bread," he said to the children. "Yesterday the sun came out and the ice started to melt and the bread got sour. One can't have good bread unless he has an ice-cold oven."

"How very strange!" said Nancy. "Where we live the ovens must be hot to bake the bread."

"Ah, then you don't live in Mix-Up Land," said the baker-man. "Everything is changed around here. No doubt you make doughnuts with holes in the middle, also."

"Of course," it was Nick's turn to say. "How do you make them?"

"Why we make the hole first," answered the baker-man. "And after it gets a nice shape, we put the doughnut in the middle."

"And how do you make pies?" asked Nancy curiously.

"Square," answered the baker-man. "As square as dollars."

"But dollars are round," said Nick.

"Not in Mix-Up Land," said the baker. "They're square. All money is square here except paper money and paper money is made of silver, so there isn't any."

"Oh, my!" sighed Nancy. "It's all so hard to understand!"

"Not when you are a Mix-Upper," said the baker-man. "But let's turn to eat our lunch. I forgot to put salt on my sugar-cookies, and the children won't buy them unless they have a thick-layer of salt-icing."

"Then we'll go away and not both you," said Nick. Goodbye!"

"Goodbye," said the baker-man. (To Be Continued)

Fellowship of Prayer

"And he appointed twelve that he might send them forth" Mark 3:14.

Read Mark 3:19-19.

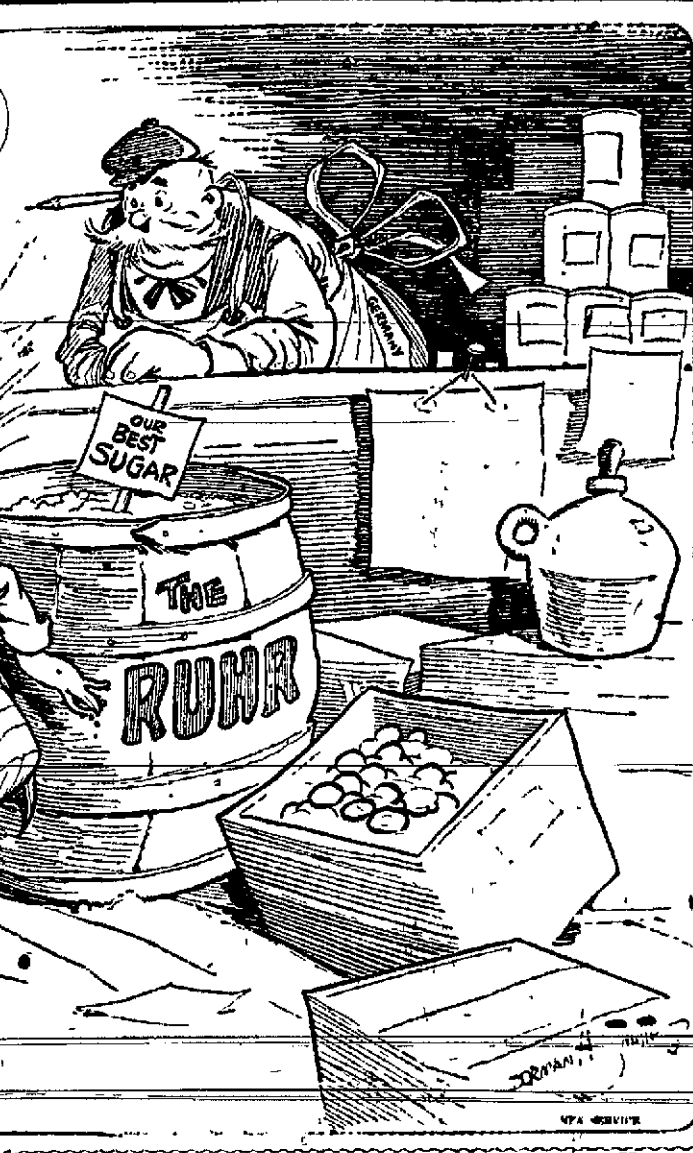
"The Master called men to him only to send them out."

MEDITATION: Great multitudes followed Jesus. Just twelve were called to the special privilege of his constant companionship, but this was "that he might send them forth, to ministry like him. Christian privilege, spell obligation for Christian service."

HYMN: Help me the slow of heart to move By some clear, winning word of love, Teach me the wayward feet to stave, And guide them in the homeward way.

PRAYER: O God, our Heavenly

TOO MUCH



FATHER, WE THANK THEE FOR THE GIFT OF THEM

Dear Son, Grant that we who have received him in our hearts may joyfully go forth with him on many errands. Bless those who toil for thee in far off places; comfort them in their loneliness; and unite our work to theirs. Accept our gift; receive our prayer; and use us for the sake of thy Son Jesus Christ, our Lord, Amen.

Tendered By The Bar, Not Bartenders

BY HARRY HUNT.

NEA Staff Correspondent.

Washington, Feb. 21.—Confirmation of Justice Edward Terry Sanford, the newest member of the Supreme Court, might have been complicated had prohibition senators seen the telegram received by a Washington newspaper the day following Sanford's nomination.

This message, hot off the wires from a diligent correspondent in Sanford's home city, read:

"Chattanooga bartenders banquet Judge Sanford."

That seemed like page one stuff to the managing editor. Also, it seemed too good a story to be true. So the querie, for verification.

Then it was found that the telegrapher had improperly spaced his words. The correct message was: "Chattanooga bar tenders banquet to Judge Sanford."

Wonder if there was an "inside" significance to something we saw at the White House the other day.

In a small study which opens off the president's office we saw, in the wall, a great map of central Europe. That, of course, didn't suggest anything. Everybody has maps of central Europe on their office walls these days.

But, propped up on the arm of a chair, at just the height one might wish a map in order to examine it in detail, was another map, framed, of the Franco-German border and the Ruhr basin.

Maybe, despite what opposition senators say, Harding is studying that situation a lot more than appears on the surface.

Elmer Dover, recently assistant secretary of the treasury, reported as the likely next chairman of the Republican National Committee, qualified as a future financier when, in his teens, he was a newspaper reporter at Portsmouth, N.

EVERETT TRUE BY CONDO

AND MR. CHUBB THOUGHT YOU MIGHT BE INTERESTED IN THAT AND SUGGESTED THAT I SEE YOU.

COME, LET'S GO OVER TO CHUBB'S OFFICE AND WE CAN GO ALL OVER THE MATTER WHILE WE'RE THERE TOGETHER.

HELLO, CHUBB! THIS GENTLEMAN CAME OVER TO MY OFFICE TO SEE ME AT YOUR SUGGESTION.

AH—ER—OH, YES, I REMEMBER—

YOU WILL ALSO REMEMBER THAT I'M GOING TO PUT A STOP TO THIS SENDING ALL THE BORES YOU WANT TO GET RID OF OVER TO MY OFFICE!!

NEA SERVICE

ARRESTS MAY REVEAL 'DEATH TRUST'

By NEA Service

Clarksburg, W. Va., Feb. 21.—An organized murder band whose tentacles have crushed life from scores of victims is believed by police to have been revealed by the arrest here of 17 men and alleged confessions of some of those arrested.

Revealed as "bandoliers" as that which has wiped out whole clans in Italian vendettas, murder lists, secret rituals, symbols of blood-red handkerchief and knife gripped between clenched teeth are but some of the dramatic features of the confessions, according to police.

More than 40 murders, dynamite-incendiary fires, and extortion will be charged against some members of the band if the police are able to substantiate clues upon which they are working. Others will be charged with complicity in various of the crimes.

Named in the confessions as the "six boys," Joe Sergi of Fairmont, W. Va., is alleged to have been the strategic director. His was the brain, according to the confessions, under which the Italian colony here has lived in dread for months, not knowing whose next murder would strike.

Killed Woman, Charge
Police claim positive proof that the band committed three murders "high and low" now have been labeled "unsolved."

One of these was the killing near Baltimore of Bella Lemon, notorious woman of the Fairmont underworld. Her one-time master, Rosario Demareo, shortly afterward was shot down in Chicago and \$15,000 taken from him by orders of the Mafia, the confessions are said to have stated.

Besides the murders, police are working on theories that the burning of a business block in Farmington, and the dynamiting of a store at Grassell were the work of the band.

The confessions are said to show that bootleg whisky traffic was the cause for the reign of murder and violence. It is believed the gang furnished liquor to various dives, and tight enemies of the traffic and members of the rival whisky-selling gang were the victims.

Old Ritual
But interwoven with the ritual of old Italy, in the trunk one of the members arrested here, officers say they found a Mafia ceremony and, among other things, a blood red handkerchief. This, it is believed, was used by the band to swear in new members, the initiate taking the oath with hand upon the handkerchief and knife gripped between teeth.

Other confessions are said by police to have shown that the prisoners had a list of men marked for death. Chief of Police Lucio Wolfe of Clarksburg, was to be called on the telephone, declare police and told a still was being operated in a house at Kelley Hill, an Italian settlement near Clarksburg. In this house, instead of a still, was to be a timed charge of nitroglycerine. The Rev. T. E. Gainer, Northville, who preached against bootlegging, was another marked man, was also Chief of Police L. D. Snider, who cleaned up the East Side in Fairmont, it is alleged. A half dozen Italian merchants, upon whom plans to extort had failed, were to be murdered, according to the statements.

Fear More Killings
Feeling over the arrest of the 17 men now held so straitened, that police fear further killings to avenge the revelations made against the murder gangs.

Special detachments of state police are on guard at the jail, while detectives in the Italian section have doubled their vigilance.

Edison says he will retire at 100. First 100 years are the hardest.

If there were any more holidays in February bank clerks would forget where they worked.

Fuch is asking France to go back to the polka, wait and three-step while others are demanding the war dance.

The crank thinks one had turn deserves another.

The trouble with war is it is nothing else but trouble.

Life is a gamble. Everybody's hand of cards looks the same from the back.

Laves there a man with soul so dead who never wants to stay in bed?

So live that you can laugh at any collector in town.

Many a clothing store manager wears patched trousers.

"Anyone could lick our nays," says Sims. We saw a man who tried to get a black eye.

Detroit woman shot at her husband because she loved him. Better throw some dishes at your wife.

The question of the tour is "Is it that late?"

A girl with no complexion will make up for it.

The value of a kiss usually depends on the supply.

Two may not live cheaper than one, but they can live more.

By Meyer London
U. S. Representative From New York, Twelfth District

I don't know any funny stories, but here's a parable I often tell to the radical members of my party—I'm a Socialist—to show that things can't be done all at once.

The tale is from the Talmud. I think, though I'm not sure.

Anyhow, a man was sent to the well to bring a pail of water. He was gone for an hour or two, and a messenger was dispatched to find out what was causing the delay. He found the man digging around the well.

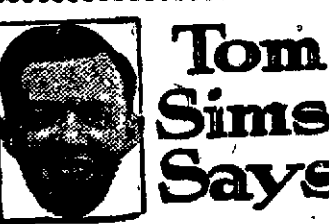
"Why do you do that instead of bringing the pail of water?" queried the messenger.

"Oh, I didn't want to go trotting back and forth with just one pail at a time," said the man. "So I was getting ready to bring you the well."

R. S. ENGE, D. C. Ph. C. Chiropractor Consultation Free Suite 9, 11 — Lucas Block Phone 260



HELD IN CONNECTION WITH ALLEGED BLACKHAND MURDERS AT CLARKSBURG, W. VA. TOP, LEFT TO RIGHT: PHILIP CANE-ZAR, PHILIP MICCHIELI, CENTER: JOE SERGI, ALLEGED "BIG BOSS" BEING HELD TO RIGHT: JOHN LACASSE, GUS JERZO.



A picture of the returned Maine soldiers and their children indicates they were in the infantry.

Spring dresses are straight even though cut by designing creature.

Edison says he will retire at 100. First 100 years are the hardest.

If there were any more holidays in February bank clerks would forget where they worked.

Fuch is asking France to go back to the polka, wait and three-step while others are demanding the war dance.

The crank thinks one had turn deserves another.

The trouble with war is it is nothing else but trouble.

Life is a gamble. Everybody's hand of cards looks the same from the back.

Laves there a man with soul so dead who never wants to stay in bed?

So live that you can laugh at any collector in town.

Many a clothing store manager wears patched trousers.

"Anyone could lick our nays," says Sims. We saw a man who tried to get a black eye.

Detroit woman shot at her husband because she loved him. Better throw some dishes at your wife.

The question of the tour is "Is it that late?"

A girl with no complexion will make up for it.

The value of a kiss usually depends on the supply.

Two may not live cheaper than one, but they can live more.

By Meyer London
U. S. Representative From New York, Twelfth District

I don't know any funny stories, but here's a parable I often tell to the radical members of my party—I'm a Socialist—to show that things can't be done all at once.

The tale is from the Talmud. I think, though I'm not sure.

Anyhow, a man was sent to the well to bring a pail of water. He was gone for an hour or two, and a messenger was dispatched to find out what was causing the delay. He found the man digging around the well.

"Why do you do that instead of bringing the pail of water?" queried the messenger.

"Oh, I didn't want to go trotting back and forth with just one pail at a time," said the man. "So I was getting ready to bring you the well."

R. S. ENGE, D. C. Ph. C. Chiropractor Consultation Free Suite 9, 11 — Lucas Block Phone 260

MIKE BRADY, HOODOO MAN OF GOLF

Wins First Big Tournament Last Year During 25-Year Career



BY BILLY EVANS.

Every sport has the original hard luck individual.

When Larry Lajoie was managing the Cleveland team, year after year his club threatened to win the pennant, only to have fate play fairly at the last moment.

One year a serious injury to Larry himself no doubt prevented him from realizing his great ambition—the winning of the pennant, with the right to play in the world series.

In the roped area, on the gridiron or tennis courts, some individual is always known as the original hard luck guy—the jinx.

Golf is no exception to the rule. In golfing circles the name of Mike Brady holds all records for getting tough breaks in his efforts to win glory on the links.

In no sport has any individual been so unkindly treated by Dame Fortune as Mike Brady. Ranked for years as one of the greatest professional players in the game, something has invariably turned up to rob him of many of the golfing laurels he seemed on the very brink of winning.

Original Hard Luck Guy.

Golfing history contains no parallel to the career of Mike Brady. After trying for 25 years, Brady, in 1922, by capturing the western open, won first honors for the first time in a major golf tournament.

Brady, like many of the other great professional players among them the present national champion, Gene Sarazen, began his career as a caddy.

Back in 1911 Brady made his first real bid for big honors. In the national open, staged at Wheaton, he finished in a triple tie with McDermott and J. J. McDermott.

In the playoff he finished second to McDermott by two strokes. Throughout the match the breaks went against Brady.

Wins First Big Tourney.

Two years later, 1913, in the western open, McDermott was again the player to frustrate Mike's championship ambition. He finished second.

It was my very good fortune to see Walter Hagen and Brady meet in the playoff for the national open in 1919. I was umpiring in Boston at the time, and as the match was playing in the morning it enabled me to get out to Braeburn and see one of the best matches in the history of the sport.

Hagen and Brady had finished in a tie for first place, and in the playoff Brady was again forced to accept defeat with a 78 to Hagen's 77. In 1921 Mike finished second in the Canadian open after looking like a sure winner in the first three rounds.

Failure, however, failed to kill Brady's enthusiasm—he kept plugging away. Last year his efforts were finally rewarded by winning the western open with 16 strokes to spare.

Irish Meusel Has Edge On Bob

The Meusel brothers, playing with the New York Yankees and Nationals prove beyond doubt the part that initiative and aggressiveness plays in the success of the diamond athlete.

Unquestionably Bob Meusel of the Yankees has more natural ability than Irish Meusel of the Giants, yet Irish is easily the more valuable ball player.

Saying that Bob is a better ball player than Irish, in no way belittles the ability of the latter, who is a wonderful outfielder.

Bob Meusel has every asset, a wonderful arm, great speed, plenty of courage and ability to hit. Yet it is a certainty that he will never enter stardom because of his indifference, lack of aggressiveness and initiative. Irish Meusel is the direct opposite of Bob, a real fighter. McGraw might make such a player of Bob.

BASQUE RETURNS

Fitted basques are frequently joined to ruffled skirts to make afternoon frocks. Ruffles of lace, net or chiffon are effective with taffeta basques.

Recruit Refuses Big League Berth, Says He's Not Quite Ready



GLENN WRIGHT

The major league is the goal of every ambitious ball player.

A chance to win a berth on a big league team is usually jumped at as the big opportunity.

It seldom happens that a player turns down the chance because he doesn't think he is ready to make the grade in the majors, and three players for immediate delivery.

Such a player is Glenn Wright, sensational young shortstop of the Kansas City team of the American Association. He wants one more year in the minors. Then he says he will be certain to deliver.

A number of major league clubs tried to purchase the youngster. Clark Griffith of Washington is said to have offered \$40,000 and three players for immediate delivery.

Wright is a product of Missouri university. He was sent to the brush a year ago for experience and last season played much of the year with Kansas City. He made a lot of mistakes early in the year, but he progressed rapidly and when the season closed he looked like the best young ball player developed in the big minor of the west for many years.

Clark Griffith watched Wright for almost two weeks and then made an offer that Ban Johnson says was \$40,000 and three players, while George Muehlebach owner of the Kansas City club, says it was only \$25,000 and three players. In either case it was a lot of money and there was no bunk about the offer.

When Wright heard of it he went to Muehlebach and told him he would rather remain in the association another year than to go to the majors before he was ready. Muehlebach offered him a contract for 1923, which he signed and then turned down the Washington bid. Muehlebach believes Wright will play such sensational ball in the association the coming campaign that he will bring a record price next fall.

Famous Fight Manager Says First Good Boy To Meet Kilbane Has Chance

Jimmy Dunn, developer of champions, is of the opinion that the first real classy boy to meet the champion will win the title.

It isn't a case of sour grapes with Dunn. The famous manager of fighters regards Kilbane as one of the greatest fighters of all time, a fighter never fully appreciated by the public.

"Kilbane is one of those fighters who happen once in every fifty years. Fast on his feet, clever, the possessor of a master brain and the ability to hit hard any time he set, explains why for over ten years Kilbane has towered over the featherweight division," says Dunn.

"There is an end to every champion, however, and sooner or later Kilbane must meet his superior. Jack Britton the 'old master,' finally succumbed. It is the same with every champion you can't postpone the finish forever.

"Kilbane is getting old as fighters go. He hasn't done much work for several years. It is going to be harder for him to round into shape. In addition the vitality of youth will be lacking."

Dunn doesn't think so much of Ciriqli, the European champion, who is being imported for a Kilbane bout.

"I don't think Ciriqli will be able to take Kilbane. There are a half dozen better featherweights in this country than Ciriqli. I have a couple of boys who can beat Ciriqli."

Nick stopped in his tracks but he figured he still retained the right of speech and, imitating the manner of the umpire, shouted in a equally loud voice: "No one knows more. I have been making bunks all my life, fooling the umpires and getting away with it."

"Well, here is once the umpire isn't going to be fooled. You can go to the club house and amuse yourself. You're not funny to me today."

Nick was through for the day.

progressed rapidly and when the season closed he looked like the best young ball player developed in the big minor of the west for many years.

Clark Griffith watched Wright for almost two weeks and then made an offer that Ban Johnson says was \$40,000 and three players, while George Muehlebach owner of the Kansas City club, says it was only \$25,000 and three players. In either case it was a lot of money and there was no bunk about the offer.

When Wright heard of it he went to Muehlebach and told him he would rather remain in the association another year than to go to the majors before he was ready. Muehlebach offered him a contract for 1923, which he signed and then turned down the Washington bid. Muehlebach believes Wright will play such sensational ball in the association the coming campaign that he will bring a record price next fall.

Dunn doesn't think so much of Ciriqli, the European champion, who is being imported for a Kilbane bout.

"I don't think Ciriqli will be able to take Kilbane. There are a half dozen better featherweights in this country than Ciriqli. I have a couple of boys who can beat Ciriqli."

Nick stopped in his tracks but he figured he still retained the right of speech and, imitating the manner of the umpire, shouted in a equally loud voice: "No one knows more. I have been making bunks all my life, fooling the umpires and getting away with it."

"Well, here is once the umpire isn't going to be fooled. You can go to the club house and amuse yourself. You're not funny to me today."

Nick was through for the day.

Dunn doesn't think so much of Ciriqli, the European champion, who is being imported for a Kilbane bout.

"I don't think Ciriqli will be able to take Kilbane. There are a half dozen better featherweights in this country than Ciriqli. I have a couple of boys who can beat Ciriqli."

Nick stopped in his tracks but he figured he still retained the right of speech and, imitating the manner of the umpire, shouted in a equally loud voice: "No one knows more. I have been making bunks all my life, fooling the umpires and getting away with it."

"Well, here is once the umpire isn't going to be fooled. You can go to the club house and amuse yourself. You're not funny to me today."

Nick was through for the day.

Dunn doesn't think so much of Ciriqli, the European champion, who is being imported for a Kilbane bout.

"I don't think Ciriqli will be able to take Kilbane. There are a half dozen better featherweights in this country than Ciriqli. I have a couple of boys who can beat Ciriqli."

Nick stopped in his tracks but he figured he still retained the right of speech and, imitating the manner of the umpire, shouted in a equally loud voice: "No one knows more. I have been making bunks all my life, fooling the umpires and getting away with it."

"Well, here is once the umpire isn't going to be fooled. You can go to the club house and amuse yourself. You're not funny to me today."

Nick was through for the day.

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE OF REAL ESTATE MORTGAGE BY ADVERTISEMENT

Notice is hereby given that that certain mortgage executed and delivered by Engebret Tuft, unmarried, mortgagor, to Barnes Brothers, Incorporated, of Minneapolis, Hennepin County, Minnesota, mortgage, dated the 22nd day of June, A. D. 1914, and filed for record in the office of Register of Deeds of the County of Burleigh, North Dakota, on the 30th day of June, A. D. 1914 at Two o'clock P. M. in Book 106 of mortgages, on page 104; which said mortgage was duly assigned in writing to Phillip Schmidt, Jr., on the 22nd day of June, A. D. 1914, and recorded in the office of Register of Deeds of Burleigh County, North Dakota, on the 28th day of June, A. D. 1914 in Book 106 of Mortgages, on page 424; and the said mortgage was afterwards assigned in writing to Baldwin State Bank, a corporation of Baldwin, Burleigh County, North Dakota, which said assignment was recorded in the office of Register of Deeds of Burleigh County, North Dakota, on the 12th day of May, A. D. 1922, in book 144 of mortgages on page 73; and which said mortgage was afterwards assigned in writing and recorded in the office of Register of Deeds, Burleigh County, North Dakota, in book 175 of assignments of mortgages, on page 9, on the 12th day of May, A. D. 1922, to John C. Higgins, Assignee, and present owner of the said mortgage; will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises in such mortgage and hereinafter described at the front door of the Courthouse in Bismarck, N. D. at the hour of Two o'clock P. M. on the 16th day of March, A. D. 1923, to satisfy the amount due upon such mortgage on the date of sale.

The premises described and which will be sold to satisfy the same are described as follows, to-wit:

West Half of West Half (W 1/2 of W 1/2) of Section Thirty-two (Sec. 32), Township One Hundred Forty-one, (Twp. 141) north, of Range Seventy-eight (Rge. 78) West of 5th P. M.

There will be on such mortgage at the date of sale the sum of Thirteen Hundred Sixty and 13-100ths Dollars (\$1366.13), together with taxes paid in sum of Three Hundred Ninety-nine and 96-100ths Dollars (\$399.96) and costs and disbursements of this sale.

JOHN C. HIGGINS, Assignee of Mortgage
H. G. HIGGINS, Atty.,
Baldwin, No. Dak.
First publication in Bismarck Tribune on Wednesday, Feb. 7th, 1923.
2-7-14-21-28-3-7-14

NOTICE OF SALE

Notice is hereby given. That by virtue of a judgment and decree in foreclosure, rendered and given by the District Court of the Fourth Judicial District, in and for the County of Burleigh and State of North Dakota, and entered and docketed in the office of the Clerk of said Court in and for said County, on the 20th day of January, 1923, in an action wherein Bismarck Bank, a banking association Plaintiff, and M. P. Moore, Defendant, in favor of the said Plaintiff, and against the said Defendant M. P. Moore for the sum of Fourteen Thousand One Hundred Seventy-nine Dollars and Seventy-two cents, which judgment and decree, among other things, directed the sale by me, of the real estate hereinafter described, to satisfy the amount of said judgment, with interest thereon, and the costs and expenses of such sale, or so much thereof as the proceeds of such sale applicable thereto will satisfy. And by virtue of a writ to me issued out of the office of the Clerk of said Court, in and for said County of Burleigh and under the seal of said Court, directing me to sell said real property pursuant to said judgment and decree, I, Albin Hedstrom, Sheriff of said County, and person appointed by said Court to make said sale, will sell the hereinafter described real estate to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Bismarck in the County of Burleigh and State of North Dakota, on the 12th day of March, A. D. 1923, at 2:00 o'clock P. M., of that day, to satisfy said judgment with interest and costs thereon, and the costs and expenses of such sale, or so much thereof as the proceeds of such sale applicable thereto will satisfy. The premises to be sold as aforesaid pursuant to said judgment and decree, and to said writ, and to this notice, are described in said judgment, decree and writ, as follows, to-wit: Lots Two (20 to Six (6) inclusive, in Block One (1) of McKenzie Addition to the City of Bismarck, Burleigh County, North Dakota.

ALBIN HEDSTROM, Sheriff of Burleigh County, N. D.
BENTON BAKER, Attorney for Plaintiff,
Bismarck, North Dakota.
2-7-14-21-28-3-7

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE OF REAL ESTATE MORTGAGE BY ADVERTISEMENT

Notice is hereby given that that certain mortgage executed and delivered by Erick and Theodor Skjold, single men, mortgagors, to Baldwin State Bank of Baldwin, North Dakota, a corporation under the laws of North Dakota, mortgage, dated the 7th day of June, A. D. 1917, and filed for record in the office of Register of Deeds of the County of Burleigh and State of North Dakota, on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1917 at 9:10 o'clock A. M. and recorded in Book 160 of mortgages, on page 83, and which said mortgage was thereafter duly assigned in writing on the 14th day of September, A. D. 1922, to August E. Johnson, of Washburn, N. D., will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises in such mortgage and hereinafter described at the front door of the Courthouse at Bismarck, County of Burleigh, North Dakota, at the hour of Eleven (11) o'clock A. M. on the 16th day of March, A. D. 1923, to satisfy the amount due upon the said mortgage on the day of sale.

The premises described in a such mortgage and which will be sold to satisfy the same are described as follows:

Southeast Quarter (SE 1/4) of Section Eight (Sec. 18) of Township One Hundred Forty-one (Twp. 141) north, of Range Seventy-seven (Rge. 77) west of 5th P. M.

There will be on such mortgage on the date of sale, the sum of Ninety-one and 80-100ths Dollars (\$91.80) together with the sum of Three Hundred Sixty-seven and 47-100ths Dollars (\$367.47) paid by account of accrued interest due on a prior mortgage, and the sum of One Hundred Ninety-seven and 97-100ths Dollars (\$197.97) in taxes paid, and also the costs and disbursements of this sale.

AUGUST E. JOHNSON, Assignee of Mortgage.
H. G. HIGGINS, Atty.,
Baldwin, No. Dak.
First publication in Bismarck Tribune on Wednesday, Feb. 7th, 1923.
2-7-14-21-28-3-7-14

Advertised Goods Reach You Without Lost Motion

A BIG PART OF THE COST OF LIVING TODAY MAY BE CHARGED TO LOST MOTION, TO SLOW, SLIPSHOD DISTRIBUTION OF GOODS, AND TO OLD-STYLE, WASTEFUL SELLING METHODS.

For example, every year tons of fruits and vegetables rot on the ground, because it doesn't pay to pick them. Discouraged growers plant less the next season, and the supply of food is reduced. Meanwhile, consumers in the cities near by grumble over high prices. Demand and supply are not brought together.

Contrast this with the handling of oranges. \$1,000,000 a year is spent for advertising by the co-operative association of the California Fruit Growers. A large sum; yet it is only about one-fifth of a cent per dozen—one-sixtieth of a cent for each orange sold.

And this advertising has kept down the cost of oranges. To quote an official of the Exchange:

"The cost of selling oranges and lemons through the California Fruit Growers' Exchange is lower today than it was ten years ago.

"In the twelve years since the first campaign was launched the consumption of California oranges has doubled. The American consumer has been taught by co-operative advertising to eat nearly twice as many oranges as before.

"Had the orange industry remained on the old basis, there would have been no profit in growing oranges. New acreage would not have been planted. Orchards would most surely have been uprooted and other crops planted."

Advertising, properly done, saves money for the consumer and makes money for the producer by driving out wasteful methods, increasing volume and cutting down the costs of selling and distribution.

Published by the Bismarck Tribune, in co-operation with The American Association of Advertising Agencies

MARKET NEWS
WHEAT DROPS
ON OPENING;
HEAVY SALES

Chicago, Feb. 21.—Wheat went downward in price today during the early dealings, a material factor being renewal of the selling which for several days has been led by houses with eastern connections. As the case usually has been of late, however, purchasing broadened and a rally ensued, when the market fell to \$1.19 for May. A decline in Liverpool quotations had some effect as an influence on the bear side of the market here. The opening varied from unchanged figures to 1/4 of a cent lower with May \$1.19 1/4 to \$1.19 1/2 and July \$1.15 1/4 to \$1.15 1/2.

CHICAGO LIVESTOCK
Chicago, Feb. 21.—Hog receipts 23,000, 10 cents higher. Top \$8.40. Sheep receipts 16,000. Opening very slow, early choice woolled lambs around \$1.50 lower. Bidding about 17 cents lower on other kinds.

SOUTH ST. PAUL LIVESTOCK
South St. Paul, Feb. 21.—Cattle receipts 3,300. Market slow. Beef steers weak to 25 cents lower. No good or choice beef steers. Butchers' common to medium beef steers \$7.75 to \$8.00. Butcher cows and heifers \$4.00 to \$7.00 or higher. Canners' cutters steady to weak, \$2.50 to \$2.75. Bologna bulls steady to strong, \$3.75 to \$4.75. Strictly choice stockers and feeders steady. Others weak to 25 cents lower.

Calves receipts 3,600. Market steady. Best lights largely \$7.50 to \$7.75.
Hog receipts 24,000. Market steady to 10 cents higher. Range \$8.50 to \$8.80. Bulk pigs \$8.10.
Sheep receipts 1,500. Market steady to weak. Tendency lower. On lambs bidding \$14.25 on choice fed lambs. Fat ewes quotable mostly from \$6.00 to \$7.50.

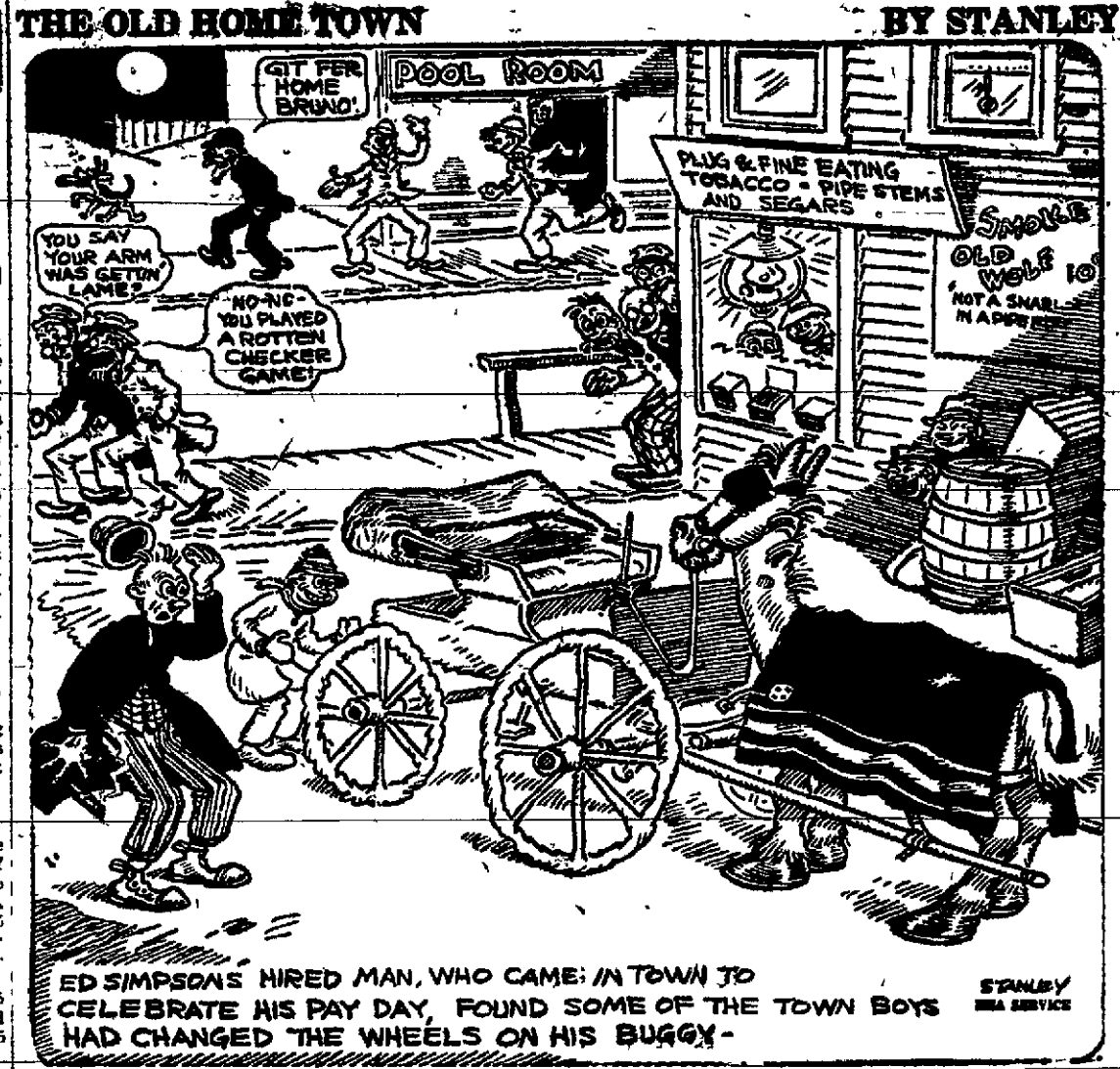
FLOUR UNCHANGED
Minneapolis, Feb. 21.—Flour unchanged. Bran \$27 to \$28.

MILL CITY WHEAT
Minneapolis, Feb. 21.—Wheat receipts 161 cars compared with holiday a year ago. Cash No. 1 northern \$1.20 1/2 to \$1.20 3/4; May \$1.20 1/2, July \$1.19 1/4; No. 2 dark northern \$1.24 to \$1.24 1/2; No. 2 dark northern \$1.23 1/2 to \$1.23 3/4; Corn No. 3 yellow \$1.40 1/2 to \$1.41 1/2; barley \$2.02 to \$2.02 1/2; rye No. 2, 80c to 80 1/2c; flax No. 1, \$3.11 to \$3.12.

BISMARCK GRAIN
(Furnished by Russell-Miller Co.)
Bismarck, Feb. 21, 1923.
No. 1 dark northern \$1.15
No. 1 northern spring 1.10
No. 1 amber durum .86
No. 1 mixed durum .80
No. 1 red durum .76
No. 1 flax 2.82
No. 2 flax 2.77
No. 1 rye .62

MAN ACT VIOLATION
Laid to Minnesota
Minot, N. D., Feb. 20.—Grover Hoese, of Hibbing, Minn., arraigned before U. S. Commissioner Ray Hopkins on a federal warrant charging violation of the Mann white slave act, demanded a preliminary hearing which was set for Feb. 28. Unable to furnish bonds, he was committed to the county jail.
The defendant was taken from the city jail where he has been serving a sentence for vagrancy, and was given over to the custody of U. S. Marshal James Shea of Fargo, who came here to serve the warrant.

WILLISTON PLANS AUTO SHOW
Williston, N. D., Feb. 20.—Local dealers and the Williston American Legion Post will join in staging in auto show here March 14 and 15.



ED SIMPSON'S HIRED MAN, WHO CAME IN TOWN TO CELEBRATE HIS PAY DAY, FOUND SOME OF THE TOWN BOYS HAD CHANGED THE WHEELS ON HIS BUGGY.



SIX KILLED.
Elmyra, N. Y., Feb. 20.—Six railroad men were killed in a train wreck this morning on the Lehigh Valley railroad at Rummelfield, Penn., about ten miles south of Tonawanda, Penn.

Valley railroad at Rummelfield, Penn., about ten miles south of Tonawanda, Penn.

Tribune Want Ads Bring Results

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

HELP WANTED—MALE
SHIRT manufacturer wants Agents to sell shirts direct to wearers. Earn big money. Be your own boss. No experience or capital required. Write for free samples. Madison Mills, 507 Broadway, New York.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE
GIRLS, SEW YOUR WAY through college. The Briggs School of Dressmaking will teach you how. Six weeks course in French dressmaking, making, sewing and needlework. Only thirty-five dollars for a life time of knowledge. Phone 871W, 1617 7th St., Bismarck.

WANTED—GIRL for general housework. Must be able to wait on table. "Mohawk."

WANTED—EXPERIENCED girl for housework. Phone 874R, 422 3rd St.

SALESMEN WANTED
SALESMEN that can qualify for a \$800 to \$1000 a week position. Willing to connect with a reliable manufacturer giving permanent territory. No commission on all business from the given territory, married men with selling experience preferred but not necessary. Apply at 110 3rd St. Real Silk Hosiery Mills Office for particulars, Bismarck, N. D.

LOST
LOST—Writing part of gold fountain pen. Reward. Finder please return to Tribune office.

ROOMS FOR RENT
FOR RENT—Two pleasant, large rooms on first floor, furnished for housekeeping, bath room adjoining, also garage for rent. Phone 329W, 620 6th St.

FOR RENT—Large, well furnished downstairs front room, private entrance in modern home. Call afternoons or evenings at 415-8th St. Phone 656.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room in modern house, close in. Call at 402 5th Street. Phone 836J.

FOR RENT—One large front room. Warm and nicely furnished. Close in. Call 422-4th. 2-19-1W.

FOR RENT—Strictly modern sleeping rooms at 300-9th St. Phone 377J.

FOR RENT—Two large and two small rooms, 404 8th St. Phone 512-J.

FOR RENT—Two room apartment, Bismarck Business College. Phone 523.

FOR RENT—Room, 321-8th St. 2-19-3t.

FOR SALE OR RENT HOUSES AND FLATS.
FOR SALE—Almost new bungalow of six rooms and bath. Garage in basement. West part of city. \$4,900. Cash, \$1,200. Also nice bungalow of five rooms and bath, garage. Close in. \$4,700. Cash, \$1,500. J. H. Holman, 314 Broadway. Phone 745.

WANTED—Three or four room house unfurnished or partly furnished. Reasonable distance from town. Write Tribune 627.

FOR RENT—Two room apartment, partly furnished or unfurnished, 621 Front St. Phone 886-J.

FOR RENT—Unfurnished apartments at Rose Apartments. See janitor.

FOR RENT—Six room modern furnished house. Phone 1052-J.

of Burleigh and State of North Dakota, in said District, respectfully represents that on the 6th day of December, 1922, last past, he the duly adjudged bankrupt under the acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said acts and of the orders of the court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore, He prays that he may be decreed by the court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankruptcy acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge. Dated this 6th day of January, A. D. 1923.

ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON
District of North Dakota, ss: On this 12th day of February, A. D. 1923, on reading the Petition for Discharge of the above-named Bankrupt, is

Ordered By the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1923, before the said court, at Fargo, in said district, at ten o'clock, forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in The Bismarck Tribune, a newspaper printed in said district, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the court, that the Referee shall send, by mail, to all known creditors, copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness The Honorable Andrew Miller, Judge of the said court, and the seal thereof, at Bismarck, in said district, on the 12th day of February, A. D. 1923.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE BY ADVERTISEMENT.
Notice is hereby given, that that certain Mortgage, executed and delivered by Jess O. Mathison and Mary Mathison, his wife, Mortgagees, to Seth G. Wright, Mortgagee, dated the 28th day of October, A. D. nineteen hundred and eighteen and filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Burleigh, and State of North Dakota, on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1918, and recorded in Book 144 of Mortgages, at page 29, will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises in such Mortgage and hereinafter described, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Bismarck, in the County of Burleigh, and State of North Dakota, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., on the 19th day of March 1923, to satisfy the amount due upon said Mortgage on the day of sale.

The premises described in said Mortgage and which will be sold to satisfy the same, are those certain premises situated in the County of Burleigh, and State of North Dakota, and described as follows, to-wit: The premises in such Mortgage, containing One Hundred Fifty (150) acres more or less according to the U. S. Government Survey thereof. The mortgage has paid certain taxes on said premises, which with interest thereon will, on date of sale, amount to One Hundred Seventy-two and 100/100 Dollars (\$172.10), and which is included in the amount hereinafter stated to be due.

There will be due on such Mortgage at the date of sale the sum of Two Hundred Seventy-seven and 100/100 (\$277.00) Dollars.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE BY ADVERTISEMENT.
Notice is hereby given, that that certain Mortgage, executed and delivered by Jess O. Mathison and Mary Mathison, his wife, Mortgagees, to Seth G. Wright, Mortgagee, dated the 15th day of October, A. D. nineteen hundred and nineteen and filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Burleigh, and State of North Dakota, on the 7th day of November, A. D. 1919, and recorded in Book 144 of Mortgages, at page 526, will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises in such Mortgage and hereinafter described, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Bismarck, in the County of Burleigh, and State of North Dakota, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., on the 19th day of March 1923, to satisfy the amount due upon said Mortgage on the day of sale.

The premises described in said Mortgage and which will be sold to satisfy the same, are those certain premises situated in the County of Burleigh, and State of North Dakota, and described as follows, to-wit: The premises in such Mortgage, containing One Hundred and Sixty (160) acres more or less according to the U. S. Government Survey thereof. On account of default in the terms and conditions of said mortgage, the mortgagee hereby declares the entire amount secured by said mortgage as immediately due and payable.

There will be due on such Mortgage at the date of sale the sum of Sixteen Hundred Nineteen and 60/100 (\$1619.60) Dollars.

SHERIFF'S SALE
STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA, County of Burleigh—ss.
Capital Security Bank, a corporation, Plaintiff, vs. The Western Sales Company, a corporation, F. O. Hellstrom, C. Brundley, and S. A. Floren, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of an execution to me directed and served, and now in my hands, issued out of the Clerk's office of the 4th Judicial District Court, State of North Dakota, in and for the County of Burleigh, upon a judgment rendered in said court in favor of Capital Security Bank, a corporation, Plaintiff, and against The Western Sales Company, a corporation, F. O. Hellstrom, C. Brundley, and S. A. Floren, Defendants, I have levied upon the following described personal property of said defendant F. O. Hellstrom, to-wit: All the right, title and interest in the above named defendant F. O. Hellstrom in and to the share of Capital Security Bank, doing business as co-partners under the firm name of the Hellstrom-Norton Brokerage Company, Plaintiff, against the Price Smith Fruit Company, a corporation, Defendant, and that I shall on Monday, the 5th day of March, A. D. 1923, at the hour of ten o'clock A. M., of said day, at the front door of the Burleigh County Court House, in the City of Bismarck, in said County and State, proceed to sell the right, title and interest of the above named defendant F. O. Hellstrom in and to the share of Capital Security Bank, said judgment and costs, amounting to Four Thousand Fifty-two Dollars and sixty-one cents, together with all accruing costs of sale, and interest thereon, at the rate of seven per cent per annum, at Public Auction, to the highest bidder for cash.

ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON
District of North Dakota, ss: On the 6th day of February, A. D. 1923, on reading the Petition for Discharge of the above-named Bankrupt, is

Ordered By the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 5th day of April, A. D. 1923, before the said court, at Fargo, in said district, at ten o'clock, forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in The Bismarck Tribune, a newspaper printed in said district, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the court, that the Referee shall send, by mail, to all known creditors, copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness The Honorable Andrew Miller, Judge of the said court, and the seal thereof, at Bismarck, in said district, on the 6th day of February, A. D. 1923.

PUFF SLEEVES
The short puff sleeves is seen on fashionable frocks, particularly those of taffeta. Bashed puffies are seen on some of the picturesque frocks that copy old costumes.

DOINGS OF THE DUFFS



Lena Does Things Her Own Way



YOU'D BETTER CARRY THAT WITH BOTH HANDS, LENA, YOU'LL SCRATCH EVERY THING ALL UP!



I MERELY OFFERED THAT AS A SUGGESTION -



BY ALLMAN



FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS



Page Jackie Coogan



DO YOU KNOW A BOY BY THE NAME OF JACKIE COOGAN?



GEE - THAT'S FUNNY - SURE YOU DON'T KNOW A BOY NAMED JACKIE COOGAN?



NO - BUT I THOUGHT MEBBE YOU MIGHT HAVE SENSE ENUFF TO KNOW ONE!



BY BLOSSER



MARKET NEWS

WHEAT DROPS ON OPENING; HEAVY SALES

Chicago, Feb. 21.—Wheat went downward in price today during the early dealings, a material factor being renewal of the selling which for several days has been led by houses with eastern connections. As the case usually has been of late, however, purchasing broadened and a rally ensued, when the market fell to \$1.19 for May. A decline in Liverpool quotations had some effect as an influence on the bear side of the market here. The opening varied from unchanged figures to 3/4 of a cent lower with May \$1.19 1/2 to \$1.19 1/4 and July \$1.15 1/2 to \$1.15 1/4.

CHICAGO LIVESTOCK
Chicago, Feb. 21.—Hog receipts 23,000, 10 cents higher. Top \$8.40. Sheep receipts 16,000. Opening very slow, early choice woolled lambs around \$1.50 lower. Bidding about 15 cents lower on other kinds.

SOUTH ST. PAUL LIVESTOCK
South St. Paul, Feb. 21.—Cattle receipts 3,300. Market slow. Beef steers weak to 25 cents lower. No good or choice beef steers. Bulls common to medium beef steers \$7.75 to \$8.00. Butcher cows and heifers \$4.00 to \$7.00 or higher. Canners or cutters steady to weak, \$2.50 to \$3.50. Bologna bulls steady to strong, \$3.75 to \$4.75. Strictly choice stockers and feeders steady. Others weak to 25 cents lower.

Calves receipts 3,600. Market steady. Best lights largely \$7.50 to \$10.25. Hog receipts 24,000. Market steady to 10 cents higher. Range \$6.50 to \$8.20. Bulk pigs \$8.10. Sheep receipts 1,500. Market steady to weak. Tendency lower on lamb bidding \$14.25 on choice fed lambs. Fat ewes quotable mostly from \$6.00 to \$7.50.

FLOUR UNCHANGED
Minneapolis, Feb. 21.—Flour unchanged. Bran \$27 to \$28.

MILL CITY WHEAT
Minneapolis, Feb. 21.—Wheat receipts 161 cars compared with holiday a year ago. Cash No. 1 northern \$1.20 1/2 to \$1.29 1/2; May \$1.20 1/2; July \$1.19 1/4; No. 1 dark northern \$1.24 to \$1.42 1/4; No. 2 dark northern \$1.23 1/2 to \$1.30 1/2; Corn No. 3 yellow 67 1/2 to 69c. Oats No. 3 white \$1.40 1/2 to \$1.41 1/2; barley 52c to 62c; rye No. 2, 80c to 80 1/2c; flax No. 1, \$3.14 to \$3.16.

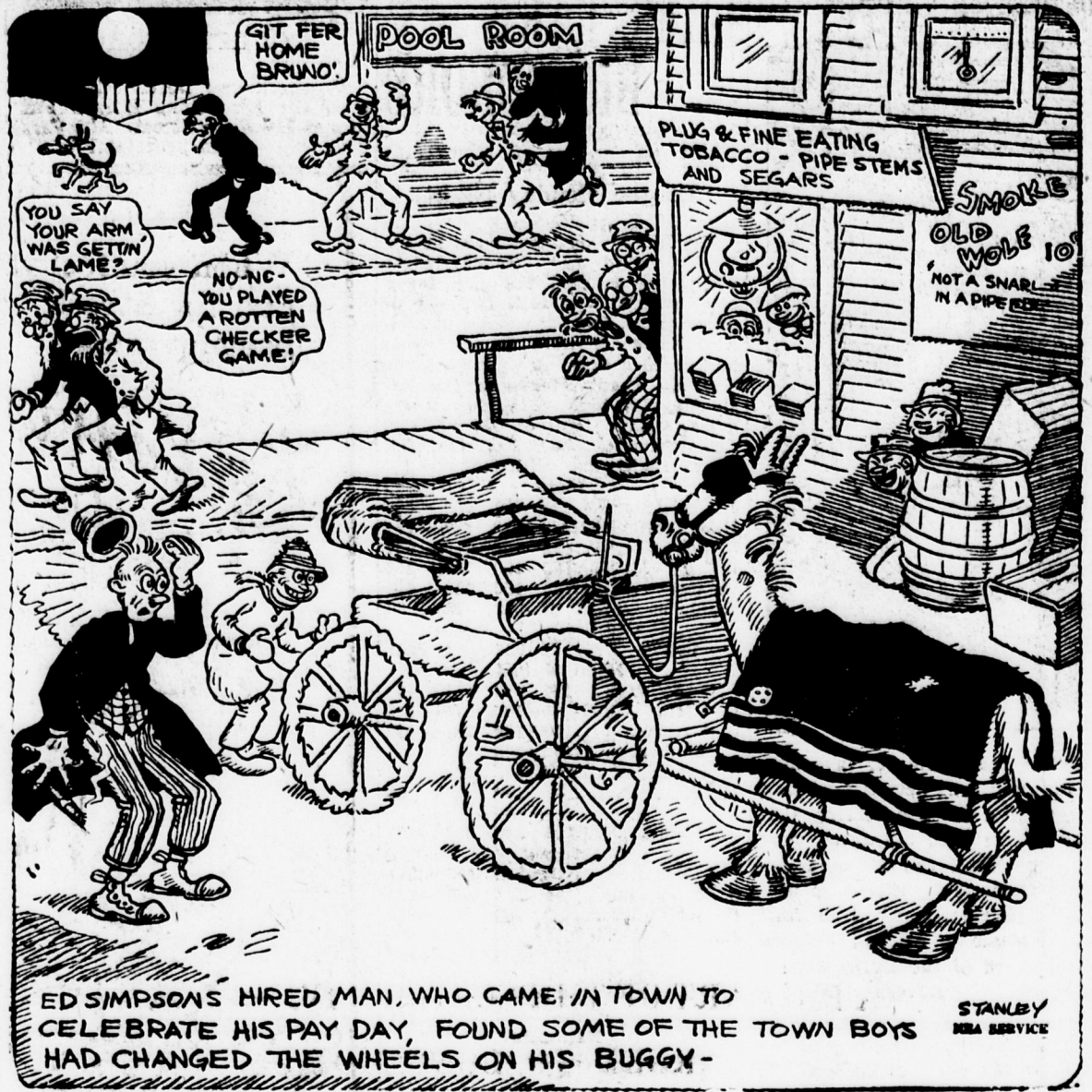
BISMARCK GRAIN
(Furnished by Russell-Miller Co.)
Bismarck, Feb. 21, 1923.
No. 1 dark northern\$1.15
No. 1 northern spring1.10
No. 1 amber durum86
No. 1 mixed durum80
No. 1 red durum76
No. 1 flax2.82
No. 2 flax2.77
No. 1 rye62

MANN ACT VIOLATION
Laid to Minnesota
Minot, N. D., Feb. 20.—Grover Hoese, of Hibbing, Minn., arraigned before U. S. Commissioner Ray Hopkins on a federal warrant charging violation of the Mann white slave act, demanded a preliminary hearing which was set for Feb. 28. Unable to furnish bonds, he was committed to the county jail.

The defendant was taken from the city jail where he has been serving a sentence for vagrancy, and was given over to the custody of U. S. Marshal James Shea of Fargo, who came here to serve the warrant.

WILLISTON PLANS AUTO SHOW
Williston, N. D., Feb. 20.—Local dealers and the Williston American Legion Post will join in staging in auto show here March 14 and 15.

THE OLD HOME TOWN



ED SIMPSON'S HIRED MAN, WHO CAME IN TOWN TO CELEBRATE HIS PAY DAY, FOUND SOME OF THE TOWN BOYS HAD CHANGED THE WHEELS ON HIS BUGGY.



WHEN THE LONGEST WAY AROUND IS THE SHORTEST WAY HOME.

An entertainment program is being worked out by the post. At least one radio outfit will be installed in the army and the latest modern radio appliances will be exhibited.

SIX KILLED.
Elmyra, N. Y., Feb. 20.—Six railroad men were killed in a train wreck this morning on the Lehigh Valley railroad at Rummertfield, Penn., about ten miles south of Tonawanda, Penn.

Tribune Want Ads Bring Results

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

HELP WANTED—MALE
SHIRT manufacturer wants Agents to sell shirts direct to wearers. Earn big money. Be your own boss. No experience or capital required. Write for free samples. Madison Mills, 507 Broadway, New York.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE
GIRLS, SEW YOUR WAY through college. The Briggs School of Dressmaking will teach you how Six weeks course in French dressmaking, practical, sewing and needlework. Only thirty-five dollars for a life time of knowledge. Phone 871W, 1017 7th St., Bismarck.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Must be able to wait on table. "Mohawk." 2-19-54
WANTED—Experienced girl for housework. Phone 874R, 422 3rd St. 2-21-23

SALESMEN WANTED
SALESMEN that can qualify for a \$50 to \$100 a week position. Willing to connect with a reliable manufacturer giving permanent territories with a credit on all business from the given territory, married men with selling experience preferred but not necessary. Apply at 110 3rd St., Real Silk Hosiery Mills Office for particulars, Bismarck, N. D. 2-19-1W

LOST
LOST—Writing part of gold fountain pen. Reward. Finder please return to Tribune office. 2-20-21

ROOMS FOR RENT.
FOR RENT—Two pleasant, large rooms on first floor, furnished for housekeeping, bath room adjoining, also garage for rent. Phone 329W, 620 6th St. 2-21-31

FOR RENT—Large, well furnished downstairs front room, private entrance in modern home. Call afternoons or evenings at 415-8th St. Phone 656. 2-19-1W

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room in modern house, close in. Call at 402 5th Street. Phone 836J. 2-21-1W

FOR RENT—One large front room. Warm and nice, furnished. Close in. Call 422-4th. 2-19-1W

FOR RENT—Strictly modern sleeping rooms at 300-9th St. Phone 377J. Feb. 20-23

FOR RENT—Two large and two small rooms, 404 5th St. Phone 512-J. 2-7-41

FOR RENT—Two room apartment, Bismarck Business College. Phone 123. 2-18-11

FOR RENT—Room, 321-8th St. 2-19-31

FOR SALE OR RENT HOUSES AND FLATS.
FOR SALE—Almost new bungalow of six rooms and bath. Garage in basement. West part of city. \$4,900. Cash, \$1,200. Also nice bungalow of five rooms and bath, garage. Close in. \$4,700. Cash, \$1,500. J. H. Holihan, 314 Broadway. Phone 745. 2-19-31

WANTED—Three or four room house unfurnished or partly furnished. Reasonable distance from town. Write Tribune 527. 2-20-31

FOR RENT—Two room apartment, partly furnished or unfurnished, 621 Front St. Phone 866-J. 2-17-1W

FOR RENT—Unfurnished apartments at Rose Apartments. See janitor. 2-16-1W

FOR RENT—Six-room modern furnished house. Phone 1052-J. 2-21-31

of Burleigh and State of North Dakota, in said District, respectfully represents that on the 6th day of December, 1922, last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said acts and of the orders of the court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore, He prays that he may be decreed by the court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankruptcy acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 6th day of January, A. D. 1923.

CARL WALTER JOHNSON, Bankrupt.

ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON
District of North Dakota, ss: On this 12th day of February, A. D. 1923, on reading the Petition for Discharge of the above-named Bankrupt, it is—

Ordered By the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1923, before the said court, at Fargo, in said district, at ten o'clock forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in The Bismarck Tribune, a newspaper printed in said district, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the court, that the Referee shall send, by mail, to all known creditors, copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness The Honorable Andrew Miller, Judge of the said court, and the seal thereof, at Bismarck, in said district, on the 12th day of February, A. D. 1923.

(SEAL OF THE COURT)
J. A. MONTGOMERY, Clerk.

By E. R. STEELE, Deputy Clerk.

BANKRUPT'S PETITION FOR DISCHARGE AND ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON
In the District Court of the United States, For the Southwestern Division, District of North Dakota.

In the Matter of L. Roy Baker, Bankrupt.

The Honorable Andrew Miller, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of North Dakota, L. Roy Baker, of Taft Township, in the County of Burleigh and State of North Dakota, in said District, respectfully represents that on the 13th day of December, 1922, last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said acts and of the orders of the court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore, He prays that he may be decreed by the court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankruptcy acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 23rd day of December, A. D. 1922.

L. ROY BAKER, Bankrupt.

ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON
District of North Dakota, ss: On this 12th day of February, A. D. 1923, on reading the Petition for Discharge of the above-named Bankrupt, it is—

Ordered By the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1923, before the said court, at Fargo, in said district, at ten o'clock forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in The Bismarck Tribune, a newspaper printed in said district, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the court, that the Clerk shall send, by mail, to all known creditors, copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness The Honorable Andrew Miller, Judge of the said court, and the seal thereof, at Bismarck, in said district, on the 12th day of February, A. D. 1923.

(SEAL OF THE COURT)
J. A. MONTGOMERY, Clerk.

By E. R. STEELE, Deputy Clerk.

BANKRUPT'S PETITION FOR DISCHARGE AND ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON
In the District Court of the United States, For the Southwestern Division, District of North Dakota.

In the Matter of Jacob Berg, Jr., Bankrupt.

To the Honorable Andrew Miller, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of North Dakota, Jacob Berg, Jr., of Arena, in the County of Burleigh and State of North Dakota, in said District, respectfully represents that on the 3rd day of October, 1922, last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said acts and of the orders of the court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore, He prays that he may be decreed by the court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankruptcy acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 13th day of November, A. D. 1922.

JACOB BERG, JR., Bankrupt.

ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON
District of North Dakota, ss: On this 12th day of February, A. D. 1923, on reading the Petition for Discharge of the above-named Bankrupt, it is—

Ordered By the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 5th day of April, A. D. 1923, before the said court, at Fargo, in said district, at ten o'clock forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in The Bismarck Tribune, a newspaper printed in said district, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the court, that the Referee shall send, by mail, to all known creditors, copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness The Honorable Andrew Miller, Judge of the said court, and the seal thereof, at Bismarck, in said district, on the 5th day of February, A. D. 1923.

(SEAL OF THE COURT)
J. A. MONTGOMERY, Clerk.

By E. R. STEELE, Deputy Clerk.

FINNEY'S SERVICE

DAILY PHOTO SERVICE

at BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA
Known all over the Northwest for Quality
of MAIL US YOUR FILMS

February, A. D. 1923.
(SEAL OF THE COURT)
J. A. MONTGOMERY, Clerk.

By E. R. STEELE, Deputy Clerk.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE BY ADVERTISEMENT.
Notice is Hereby Given, That certain Mortgage, executed and delivered by Jesse O. Mathison and Mary Mathison, his wife, Mortgagees, to Seth G. Wright, Mortgagor, dated the 28th day of October A. D. nineteen hundred and eighteen and filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Burleigh, and State of North Dakota, on the 4th day of November A. D. 1918, and recorded in Book 144 of Mortgages, at page 79, will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises in said mortgage, hereinafter described, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Bismarck, in the County of Burleigh, and State of North Dakota, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., on the 19th day of March 1923, to satisfy the amount due upon said Mortgage on the day of sale.

The premises described in said Mortgage and which will be sold to satisfy the same, are those certain premises situated in the County of Burleigh, and State of North Dakota, and described as follows, to-wit: Southwest Quarter (SW 1/4) of Section Two (2) in Township One Hundred Forty-two (142) North of Range Seventy-seven (77) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing One Hundred Sixty (160) acres more or less according to the U. S. Government Survey thereof.

The mortgagee has paid certain sums to-wit: Interest on a prior lien on said premises which with interest thereon will, on date of sale, amount to One Hundred Seventy-one and 12-100 Dollars (\$171.12), and which is included in the amount hereinafter stated to be due.

There will be due on such Mortgage at the date of sale the sum of Two Hundred Seventy-seven and 08-100 (\$277.08) Dollars.

SETH G. WRIGHT, Mortgagee.

LAWRENCE, MURPHY & NILES, Attorneys for Mortgagee, Fargo, North Dakota. 1-31-2-7-14-21-28-3-7

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE BY ADVERTISEMENT.
Notice is Hereby Given, That certain Mortgage, executed and delivered by Mike Zuke, a single man, Mortgagor, to Seth G. Wright, Mortgagee, dated the 15th day of October A. D. nineteen hundred and nineteen and filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Burleigh, and State of North Dakota, on the 7th day of November A. D. 1919, and recorded in Book 144 of Mortgages, at page 526, will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises in said mortgage, hereinafter described, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Bismarck, in the County of Burleigh, and State of North Dakota, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., on the 19th day of March 1923, to satisfy the amount due upon said Mortgage on the day of sale.

The premises described in said Mortgage and which will be sold to satisfy the same, are those certain premises situated in the County of Burleigh, and State of North Dakota, and described as follows, to-wit: The Northwest Quarter (NW 1/4) of Section One (1) in Township One Hundred Forty-three (143) North of Range Seventy-nine (79) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, containing One Hundred Sixty (160) acres more or less according to the U. S. Government Survey thereof.

On account of default in the terms and conditions of said mortgage, the mortgagee has heretofore and does hereby foreclose the same amount secured by said mortgage as immediately due and payable.

There will be due on such Mortgage at the date of sale the sum of Sixteen Hundred Nineteen and 00-100 (\$1619.00) Dollars.

SETH G. WRIGHT, Mortgagee.

LAWRENCE, MURPHY & NILES, Attorneys for Mortgagee, Fargo, North Dakota. 1-31-2-7-14-21-28-3-7

SHERIFF'S SALE
STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA, County of Burleigh—ss.

Capital Security Bank, a corporation, Plaintiff, vs. The Western Sales Company, a corporation, F. O. Hellstrom, H. C. Bradley, and S. A. Floren, Defendants.

Notice is Given, That by virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered, and now in my hands, issued out of the Clerk's office of the District Court of the County of Burleigh and State of North Dakota, in and for the County of Burleigh upon a judgment rendered in said Court in favor of Capital Security Bank, a corporation, Plaintiff, and against The Western Sales Company, a corporation, F. O. Hellstrom, H. C. Bradley, and S. A. Floren, Defendants, I have levied upon the following described personal property of said Defendant F. O. Hellstrom, to-wit: all the right, title and interest of the above named defendant, F. O. Hellstrom in the judgment entered in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of Burleigh County, North Dakota, on the 11th day of February, 1922 in the case of Clifford R. Norton and F. O. Hellstrom, doing business as co-partners under the firm name of the Hellstrom-Norton Brokerage Company, Plaintiffs, against the Price Smith Fruit Company, a co-partnership, Defendants. And that I shall on Monday, the 5th day of March, A. D. 1923, at the hour of ten o'clock A. M., of said day, at the front door of the Burleigh County Court House in the City of Bismarck, in said County and State, proceed to sell the right, title and interest of the above named F. O. Hellstrom in and to the above described property, to-wit: said judgment and costs, amounting to Four Thousand Fifty-two Dollars and sixty-one cents, together with all accrued costs of said judgment, and interest on the same from the 5th day of January 1920, at the rate of seven per cent per annum, at Public Auction, to the highest bidder for cash.

ALBIN HEDSTROM, Sheriff of Burleigh County, N. D.

W. L. SMITH, Plaintiff's Attorney. Dated Bismarck, N. D., February 21st, 1923. 2-21

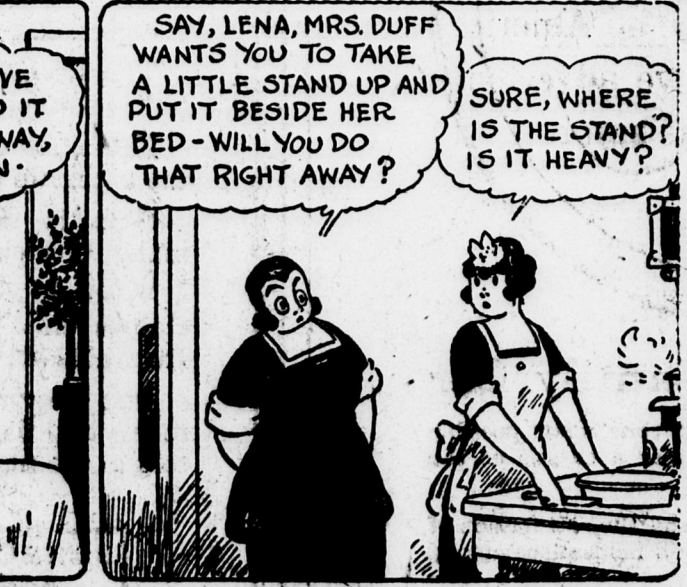
PUFF SLEEVES
The short puff sleeves is seen on fashionable frocks, particularly those of taffeta. Seamed puffs are seen on some of the picturesque frocks that copy old costumes.

DOINGS OF THE DUFFS



OLIVIA, I WISH YOU WOULD HAVE THE MAID BRING UP THAT LITTLE STAND AND PUT IT HERE BESIDE THE BED—I MAY WANT MY LUNCH SENT UP LATER.

Lena Does Things Her Own Way



SAY, LENA, MRS. DUFF WANTS YOU TO TAKE A LITTLE STAND UP AND PUT IT BESIDE HER BED—WILL YOU DO THAT RIGHT AWAY?

YOU'D BETTER CARRY THAT WITH BOTH HANDS, LENA, YOU'LL SCRATCH EVERY THING ALL UP!



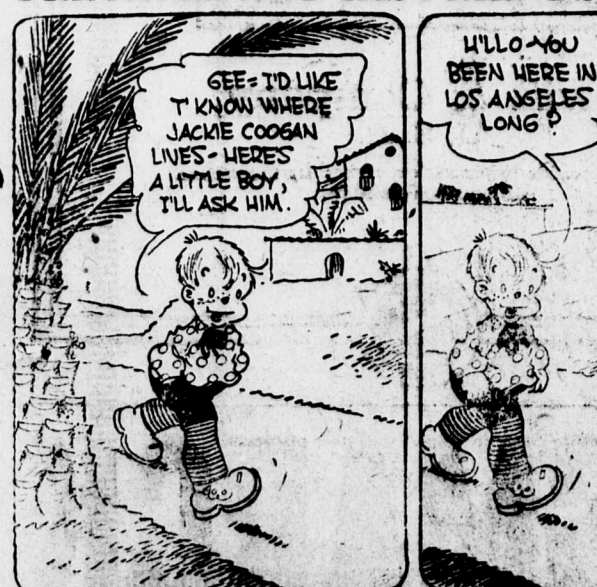
WHAT'S THE MATTER WITH THIS WAY?

I MERELY OFFERED THAT AS A SUGGESTION—



SOME PEOPLE STAND AROUND AND GRUNT WHILE THE OTHER PERSON LIFTS—

FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS



GEE—I'D LIKE TO KNOW WHERE JACKIE COOGAN LIVES—HERE'S A LITTLE BOY, I'LL ASK HIM.

Page Jackie Coogan



HELLO—YOU BEEN HERE IN LOS ANGELES LONG?

DO YOU KNOW A BOY BY THE NAME OF JACKIE COOGAN?



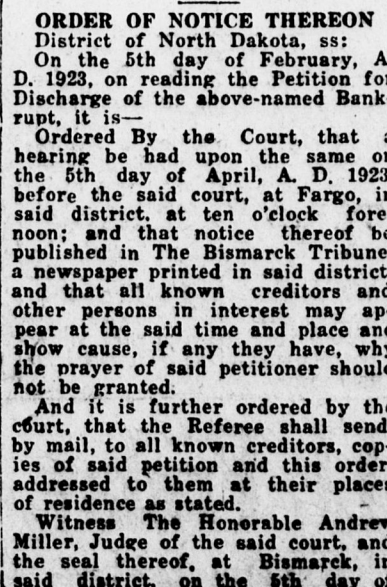
SURE—I WUZ BORNED HERE.

GEE—THAT'S FUNNY—SURE YOU DON'T KNOW A BOY NAMED JACKIE COOGAN?



NOPE.

NO—BUT I THOUGHT MEBBE YOU MIGHT HAVE SENSE ENUFF TO KNOW ONE!



NOPE.

MIKE BRADY, HOODOO MAN OF GOLF

Wins First Big Tournament Last Year During 25-Year Career



BRADY IS THE CHAMP
HARD LUCK PLAYER

BY BILLY EVANS.

Every sport has the original hard luck individual.

When Larry Lujole was managing the Cleveland team, year after year his club threatened to win the pennant, only to have fate play false at the last moment.

One year a serious injury to Larry himself no doubt prevented him from realizing his great ambition—the winning of the pennant, with the right to play in the world series.

In the roped area, on the gridiron or tennis courts, some individual is always known as the original hard luck guy—the jinx.

Golf is no exception to the rule. In golfing circles the name of Mike Brady holds all records for getting tough breaks in his efforts to win glory on the links.

In no sport has any individual been so unkindly treated by Dame Fortune as Mike Brady. Ranked for years as one of the greatest professional players in the game, something has invariably turned up to rob him of many of the gold and laurels he seemed on the very brink of winning.

Original Hard Luck Guy.

Golfing history contains no parallel to the career of Mike Brady. After trying for 25 years, Brady, in 1922, by capturing the western open, won first honors for the first time in a major golf tournament.

Brady, like many of the other great professional players among them the present national champion, Gene Sarazen, began his career as a caddy.

Back in 1911 Brady made his first real bid for big honors. In the national open, started at Wheaton, he finished in a triple tie with McDermott and J. J. McDermott.

In the playoff he finished second to McDermott by two strokes. Throughout the match the breaks went against Brady.

Wins First Big Tourney.

Two years later, 1913, in the western open, McDermott was again the player to frustrate Mike's championship ambition. He finished second.

It was my very good fortune to see Walter Hagen and Brady meet in the playoff for the national open in 1919. I was umpiring in Boston at the time and as the match was playing in the morning it enabled me to get out to Bluebird and see one of the best matches in the history of the sport.

Hagen and Brady had finished in a tie for first place, and in the playoff Brady was again forced to accept defeat with a 78 to Hagen's 71.

In 1921 Mike finished second in the Canadian open after looking like a sure winner in the first three rounds.

Failure, however, failed to kill Brady's enthusiasm—he kept plugging away. Last year his efforts were finally rewarded by winning the western open with 10 strokes to spare.

Irish Meusel Has Edge On Bob

The Meusel brothers, playing with the New York Americans and Nationals prove beyond doubt the part that initiative and aggressiveness plays in the success of the diamond athlete.

Unquestionably Bob Meusel of the Yankees has more natural ability than Irish Meusel of the Giants, yet Irish is easily the more valuable ball player.

Saying that Bob is a better ball player than Irish, in no way belittles the ability of the latter, who is a wonderful outfielder.

Bob Meusel has every asset, a wonderful arm, great speed, plenty of courage and ability to hit. Yet it is a certainty that he will never enter stardom because of his indifference, lack of aggressiveness and initiative.

Irish Meusel is the direct opposite of Bob, a real fighter. McGraw might make such a player of Bob.

BASEQUE RETURNS

Fitted basques are frequently joined to ruffled skirts to make afternoon frocks. Ruffles of lace, net or chiffon are effective with taffeta basques.

Famous Fight Manager Says First Good Boy To Meet Kilbane Has Chance

Jimmy Dunn, developer of champions, is of the opinion that the first real classy boy to meet the champion will win the title.

It isn't a case of your ragges with Dunn. The famous manager of 37 fighters regards Kilbane as one of the greatest fighters of all time, a fighter never fully appreciated by the public.

"Kilbane is one of those fighters who happen once in every fifty years. Fast on his feet, clever, the possessor of a master brain and the ability to hit hard any time he gets, explains why for over ten years Kilbane has towered over the featherweight division," says Dunn.

"There is an end to every champion, however, and sooner or later Jack Britton the 'old master' finally succumbed. It is the same with every champion you can't postpone the finish forever.

"Kilbane is getting old as fighters go. He hasn't done much work for several years. It is going to be harder for him to round into shape. In addition the vitality of youth will be lacking."

Dunn doesn't think so much of Criqui, the European champion, who is being imported for a Kilbane bout. "I don't think Criqui will be able to take Kilbane. There are a hundred better featherweights in this country than Criqui. I have a couple of boys who can beat Criqui."

Umpire Owens Takes Altrock Seriously Which Proves Disastrous To Nick

Ordinarily, the American League umpires get as much fun out of Nick Altrock's crotcheries as do the spectators.

There is an exception however, to every rule, and one day last summer Umpire Brick Owens took Altrock seriously and Nick got the gate.

Washington and Boston were playing at the latter city. The game was a pitchers' battle and the score a tie when the episode happened that resulted in Nick's banishment.

Zachary was pitching for Washington and with a runner on third, he made a motion that Owens interpreted as a balk. Brick so ruled, waving in the runner from third with what proved to be the deciding tally of the game.

Altrock dashed madly from the bench to protest. Owens didn't wait for him to reach the plate before warning him to stop. In a loud voice Owens shouted:

"What do you know about balks? If you come up to the plate you are through!"

Nick stopped in his tracks but he figured he still retained the right of speech and, imitating the manner of the umpire, shouted in an equally loud voice:

"No one knows more. I have been making balks all my life, fooling the umpires and getting away with it."

"Well, here is once the umpire isn't going to be fooled. You can go to the club house and amuse yourself. You're not funny to me to-day."

Nick was through for the day.

Recruit Refuses Big League Berth, Says He's Not Quite Ready

The major league is the goal of every ambitious ball player.

A chance to win a berth on a big league team is usually jumped at as the big opportunity.

It seldom happens that a player turns down the chance because he doesn't think he is ready to make the grade in the majors.

Such a player is Glenn Wright, sensational young shortstop of the Kansas City team of the American Association. He wants one more year in the minors. Then he says he will be certain to deliver.

A number of major league clubs tried to purchase the youngster. Clark Griffith of Washington is said to have offered \$40,000 and three players for immediate delivery.

Wright is a product of Missouri university. He was sent to the brush a year ago for experience and last season played much of the year with Kansas City. He made a lot of mistakes early in the year, but he progressed rapidly and when the season closed he looked like the best young ball player developed in the big minor of the west for many years.

Clark Griffith watched Wright for almost two weeks and then made an offer that Ban Johnson says was \$40,000 and three players, while George Muehlebach owner of the Kansas City club, says it was only \$25,000 and three players. In either case it was a lot of money and there was no hunk about the offer.

When Wright heard of it he went to Muehlebach and told him he would rather remain in the association another year than to go to the majors before he was ready. Muehlebach offered him a contract for 1923, which he signed and then turned down the Washington bid. Muehlebach believes Wright will play such sensational ball in the association the coming campaign that he will bring a record price next fall.

Glenn Wright

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE OF REAL ESTATE MORTGAGE BY ADVERTISEMENT

Notice is hereby given that that certain mortgage executed and delivered by Engelbert T. Turt, unmarried, mortgagor, to Barnes Brothers, Incorporated, of Minneapolis, Hennepin County, Minnesota, mortgage, dated the 22nd day of June, A. D. 1914, and filed for record in the office of Register of Deeds of the County of Burleigh, North Dakota, on the 30th day of June, A. D. 1914 at Two o'clock P. M. in Book 106 of mortgages, on page 104; which said mortgage was duly assigned in writing to Phillip Schmitt, Jr., on the 22nd day of June, A. D. 1914, and recorded in office of Register of Deeds of Burleigh County, North Dakota, on the 28th day of June, A. D. 1914 in Book 106 of mortgages, on page 424; and the said mortgage was afterwards assigned in writing to Baldwin State Bank, a corporation of Baldwin, Burleigh County, North Dakota, which said assignment was recorded in the office of Register of Deeds for Burleigh County, North Dakota, on the 12th day of May, A. D. 1922, in book 145 of assignments of mortgages, on page 9, on the 12th day of May, A. D. 1922, to John C. Higgins, Assignee, and present owner of the signed, and pursuant to the said mortgage, will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises in such mortgage and hereinafter described at the front door of the Courthouse in Bismarck, N. D. at the hour of Two o'clock P. M. on the 16th day of March, A. D. 1923, to satisfy the amount due upon such mortgage on the date of sale.

The premises described and which will be sold to satisfy the same are described as follows, to-wit: West Half of West Half (W 1/2 of W 1/2) of Section Thirteenth (Sec. 13), Township One Hundred Forty-one, (Twp. 141) north, of Range Seventy-eight (Rge. 78) West of 5th P. M.

There will be on or such mortgage at the date of sale the sum of Thirteen Hundred Sixty and 13/100ths Dollars (\$1360.13), together with taxes paid in and of three hundred and Ninety-nine and 86/100ths Dollars (\$399.86) and costs and disbursements of this sale.

JOHN C. HIGGINS, Assignee of Mortgage
H. G. HIGGINS, Atty.
Baldwin, N. Dak.
First publication in Bismarck Tribune on Wednesday, Feb. 7th, 1923.
2-7-14-21-28-3-7-14

NOTICE OF SALE

Notice is hereby given That by virtue of a judgment and decree in foreclosure, rendered and given by the District Court of the Fourth Judicial District, in and for the County of Burleigh and State of North Dakota, and entered and docketed in the office of the Clerk of said Court in and for said County, on the 30th day of January, 1923, in an action wherein the Plaintiff, and M. P. Moore, Defendant, in favor of the said Plaintiff, and against the said Defendant, to Moore for the sum of Fourteen Thousand One Hundred Seventy-nine Dollars and Seventy-two cents, which judgment and decree, among other things, directed that the same of the real estate hereinafter described, to satisfy the amount of said judgment, with interest thereon, and the costs and expenses of such sale, or so much thereof as the proceeds of such sale applicable thereto will satisfy. And by virtue of a writ to me issued out of the office of the Clerk of said Court in and for said County of Burleigh and under the seal of said Court, directing me to sell said real property pursuant to said judgment and decree, I, Alvin Hedstrom, Sheriff of said County, and person appointed by said Court to make said sale, will sell the hereinafter described real estate to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Bismarck in the County of Burleigh and State of North Dakota, on the 12th day of March, A. D. 1923, at 2:00 o'clock P. M. of that day, to satisfy said judgment with interest and costs thereon, and the costs and expenses of such sale, or so much thereof as the proceeds of such sale applicable thereto will satisfy. The premises to be sold as aforesaid pursuant to said judgment and decree, and to satisfy said notice, are described in said judgment, decree and writ as follows, to-wit: Lots Two (20 to Six (6) inclusive, in Block One (1) of McKenna Addition to the City of Bismarck, Burleigh County, North Dakota.

ALVIN HEDSTROM, Sheriff of Burleigh County, N. D.
BENTON BAKER, Attorney for Plaintiff.
Bismarck, North Dakota.
2-7-14-21-28-3-7

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE OF REAL ESTATE MORTGAGE BY ADVERTISEMENT

Notice is hereby given that that certain mortgage executed and delivered by Erick and Theodore Skoglund, single men, mortgagors, to Baldwin State Bank of Baldwin, North Dakota, a corporation with the laws of North Dakota, mortgage, dated the 7th day of June A. D. 1917, and filed for record in the office of Register of Deeds of the County of Burleigh and State of North Dakota, on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1917 at 9:10 o'clock A. M., and recorded in Book 150 of mortgages, on page 83, a title which said mortgage was thereafter duly assigned in writing on the 14th day of September, A. D. 1922, to August E. Johnson, of Washburn, N. D., will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises in such mortgage and hereinafter described at the front door of the Courthouse at Bismarck, County of Burleigh, North Dakota, at the hour of Eleven (11) o'clock A. M. on the 16th day of March, A. D. 1923, to satisfy the amount due upon the said mortgage on the day of sale.

The premises described in such mortgage and which will be sold to satisfy the same are described as follows:

Southeast Quarter (SE 1/4) of Section Eighteen (Sec. 18) of Township One Hundred Forty-one (Twp. 141) north, of Range Seventy-seven (Rge. 77) west of 5th P. M.

There will be due on such mortgage on the date of sale the sum of Ninety-one and 80/100ths Dollars (\$91.80) together with the sum of Three Hundred Sixty-seven and 47/100ths Dollars (\$367.47) paid on account of accrued interest due on prior mortgage, and the sum of One Hundred Ninety-seven and 97/100ths Dollars (\$197.97) in taxes paid, and also the costs and disbursements of this sale.

AUGUST E. JOHNSON, Assignee of Mortgage.
H. G. HIGGINS, Atty.
Baldwin, N. Dak.
First publication in Bismarck Tribune on Wednesday, Feb. 7th, 1923.
2-7-14-21-28-3-7-14

Advertised Goods
Reach You Without Lost Motion

A BIG PART OF THE COST OF LIVING TODAY MAY
BE CHARGED TO LOST MOTION, TO SLOW,
SLIPSHOD DISTRIBUTION OF GOODS, AND
TO OLD-STYLE, WASTEFUL SELLING
METHODS.

For example, every year tons of fruits and vegetables
rot on the ground, because it doesn't pay to pick them.
Discouraged growers plant less the next season, and
the supply of food is reduced. Meanwhile, consumers
in the cities near by grumble over high prices. Demand
and supply are not brought together.

Contrast this with the handling of oranges. \$1,000,-
000 a year is spent for advertising by the co-operative
association of the California Fruit Growers. A large
sum; yet it is only about one-fifth of a cent per dozen—
one-sixtieth of a cent for each orange sold.

And this advertising has kept down the cost of
oranges. To quote an official of the Exchange:

"The cost of selling oranges and lemons through the
California Fruit Growers' Exchange is lower today than
it was ten years ago.

"In the twelve years since the first campaign was
launched the consumption of California oranges has
doubled. The American consumer has been taught by
co-operative advertising to eat nearly twice as many
oranges as before.

"Had the orange industry remained on the old basis,
there would have been no profit in growing oranges.
New acreage would not have been planted. Orchards
would most surely have been uprooted and other crops
planted."

Advertising, properly done, saves money for the con-
sumer and makes money for the producer by driving out
wasteful methods, increasing volume and cutting down
the costs of selling and distribution.

Published by the Bismarck Tribune, in co-operation
with The American Association of Advertising Agencies

J. NORDSTROM SUCCUMBS TO HEART ATTACK

Funeral Services Will Be
Held in Baldwin
Soon

John Nordstrom Sr., who dropped dead at Finney's Drug Store yesterday afternoon at 4:50 o'clock as a result of acute heart disease had left his home on D Street but a short time before to get some medicine to relieve a burning sensation in his chest. When he walked into the drug store he was met by his son-in-law, Hans Hanson, and mentioned to him shortly after he had seated himself at the fountain that he thought he was going to faint, and almost immediately keeled over in a death swoon.

The coroner was called and an inquest was held.

Mr. Nordstrom was born in Nederal, Sweden June 28, 1854 and was married in the spring of 1876 to Miss Angeline Johanson of the same place. They emigrated to America in 1883, locating in Bismarck where he lived for a number of years. Later he fled on a homestead nine miles east of Wilton where he lived for about ten years, then moved from there to Baldwin where he lived on a farm five miles east of the town and farmed until three years ago when he retired and moved to Bismarck.

He is survived by his wife and six children: Mrs. C. J. Eliason, Mrs. Hans Hanson, and Mrs. Swan Scamson of Bismarck; Mrs. Roland Bradshaw of Seattle, Wash.; John A. Nordstrom Jr. and Alvin Nordstrom of Baldwin.

During his life time Mr. Nordstrom was a devoted Christian. Funeral arrangements have not yet been completed, but interment will take place in the family lot in Baldwin as soon as train service can be obtained.

CHIEF OF POLICE RESTRAINED FROM STOPPING BOUTS

Chicago, Feb. 21.—Circuit Judge Ira Ryner today issued a restraining order enjoining Chief of Police F. J. Morris, Sheriff Peter Hoffman, Coroner Oscar Wolf and all other law officers and deputies from interfering with a boxing exhibition to be participated in tonight by Joe Durman of Chicago and Midgret Smith of New York.

KILLS THREE WHEN LOAN IS REFUSED

Dumas, Saskatchewan, Feb. 21.—Confession that he killed Jean Chauvin, Mrs. Chauvin and Marie Schmidt when he failed on a visit to their farm home to borrow \$30 last Friday was made by Victor Masson, police reported today. The alleged confession was to be presented today at an inquest. It declared that Masson took \$600 and fired the Chauvin home.

The confession related that Masson needed the \$30 to pay some bills, that when he went there he got into an argument, that Masson strangled Chauvin with a rope and crushed his skull, that Masson then went into the house and killed Mrs. Chauvin and Marie.

Fifth Blizzard Death Recorded

Fargo, Feb. 21.—North Dakota's fifth blizzard fatality was recorded when John P. Wolf, 31, farmer of Hankinson, N. D., died in a hospital at Breckenridge, Minn. from effects of freezing.

Wolf his wife, a son aged 7, and

ASPIRIN

Say "Bayer" and Insist!



Unless you set the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer product prescribed by physicians over twenty-two years and proved safe by millions for

Colds Headache
Toothache Lumbago
Earache Rheumatism
Neuralgia Pain, Pain

Accept "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" only. Each unbroken package contains proper directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell bottles of 24 and 100. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monocetate-cidester of Salicylicacid.

No Vacancies! This Landlady Rents Only To Families With Six Children



MRS. VINCENT E. GREGG, "THE LITTLE MOTHER OF LYNN."

By NEA Service

Lynn, Mass., Feb. 21.—Ordinarily it goes thus: "Any children?"

APPLICANT (meekly): "Yes, we have one."

LANDLORD: "I never take children."

But Lynn is setting a new example. Here it goes thus:

LANDLORD: "Any children?"

APPLICANT (meekly): "Sorry, but we have four."

LANDLORD: "Can't let you have the place. We never rent to families with less than six children."

Mrs. Vincent E. Gregg is responsible for the new plan. She has bought five houses and is negotiating for the purchase of others in order that the parents of large families may have homes. Rental advertisements of her properties state that families with less than six children need not apply.

Mrs. Gregg has won the name "the little mother of Lynn" through her work as head of the Lynn Neighborhood House, a gathering place for children from the city's melting pot district.

Recently, in connection with her daughter's, were lost Tuesday while driving to the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Klar on a farm across the line in South Dakota.

Mr. Wolf unhitched his horses and all four were found four hours later, huddled in the buggy, Wolf unconscious with arms and legs frozen and Mrs. Wolf with one arm frozen solid. It may be necessary to amputate it. The son's legs were slightly frozen while the baby was practically unharmed.

The trip of train service prevented hospital treatment until Saturday night.

CABINET CHANGE IN ENGLAND IS PREDICTED

London, Feb. 21.—Rumors of possible cabinet changes are discussed prominently in the morning newspapers but nowhere is there definite confirmation or indication much to suggest that they are more than speculative comments. In some quarters it is asserted that reconstruction of the government in the near future is quite unlikely.

Destruction of Seed Potato Crop Is Not Feared

Fargo, Feb. 21.—Destruction of the seed potato crop of North Dakota because of a lack of refrigerator cars to ship the products from the Red River valley was discounted here today by R. F. Gunkelman, a representative of North Dakota shipping interests on the regional advisory board.

Hunkelman's statement followed a statement from the chairman of the Minnesota railroad commission yesterday that unless there was relief the entire crop of Minnesota and Red River Valley potatoes would rot on the ground. He said the demand was limited and only a small amount was being shipped.

AMERICAN TO BE SOLD
Grand Forks, N. D., Feb. 21.—The property of the defunct Grand Forks American, former league daily, including one lot, a section of another and the building thereon on South Fourth St., was to be offered at sheriff's sale this afternoon to satisfy a judgment of \$25,389.92. The property would be sold if but one bid was made on it. It was said at the sheriff's office Saturday, but that in case no bids were received, the sale would be postponed and re-advertised to be held later.

work, she ran across the mother of a family of seven, discouraged and broken-hearted because she could not find a home. Landlords all looked upon her children as criminals, she said, and she had been turned away from place after place until, so weary that she could not tramp farther, she had given up in despair.

It set Mrs. Gregg to thinking. She began investing her money in houses and advertised for big-family tenants.

More than 100 persons answered her first ad. In the first three cottages she rented, the tenants had a total of 23 children.

"I receive letters almost every day—pathetic letters asking aid—from heads of households," Mrs. Gregg says.

"Landlords who turn children away from their houses are inhuman. It is a criminal practice which society must correct before its results are felt through out the nation."

Mrs. Gregg in 1907 founded the Neighborhood House in Lynn. It is a settlement house exclusively for children, who learn sewing, dressmaking and many other useful occupations. Last 1400 children of 34 nationalities attended the classes.

T. O. Haroldson and Ole Knutson, trustees, have the combined interests of several creditors placed in their hands for collection.

MOTHER! MOVE CHILD'S BOWELS

"California Fig Syrup" is
Child's Best Laxative



Hurry Mother! A teaspoonful of "California Fig Syrup" now will thoroughly clean the little bowels and in a few hours you have a well, playful child again. Even if cross, feverish, bilious, constipated or full of cold, children love its "fruity" taste, and mothers can rest easy because it never fails to work all the souring food and nasty bile right out of the stomach and bowels without griping or upsetting the child.

Tell your druggist you want only the genuine "California Fig Syrup" which has directions for babies and children of all ages printed on bottle. Mother, you must say "California." Refuse any imitation.

AUTO STORAGE
Day - Week - Month
Centrally Located
Steam Heated
Open Day and Night
ROHRER TAXI
LINE
Phone 57 119, 5th St.

LIVESTOCK IN GOOD SHAPE

Fact That Storm Not Preceded
By Open Weather
Helpful

The first half of February in the Northwest was marked by decidedly colder weather and occasional snows which have been much less than desired for grains in portions of western South Dakota and Montana. All farm activities were restricted and feeding of livestock general when the severe storm of the 13th and 14th set in. Reports from the Dakotas and Minnesota do not indicate any important livestock losses, as would have been likely had the storm been immediately preceded by open weather in the range areas. No report has been received from Montana but it is not likely that the situation there differs materially from that of the western Dakotas, says the report of the U. S. Bureau of Agricultural Economics, Grand Forks.

Minnesota reports no particular suffering to livestock as resulting from the storm, which is expected, however, to curtail the movement of the potato seed crop. Food and forage continue ample for Minnesota with more oats than usual being fed this year on account of the low farm price.

South Dakota reports its range stock in very good condition with a surplus of feed on hand. Snowfall in western South Dakota was reported very light with much of the area bare when the big storm came. Movement of farm crops for this state was reported negligible as was also the demand for farm labor.

PROPOSE TO BUY FERTILIZER FROM SOUTH AMERICA

Washington, Feb. 21.—Another measure for the stimulation of agriculture would get right of way in the house under a rule adopted

QUICK RELIEF FROM CONSTIPATION

Get Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

That is the joyful cry of thousands since Dr. Edwards produced Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel. Dr. Edwards, a practicing physician for 17 years and calomel's old-time enemy, discovered the formula for Olive Tablets while treating patients for chronic constipation and torpid livers.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets do not contain calomel, but a healing, soothing vegetable laxative.

No griping is the "keynote" of these little sugar-coated, olive-colored tablets. They cause the bowels and liver to act normally. They never force them to unnatural action.

If you have a "dark brown mouth"—bad breath—a dull, tired feeling—sick headache—torpid liver—constipation, you'll find quick, sure and pleasant results from one or two of Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets at bedtime.

Thousands take them every night just to keep right. Try them. 15c and 30c.

Denies Charges



Arthur Ballin, former investigator for the Burns detective agency, charged in a Chicago hearing, that many of the "red outrages" were staged by the Burns and other detective agencies for their own profit in "unsolving them." "All lies," says William J. Burns (shown above), head of the Burns agency and chief of the Bureau of Investigation, U. S. Department of Justice.

today by the rules committee. It is the senate resolution proposing purchase of \$10,000,000 worth of Chilean nitrate and calcium arsenate and their re-sale to the farmers at cost for use in connection with the 1923 and 1924 crops.

LIONS TAKE BIG HONORS

Lead in Bowling in Local
League Monday Night

The Lions took the honors at the local bowling alley Monday night when they cracked the pins for a total of 2661 and took two out of three games from the Night Hawks. The Nationals were going strong and grabbed three straight from the Capitals. Frank Patera of the Nationals was high man for three games with a total of 603 while J. Christensen of the Lions was high for a single game with 237.

Lions			
J. Christensen	191	237	169-597
Mike Schneider	186	222	188-591
L. Schneider	184	165	188-537
Dummy	150	150	150-450
Dummy	150	150	150-450
Handicap	12	12	36

Totals			
873	936	852	2661

Night Hawks			
Art. Bauer	139	173	154-466
L. Klein	168	172	175-515
Geo. Kontos	145	159	194-498
L. Shubert	112	175	200-487
A. Schneider	108	135	169-412
Handicap	30	30	90

Totals			
702	844	922	2448

Capitals			
Pat. Donahue	179	212	166-547
C. E. Thomas	194	121	165-480
C. White	153	169	155-477
Joe Patera	114	120	129-263
Geo. Smith	146	154	164-464
Handicap	30	30	90

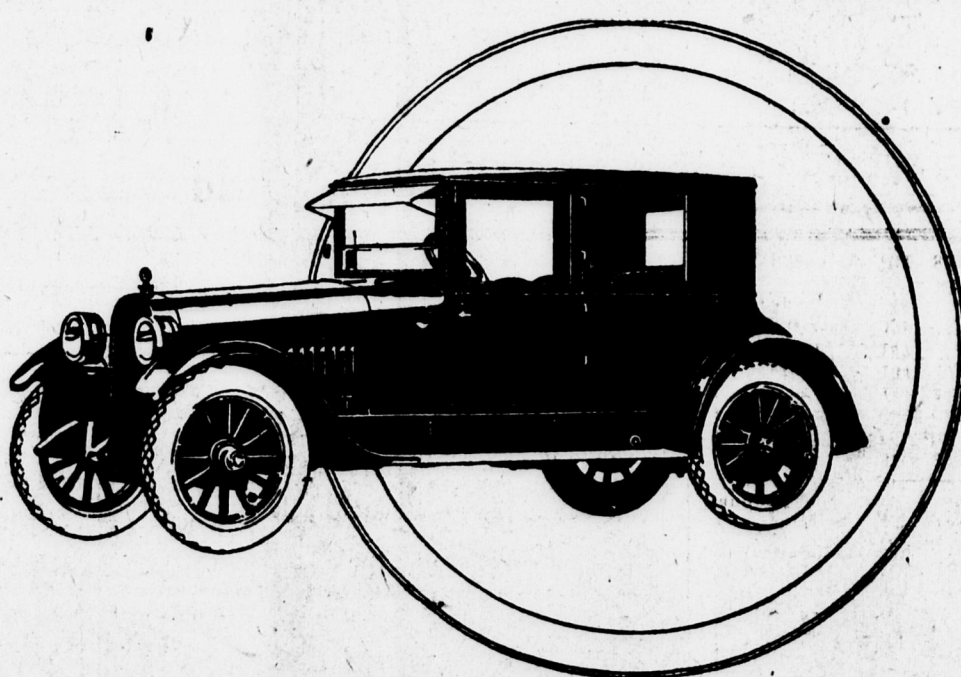
Totals			
816	806	799	2421

Nationals			
F. Patera	205	21	167-603
J. Roether	141	140	198-479
Joe Fetting	134	179	150-463
Dean Smith	147	131	122-400
Geo. Shubert	176	126	166-458
Handicap	44	34	102

Totals			
837	841	827	2505



The Blackstone
BILIARD PARLORS
116-5th Street
NOW OPEN
New equipment Throughout.
SOFT DRINKS, CIGARS, CANDY
TOBACCO, RECREATION,
CLEAN SPORT, GOOD EXERCISE.
COME IN!



An All-Season Family Car

In the Coach, Hudson for the first time made possible a closed car under \$2,000 on so great a chassis as the Super-Six.

By every proof—official records and the satisfaction of more than 140,000 owners—Hudson holds place among the few truly great cars.

With its superb mechanical excellence the Coach gives every essential closed car advantage at little more than open car cost.

R. B. LOUBEK MOTOR CO.
Distributors. Bismarck, N. D.

Hudson Coach \$1525

Freight and Tax Extra

Open Billiard Parlors on Fifth

Vossbeck and Bertsch have opened the Blackstone Billiard Parlors at 116 Fifth Street. Mr. Vossbeck will act as proprietor of the

shop. Tables and furnishings of the newest pattern and a marble soda fountain have been installed. Candy, tobacco, cigars, and tobacco will also be a part of the store's accommodation to the public.

When you feel you're
due for a real
bang-up smoke

Light a Harvester
De Luxe 15c

The Harvester Cigar is made by
Consolidated Cigar Corporation, New York
Distributed by
Winston Harper Fisher Co.
Minneapolis, Minn.



It Starts There

Meat which you buy does not originate in the packing houses.

Behind the packing houses and the stock yards are the millions of acres of land devoted to the raising of live stock and food for this live stock.

How live stock reaches the market; how it is purchased; how it is handled in its transformation into meat; and how this highly perishable product gets into the hands of retailers in every city and village, make an interesting story.

The handling of by-products also furnishes some interesting facts.

Hides, for example, are not bought by the ultimate consumer.

Glue is used by manufacturers of many articles.

Wool is of little use to the wearer of clothes until it is worked up into merchantable articles.

Just how Swift & Company handles meats and their attendant by-products is told in the new

Swift & Company 1923 Year Book
A copy is yours for the asking.
Address: Swift & Company,
Public Relations Dept.
U. S. Yards, Chicago

Swift & Company,
U. S. A.

A nation-wide organization owned by more than 45,000 shareholders



BASKET BALL Friday, Feb. 23.
8:15 Admission 50c

MANDAN VS. BISMARCK